

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

QORVO, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
SEE TABLE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRANTS

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

3674
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

46-5288992
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, North Carolina 27409
(336) 664-1233
(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Mark J. Murphy
Chief Financial Officer
7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, North Carolina 27409
(336) 664-1233
(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service)

Copy to:

Sudhir N. Shenoy, Esq.
Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP
301 S. College Street, Suite 3500
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202
(704) 331-4900

Approximate date of commencement of the proposed sale of the securities to the public: As soon as practicable after this registration statement becomes effective.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer)

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered	Amount to be registered	Proposed maximum offering price per unit	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price(1)	Amount of registration fee(2)
6.750% Senior Notes due 2023	\$450,000,000	100%	\$450,000,000	\$45,315
7.000% Senior Notes due 2025	\$550,000,000	100%	\$550,000,000	\$55,385
Guarantees of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023	—	—	—	(3)
Guarantees of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025	—	—	—	(3)
Total	\$1,000,000,000	100%	\$1,000,000,000	\$100,700

(1) This registration statement covers the maximum principal amount of notes of the Registrant that may be issued in connection with the exchange offer described herein.

(2) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457(f)(2) under the Securities Act of 1933.

(3) Pursuant to Rule 457(n) under the Securities Act of 1933, no separate registration fee is payable with respect to the guarantees registered hereby.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

TABLE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRANTS

Exact Name of Additional Registrants(1)	Primary Standard Industrial Classification Number	Jurisdiction of Formation	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
AMALFI SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.	3674	Delaware	71-0934814
PREMIER DEVICES—A SIRENZA COMPANY	3674	California	20-4277712
QORVO INTERNATIONAL HOLDING, INC.	3674	North Carolina	56-2180598
RFMD, LLC	3674	North Carolina	56-2212186
QORVO FLORIDA, INC.(2)	3674	Florida	59-1864440
QORVO CALIFORNIA, INC.(3)	3674	California	46-3270097
QORVO US, INC.	3674	Delaware	95-3654013
QORVO TEXAS, LLC(4)	3674	Texas	75-2740940
QORVO OREGON, INC.(5)	3674	Oregon	93-1062846

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated in a footnote to this table, the address of each additional registrant's principal executive office is 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, NC 27409, and the telephone number for each additional registrant is (336) 664-1233.
- (2) The address of Qorvo Florida, Inc. is 1818 S Hwy 441, Apopka, FL 32703, and its telephone number is (407) 886-8860.
- (3) The address of Qorvo California, Inc. is 950 Lawrence Drive, Thousand Oaks, CA 91320, and its telephone number is (805) 480-5099.
- (4) The address of Qorvo Texas, LLC is 500 Renner Road, Richardson, TX 75080, and its telephone number is (972) 994-8200.
- (5) The address of Qorvo Oregon, Inc. is 63140 Britta Street, C-106, Bend, OR 97701, and its telephone number is (541) 382-6706.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not complete the exchange offer and issue these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated July 20, 2016

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

\$1,000,000,000



OFFER TO EXCHANGE

**New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and Guarantees,
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933**

for

\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and Guarantees

**New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 and Guarantees,
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933**

for

\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 and Guarantees

The Exchange Offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time,

on _____, 2016, unless extended.

The Exchange Notes:

We are offering to exchange:

- New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the “new 2023 notes”) that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), for outstanding unregistered \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the “old 2023 notes” and, together with the new 2023 notes, the “2023 notes”).
- New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the “new 2025 notes” and, together with the new 2023 notes, the “new notes”) that have been registered under the Securities Act for outstanding unregistered \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the “old 2025 notes” and, together with the new 2025 notes, the “2025 notes;” and the old 2025 notes together with the old 2023 notes, the “old notes”).
- The terms of the new notes offered in the exchange offer are substantially identical to the terms of the old notes, except that the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act and certain transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes.

Material Terms of the Exchange Offer:

- The exchange offer expires at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2016, unless extended.
- Upon expiration of the exchange offer, all old notes that are validly tendered and not validly withdrawn will be exchanged for an equal principal amount of the new notes.
- You may withdraw tendered old notes at any time prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.
- The exchange offer is not subject to any minimum tender condition, but is subject to customary conditions.
- Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it may be a statutory underwriter and that it will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such new notes. The Letter of Transmittal accompanying this prospectus states that by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes where such old notes were acquired by such broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities.
- There is no existing public market for the old notes or the new notes. We do not intend to list the new notes on any securities exchange or quotation system.

Investing in the new notes involves risks. See “[Risk Factors](#)” beginning on page 8.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or the accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Prospectus dated _____, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY	1
RISK FACTORS	8
USE OF PROCEEDS	13
CONSOLIDATED RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES	14
THE EXCHANGE OFFER	15
DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW NOTES	24
BOOK ENTRY; DELIVERY AND FORM	70
MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS	73
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	74
LEGAL MATTERS	75
EXPERTS	75
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	76
INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE	76

No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus does not offer to sell or ask for offers to buy any securities other than those to which this prospectus relates and it does not constitute an offer to sell or ask for offers to buy any of the securities in any jurisdiction where any such offer is unlawful, where the person making such offer is not qualified to do so, or to any person who cannot legally be offered the securities.

This exchange offer is not being made to, nor will we accept surrenders for exchange from, holders of old notes in any jurisdiction in which this exchange offer or the acceptance thereof would not be in compliance with the securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdiction.

We have filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) a registration statement on Form S-4 with respect to the new notes. This prospectus, which forms part of the registration statement, does not contain all the information included in the registration statement, including its exhibits. Further, this prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about us by reference to other documents filed with the SEC. For further information about us and the notes described in this prospectus, as well as our business and financial information, you should refer to the registration statement, its exhibits, and the documents incorporated by reference herein. In addition, statements we make in this prospectus about certain contracts or other documents are not necessarily complete. When we make such statements, we refer you to the copies of the contracts or documents that are filed as exhibits to the registration statement, because those statements are qualified in all respects by reference to those exhibits. The registration statement, including the exhibits and schedules, as well as the other documents incorporated by reference herein, are available at the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov.

You may also obtain this information without charge by writing or telephoning us. See “Where You Can Find More Information” and “Incorporation by Reference” below.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the documents incorporated herein by reference, contains forward-looking statements that relate to our plans, objectives, representations and contentions, which statements are not historical facts and typically are identified by the use of terms such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “predict,” “potential,” “continue” and similar words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. Forward-looking statements represent management’s judgment and expectations at the time such statements are made, but our actual results, events and performance could differ materially from those statements included in this prospectus or in the documents incorporated herein by reference. We do not intend to update any of these forward-looking statements or publicly announce the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements, other than as is required under U.S. federal securities laws. Our business is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to (i) changes in business and economic conditions, including downturns in the semiconductor industry and/or the overall economy; (ii) the inability of certain of our customers or suppliers to access their traditional sources of credit; (iii) our industry’s rapidly changing technology and our ability to accurately predict market requirements and evolving industry standards in a timely manner; (iv) our dependence on a few large customers for a substantial portion of our revenue; (v) a loss of revenue if contracts with the U.S. government or defense and aerospace contractors are canceled or delayed; (vi) our ability to implement innovative technologies and shorten time-to-market for our products; (vii) our ability to continue to improve our product designs, develop and bring new products to market, and achieve design wins; (viii) the efficient and successful operation of our wafer fabrication facilities, assembly facilities, and test and tape and reel facilities; (ix) our ability to adjust product capacity in a timely fashion in response to changes in demand for our products; (x) variability in manufacturing yields and industry overcapacity; (xi) variability in raw material costs and availability of raw materials; (xii) our ability to achieve cost savings and improve yields and margins on our new and existing products; (xiii) inaccurate product forecasts by us, our customers, and/or our distributors and corresponding inventory and manufacturing costs; (xiv) dependence on third parties, including wafer foundries, wafer starting material suppliers, passive component manufacturers, assembly and packaging suppliers, and test and tape and reel suppliers; (xv) our ability to manage platform providers and customer relationships; (xvi) our dependence on international sales and operations; (xvii) currency fluctuations, tariffs, trade barriers, tax and export license requirements, and health and security issues associated with our foreign operations; (xviii) our ability to attract and retain skilled personnel and develop leaders for key business units and functions; (xix) the possibility that future acquisitions may dilute our stockholders’ ownership and cause us to incur debt and assume contingent liabilities; (xx) fluctuations in the price of our common stock; (xxi) our ability to procure, commercialize, and enforce intellectual property rights and to operate our business without infringing on the unlicensed intellectual property rights of others; (xxii) additional claims of infringement on our intellectual property portfolio; (xxiii) lawsuits and claims relating to our products; (xxiv) the risks associated with security breaches and other similar disruptions; (xxv) the impact of stringent environmental regulations; (xxvi) our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses, operations, product technologies, and personnel, as well as achieve expected synergies; and (xxvii) other factors relating to variability in our operating results. These and other risks and uncertainties, which are described in more detail under Item 1A, “Risk Factors” in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and in other reports and statements that we file with the SEC, could cause actual results and developments to be materially different from those expressed or implied by any of these forward-looking statements.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning the Company or other matters attributable to the Company or any person acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements above. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Please review “Risk Factors” in this prospectus and our SEC filings incorporated by reference in this prospectus for a discussion of the factors, risks and uncertainties that could affect our future results.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information from this prospectus and is therefore qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information appearing elsewhere, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus. It may not contain all the information that is important to you. We urge you to read carefully this entire prospectus and the other documents to which it refers to understand fully the terms of the new notes. All references in this prospectus to “Qorvo,” “the Company,” “our company,” “we,” “us,” “our,” and similar terms refer to Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

Our Business

We are a leading provider of technologies and solutions that address the growing demand for always-on, high reliability, broadband data connectivity. We combine one of the industry’s broadest portfolios of radio frequency solutions and semiconductor technologies with deep systems-level expertise and scale manufacturing capabilities to enable a diverse set of cutting-edge customer products, including smartphones, tablets, wearables, broadband customer premise equipment, home automation, in-vehicle infotainment, data center and military radar and communications. We have more than 7,300 global employees dedicated to delivering solutions for everything that connects the world. We have world-class ISO-certified manufacturing facilities, and our Richardson, Texas facility is a U.S. Department of Defense-accredited ‘Trusted Source’ (Category 1A) for gallium arsenide, gallium nitride and bulk acoustic wave technologies, products and services.

Company Information

We were incorporated in Delaware in 2013. Our principal executive office is located at 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, North Carolina 27409. Our telephone number is (336) 664-1233. Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol “QRVO.”

Recent Developments

On May 2, 2016, one of the original Subsidiary Guarantors, RF Micro Devices, Inc., merged with and into TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc. (“TriQuint”), another one of the original Subsidiary Guarantors. In connection with such merger, TriQuint, as the surviving entity, changed its name to Qorvo US, Inc. On the same day, certain of the other Subsidiary Guarantors also effected corporate name changes as follows (and remain Subsidiary Guarantors):

Subsidiary Guarantor	New Name of Subsidiary Guarantor
RF Micro Devices International, Inc.	Qorvo International Holding, Inc.
TriQuint, Inc.	Qorvo Florida, Inc.
TriQuint TFR, Inc.	Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC	Qorvo Texas, LLC
TriQuint CW, Inc.	Qorvo California, Inc.

Risk Factors

Our success in achieving our objectives and expectations is dependent upon, among other things, general economic conditions, competitive conditions and certain other factors that are specific to our company and/or the markets in which we operate. These factors are set forth in detail under the heading “Risk Factors” in this prospectus and under the caption “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 2, 2016. We encourage you to review carefully these risk factors and any other risk factors in our SEC filings that are incorporated herein by reference. Furthermore, this prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those

anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including, but not limited to, those factors under the headings “Risk Factors” and “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements.”

The Exchange Offer

Below is a summary of the material terms of the exchange offer. We are offering to exchange the new notes for the old notes. The terms of the new notes offered in the exchange offer are substantially identical to the terms of the old notes, except that the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act and certain transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes. For more information, see “The Exchange Offer,” which contains a more detailed description of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer.

Background

On November 19, 2015, we completed a private placement of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025. As part of that offering, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers of the old notes in which we agreed, among other things, to complete this exchange offer for the old notes.

Old Notes

\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 that have not been registered under the Securities Act.

\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 that have not been registered under the Securities Act.

New Notes

\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 that have been registered under the Securities Act.

\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 that have been registered under the Securities Act.

The Exchange Offer

We are offering to issue registered new notes in exchange for a like principal amount and like denomination of our unregistered old notes of the same series. We are offering to issue these registered new notes to satisfy our obligations under the registration rights agreement. You may tender your old notes for exchange by following the procedures described below and in the section entitled “The Exchange Offer” in this prospectus.

Expiration Date

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2016, unless we extend the exchange offer.

Procedures for Tendering

If you decide to exchange your old notes for new notes, you must acknowledge that you are not engaging in, and do not intend to engage in, a distribution of the new notes. To tender old notes, you must complete and sign the letter of transmittal accompanying this prospectus (the “Letter of Transmittal”) in accordance with the instructions contained in it and forward it by mail, email, facsimile or hand delivery, as applicable, together with any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal, to the exchange agent, either

with the old notes to be tendered or in compliance with the specified procedures for guaranteed delivery of old notes. Certain brokers, dealers, commercial banks, trust companies and other nominees may also effect tenders by book-entry transfer. Holders of old notes registered in the name of a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee are urged to contact such person promptly if they wish to tender old notes pursuant to the exchange offer. See “The Exchange Offer—Exchange Offer Procedures,” “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers” and “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.”

Withdrawal

You may withdraw any old notes that you tender for exchange at any time prior to the expiration of the exchange offer. See “The Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights.”

Acceptance of Old Notes for Exchange; Issuance of New Notes

Subject to certain conditions, we intend to accept for exchange any and all old notes that are properly tendered in the exchange offer before the expiration time. If we decide for any reason not to accept any old notes you have tendered for exchange, those old notes will be returned to you without cost promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer. The new notes will be delivered promptly after the expiration time. See “The Exchange Offer—Acceptance of Old Notes for Exchange; Delivery of New Notes Issued in the Exchange Offer.”

Conditions to the Exchange Offer

The exchange offer is subject to customary conditions, some of which we may waive in our sole discretion. The exchange offer is not conditioned upon any minimum principal amount of old notes being tendered for exchange. See “The Exchange Offer—Conditions to the Exchange Offer.”

Consequences of Exchanging Old Notes

Based on interpretations by the staff of the SEC, as detailed in a series of no-action letters issued by the SEC to third parties, we believe that you may offer for resale, resell or otherwise transfer the new notes that we issue in the exchange offer without complying with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act if you:

- acquire the new notes in the ordinary course of your business;
- are not participating, do not intend to participate and have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in a distribution of the new notes; and
- you are not an “affiliate” of Qorvo, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

If any of these conditions is not satisfied and you transfer any new notes issued to you in the exchange offer without delivering a proper prospectus or without qualifying for a registration exemption, you may incur liability under the Securities Act. We will not be responsible for or indemnify you against any liability you may incur.

Any broker-dealer that acquires new notes in the exchange offer for its own account in exchange for old notes which it acquired through market-making or other trading activities must acknowledge that it may be a statutory underwriter and that it will deliver a prospectus when it resells or transfers any new notes issued in the exchange offer. See “The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Exchanging Old Notes” and “Plan of Distribution.”

Consequences of Failure to Exchange Old Notes

All untendered old notes or old notes that are tendered but not accepted will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in the old notes and in the Indenture under which the old notes were issued. In general, you may offer or sell your old notes only if they are registered under, or offered or sold under an exemption from, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Other than in connection with the exchange offer, we do not anticipate that we will register the old notes under the Securities Act. If you do not participate in the exchange offer, the liquidity of your old notes could be adversely affected. See “The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Failure to Exchange Old Notes.”

Interest on Old Notes Exchanged in the Exchange Offer

On the record date for the first interest payment date for each series of new notes offered hereby following the consummation of the exchange offer, holders of such new notes will receive interest accruing from the most recent date to which interest has been paid.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Exchange Offer

You will not realize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of your exchange of old notes for new notes to be issued in the exchange offer. For additional information, see “Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.” You should consult your own tax advisor as to the tax consequences to you of the exchange offer, as well as tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the new notes.

Exchange Agent

MUFG Union Bank, N.A. is serving as the exchange agent in connection with the exchange offer. The address, email address and telephone and facsimile numbers of the exchange agent are listed in this prospectus. See “The Exchange Offer—The Exchange Agent.”

Use of Proceeds

We will not receive any proceeds from the issuance of new notes in the exchange offer. We will pay all expenses incident to the exchange offer. See “Use of Proceeds” and “The Exchange Offer—Fees and Expenses.”

The New Notes

The terms of the new notes are substantially identical to those of the old notes, except that the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions, registration rights, and additional interest provisions applicable to the old notes do not apply to the new notes. The new notes will evidence the same debt as the old notes and will be governed by the Indenture. Accordingly, the new 2023 notes and the old 2023 notes will be considered a single class of securities under the Indenture, and the new 2025 notes and the old 2025 notes

[Table of Contents](#)

will also be considered a single class of securities under the Indenture. A brief description of the material terms of the new notes follows. For a more complete description, see “Description of the New Notes.”

Issuer	Qorvo, Inc.
Notes Offered	<p>\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 that have been registered under the Securities Act.</p> <p>\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 that have been registered under the Securities Act.</p>
Maturity	<p>The new 2023 notes will mature on December 1, 2023.</p> <p>The new 2025 notes will mature on December 1, 2025.</p>
Interest Rates	<p>The new 2023 notes will bear interest at a rate of 6.750% per annum.</p> <p>The new 2025 notes will bear interest at a rate of 7.000% per annum.</p>
Guarantees	The new notes will be guaranteed, jointly, severally, fully and unconditionally (subject to certain customary release provisions), on a senior unsecured basis by our existing and future direct and indirect, 100%-owned, U.S. subsidiaries that guarantee the Company’s obligations under our existing revolving credit facility, or any other material credit facility. The guarantees of the new notes are referred to herein as the “new guarantees.” See “Description of the New Notes—The Subsidiary Guarantors,” “Description of the New Notes—Subsidiary Guarantees” and “Description of the New Notes—Certain Covenants—Future Subsidiary Guarantors.”
Ranking	The new notes and the new guarantees will be our and the guarantors’ respective, senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our and the guarantors’ present and future senior debt, including the obligations under our existing revolving credit facility, senior in right of payment to our and the guarantors’ present and future subordinated debt, and effectively subordinated in right of payment to any of our and the guarantors’ secured debt, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt. The new notes will be structurally subordinated to all of the liabilities of our existing and future subsidiaries that do not guarantee the new notes, to the extent of the assets of those subsidiaries. See “Description of the New Notes—Ranking.”
Optional Redemption	We will have the option to redeem some or all of the new 2023 notes at any time on or after December 1, 2018 at the redemption prices specified under “Description of the New Notes—Optional Redemption,” plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. We will also have the option to redeem some or all of the new 2023 notes at any time before December 1, 2018 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the new 2023 notes to be redeemed, plus a “make-whole” premium and accrued and unpaid

interest, if any, to the date of redemption. In addition, at any time before December 1, 2018, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes at a redemption price of 106.750% of the principal amount of such 2023 notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption, with the proceeds from certain equity issuances. See “Description of the New Notes—Optional Redemption.”

We will have the option to redeem some or all of the new 2025 notes at any time on or after December 1, 2020, at redemption prices specified under “Description of the New Notes—Optional Redemption,” plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. We will also have the option to redeem some or all of the new 2025 notes at any time before December 1, 2020 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the new 2025 notes to be redeemed, plus a “make-whole” premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. In addition, at any time before December 1, 2018, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2025 notes at a redemption price of 107.000% of the principal amount of such 2025 notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption, with the proceeds from certain equity issuances. See “Description of Notes—Optional Redemption.”

Change of Control Offer

If we experience specific kinds of changes of control, we may be required to offer to repurchase all of the new notes at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date. See “Description of the New Notes—Change of Control.”

Asset Sales

If we sell certain assets, under certain circumstances we may be required to offer to purchase the new notes at 100% of their aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase. See “Description of the New Notes—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock.”

Certain Covenants

The Indenture contains covenants that limit, among other things, our ability and the ability of some of our subsidiaries to:

- incur additional debt;
- pay dividends, make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock;
- prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt;
- make loans and investments;
- sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of assets;
- incur or permit to exist certain liens;
- enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates;

- enter into agreements restricting our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends; and
- consolidate, amalgamate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets.

Form and Denominations

We will issue the new notes in fully registered form, in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. Each of the new notes will be represented by one or more global notes registered in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). You will hold a beneficial interest in one or more of the new notes through DTC, and DTC and its direct and indirect participants will record your beneficial interest in their books. Except under limited circumstances, we will not issue certificated new notes.

Trustee

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

Consolidated Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

The following table contains our and our subsidiaries' consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated.

	Year Ended				
	April 2, 2016	March 28, 2015	March 29, 2014	March 30, 2013	March 31, 2012
Consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges	N/A	23.4x	3.0x	N/A	2.0x

Earnings for the fiscal years ended April 2, 2016 and March 31, 2013 were inadequate to cover fixed charges by approximately \$6.2 million and \$26.0 million, respectively. See "Consolidated Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges" for additional information regarding how the ratio was computed.

RISK FACTORS

We have included discussions of cautionary factors describing risks relating to our business and an investment in our securities in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 2, 2016, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Additional risks related to the new notes are described in this prospectus. Before tendering old notes in the exchange offer, you should carefully consider the risk factors we describe in this prospectus and in any report incorporated by reference into this prospectus, including our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K or subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Any or all of these risk factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and/or financial condition and thus cause the value of the notes to decline. Furthermore, although we discuss key risks in the following risk factor descriptions, additional risks not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may impair our business. Our subsequent filings with the SEC may contain amended and updated discussions of significant risks. We cannot predict future risks or estimate the extent to which they may affect our financial performance.

Risks Related to the New Notes

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to service all of our debt, including the new notes, and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our debt, which may not be successful.

Our ability to make scheduled payments on or to refinance our debt obligations, including the new notes, and to fund working capital, capital expenditures and planned expansion efforts and any strategic alliances or acquisitions we may make in the future depends on our ability to generate cash in the future and our financial condition and operating performance, which are subject to prevailing economic and competitive conditions and to certain financial, business and other factors beyond our control. We cannot assure you that we will maintain a level of cash flows from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our debt, including the new notes.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay investments and capital expenditures, or to sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our debt, including the new notes. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. If our operating results and available cash are insufficient to meet our debt service obligations, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to dispose of material assets or operations to meet our debt service and other obligations. We may not be able to consummate those dispositions or to obtain the proceeds sought from them, and these proceeds may not be adequate to meet any debt service obligations then due. Additionally, the agreements governing our revolving credit facility and the Indenture limit the use of the proceeds from any disposition; as a result, we may not be allowed, under these documents, to use proceeds from such dispositions to satisfy our debt service obligations. Further, we may need to refinance all or a portion of our debt on or before maturity, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our debt on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

The agreements and instruments governing our debt impose restrictions that may limit our operating and financial flexibility.

The credit agreement governing our existing revolving credit facility and the Indenture contain a number of significant restrictions and covenants that limit our ability to:

- incur additional debt;
- pay dividends, make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock;
- prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt;
- make loans and investments;

Table of Contents

- sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of assets;
- incur or permit to exist certain liens;
- enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates;
- enter into agreements restricting our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends; and
- consolidate, amalgamate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets.

These covenants could have the effect of limiting our flexibility in planning for or reacting to changes in our business and the markets in which we compete. In addition, our existing revolving credit facility requires us to comply with certain financial maintenance covenants. Operating results below current levels or other adverse factors, including a significant increase in interest rates, could result in our being unable to comply with the financial covenants contained in our existing revolving credit facility. If we violate covenants under our existing revolving credit facility and are unable to obtain a waiver from our lenders, our debt under our existing revolving credit facility would be in default and could be accelerated by our lenders. Because of cross-default provisions in the agreements and instruments governing our debt, a default under one agreement or instrument could result in a default under, and the acceleration of, our other debt. If our debt is accelerated, we may not be able to repay our debt or borrow sufficient funds to refinance it. Even if we are able to obtain new financing, it may not be on commercially reasonable terms, on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. If our debt is in default for any reason, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In addition, complying with these covenants may also cause us to take actions that are not favorable to holders of the new notes and may make it more difficult for us to successfully execute our business strategy and compete against companies that are not subject to such restrictions.

Our debt could adversely affect our financial health and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under the new notes.

As of April 2, 2016, we had outstanding debt of approximately \$988.1 million and we had an additional \$299.5 million of availability under our existing revolving credit facility. Our debt could have important consequences to you. For example, it could:

- make it more difficult for us to satisfy our debt obligations, including with respect to the new notes;
- increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions, including interest rate fluctuations, because a portion of our borrowings will be at variable rates of interest;
- require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our debt, thereby reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, joint ventures and investments and other general corporate purposes;
- limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the markets in which we participate;
- limit our ability to obtain additional debt or equity financing due to applicable financial and restrictive covenants in our debt agreements;
- place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that may have less debt; and
- limit our ability to borrow additional funds.

We expect to pay expenses and to pay principal and interest on current and future debt from cash provided by operating activities. Therefore, our ability to meet these payment obligations will depend on future financial performance and cash availability, which is subject in part to numerous economic, business and financial factors beyond our control. If our cash flow and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay expansion plans and capital expenditures, sell material assets or operations, obtain additional capital or restructure our debt.

[Table of Contents](#)

Despite our debt levels, we and our subsidiaries may still incur significant additional debt. Incurring more debt could increase the risks associated with our substantial debt.

We and our subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial additional debt, including secured debt, in the future. The terms of the Indenture and our existing revolving credit agreement restrict, but do not completely prohibit, us from doing so. As of April 2, 2016, we had approximately \$299.5 million of undrawn availability under our existing revolving credit facility. In addition, the Indenture allows us to issue additional notes under certain circumstances, which will also be guaranteed by the guarantors. The Indenture also allows us to incur certain secured debt. The Indenture allows our non-guarantor subsidiaries, which includes our foreign subsidiaries, to incur additional debt, which debt (as well as other liabilities at any such subsidiary) would be structurally senior to the new notes. In addition, the Indenture does not prevent us from incurring certain other liabilities that do not constitute indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture). If new debt or other liabilities are added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we and our subsidiaries now face could intensify.

The new notes will be structurally subordinated to all debt of our existing and future subsidiaries that do not guarantee the new notes.

You will not have any claim as a creditor against any of our existing or future subsidiaries that do not guarantee the new notes. Debt and other liabilities, including trade payables, whether secured or unsecured, of those subsidiaries will be structurally senior to your claims against those subsidiaries. In addition, the credit agreement governing our existing revolving credit facility, and the Indenture, subject to some limitations, permit these subsidiaries to incur additional debt and do not contain any limitation on the amount of other liabilities, such as trade payables, that may be incurred by these subsidiaries. As of April 2, 2016, our non-guarantor subsidiaries had approximately \$189.6 million of total liabilities (excluding intercompany transactions) which would have been structurally senior to the new notes and the new guarantees.

The new notes and the new guarantees will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured debt.

As of April 2, 2016, we had no outstanding secured debt. Our existing revolving credit facility and the Indenture allow us to incur certain secured debt. Obligations in respect of such secured debt will be effectively senior in right of payment to all of our and the guarantors' obligations under the new notes and the new guarantees to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such debt. In the event of a bankruptcy, claims by the holders of the new notes will, therefore, be effectively junior to claims by our creditors under such secured debt to the extent of the realizable value of the collateral securing such debt.

Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void guarantees and require note holders to return payments received from guarantors.

The new notes initially will be guaranteed by certain of our 100%-owned domestic subsidiaries. Under the federal bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, a guarantee could be voided, or claims in respect of a guarantee could be subordinated to all other debts of that guarantor if, among other things, the guarantor, at the time it incurred the debt evidenced by its guarantee:

- received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for the incurrence of the guarantee; and
- was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of the incurrence of the guarantee; or
- was engaged in a business or transaction for which the guarantor's remaining assets constituted unreasonably small capital; or
- intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay those debts as they mature.

In addition, any payment by that guarantor pursuant to its guarantee could be voided and required to be returned to the guarantor, or to a fund for the benefit of the creditors of the guarantor.

Table of Contents

The measures of insolvency for purposes of these fraudulent transfer laws will vary depending upon the law applied in any proceeding to determine whether a fraudulent transfer has occurred. Generally, however, a guarantor would be considered insolvent if:

- the sum of its debts, including contingent liabilities, was greater than the fair saleable value of all of its assets;
- the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing debts, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or
- it could not pay its debts as they become due.

We may not be able to repurchase the new notes upon a change of control or pursuant to an asset sale offer, which would result in a default under the Indenture and would adversely affect our business and financial condition.

Upon a change of control, as defined under the Indenture, the holders of new notes will have the right to require us to offer to purchase all of the new notes then outstanding at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. The source of funds for any such purchase of the new notes will be our available cash or cash generated from operations or other sources, including borrowings, sales of assets or sales of equity. We may not be able to repurchase the new notes upon a change of control because we may not have sufficient financial resources, including the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms or at all, to purchase all of the new notes that are tendered upon a change of control. Our failure to offer to purchase all outstanding new notes or to purchase all validly tendered new notes would be an event of default under the Indenture. Such an event of default may cause the acceleration of our other debt. Our other debt also may contain restrictions on repayment requirements with respect to specified events or transactions that constitute a change of control under the Indenture.

In addition, in certain circumstances specified in the Indenture, we will be required to commence an Offer to Purchase (as defined in the Indenture) pursuant to which we must repay senior debt or make an offer to purchase a principal amount of the notes equal to the Excess Proceeds (as defined in the Indenture). The purchase price of the new notes will be 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Our other debt may contain restrictions that would limit or prohibit us from completing any such Offer to Purchase. Our failure to purchase any such new notes when required under the Indenture would be an event of default under the Indenture.

An active trading market may not develop for the new notes.

The new notes are a new issue of securities for which there is no established trading market. We do not intend to apply for listing of the new notes of either series on any U.S. securities exchange or for quotation through an automated dealer quotation system. The liquidity of the trading market in the new notes of each series and the market prices quoted for the new notes of each series may be adversely affected by changes in the overall market for these types of securities and by changes in our financial performance or prospects or in the prospects for companies in our industry generally. As a consequence, an active trading market may not develop for the new notes of either series, you may not be able to sell the new notes of either series, or, even if you can sell the new notes of such series, you may not be able to sell them at an acceptable price.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to the new notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the new notes to decline.

Our debt currently has a non-investment grade rating, and there can be no assurance that any rating assigned by the rating agencies will remain for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered or withdrawn

entirely by a rating agency, if in that rating agency's judgment, future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes, so warrant. Any lowering or withdrawal of a rating by a rating agency could reduce the liquidity or market value of the new notes.

Risks Related to the Exchange Offer

Old notes that are not tendered in the exchange offer will continue to be subject to restrictions on transfer and you may have difficulty selling any old notes not exchanged.

If you do not exchange your old notes for new notes in the exchange offer, you will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer of your old notes as described in the legend on the global notes representing the old notes. There are restrictions on transfer of your old notes because we issued the old notes under an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. In general, you may offer or sell the old notes only if they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws or offered and sold under an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, such registration requirements. We do not intend to register any old notes not tendered in the exchange offer, and upon consummation of the exchange offer, you will not be entitled to any rights to have your untendered old notes registered under the Securities Act. In addition, the trading market for the remaining old notes will be adversely affected depending on the extent to which old notes are tendered and accepted in the exchange offer.

Some holders may need to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act.

In general, if you exchange your old notes in the exchange offer for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the new notes, you may be an underwriter and be deemed to have received restricted securities, in which case you will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction. Any broker-dealer that (1) exchanges its old notes in the exchange offer for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the new notes or (2) resells new notes that were received by it for its own account in the exchange offer may also be deemed to have received restricted securities and will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction by that broker-dealer and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus. Any profit on the resale of the new notes and any commission or concessions received by a broker-dealer may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act.

You must comply with the exchange offer procedures to receive new notes.

We will issue the new notes in exchange for your old notes only if you tender the old notes in compliance with the procedures set forth in "The Exchange Offer—Exchange Offer Procedures." Such procedures require that you deliver a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal, or transmit an "agent's message," and deliver other required documents before expiration of the exchange offer. You should allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery of the necessary documents. Neither the exchange agent nor we are under any duty to give notification of defects or irregularities with respect to the tenders of old notes for exchange. If you are the beneficial holder of old notes that are registered in the name of your broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee, and you wish to tender in the exchange offer, you should promptly contact the person in whose name your old notes are registered and instruct that person to tender on your behalf. Old notes that are not tendered or that are tendered but not accepted by us for exchange will, following consummation of the exchange offer, continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions under the Securities Act, and upon consummation of the exchange offer, certain registration and other rights under the registration rights agreement will terminate. See "The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Failure to Exchange Old Notes."

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive proceeds from the issuance of the new notes offered hereby. In consideration for issuing the new notes in exchange for old notes as described in this prospectus, we will receive old notes of like principal amount. The old notes surrendered in exchange for the new notes will be retired and canceled.

CONSOLIDATED RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table contains our consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated.

	<u>April 2,</u>	<u>March 28,</u>	<u>Year Ended</u>	<u>March 30,</u>	<u>March 31,</u>
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>March 29,</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
			<u>2014</u>		
Consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges	N/A	23.4x	3.0x	N/A	2.0x

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges was computed by dividing earnings by fixed charges. For this purpose, fixed charges means the sum of interest expensed and capitalized; amortized discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness; and an estimate of the interest within rental expense. For this purpose, earnings means (i) the sum of pre-tax income from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity investees, fixed charges, amortization of capitalized interest less (ii) interest capitalized. Earnings for the fiscal years ended April 2, 2016 and March 31, 2013 were inadequate to cover fixed charges by approximately \$6.2 million and \$26.0 million, respectively.

THE EXCHANGE OFFER

General

When we issued the old notes on November 19, 2015, we entered into a registration rights agreement among us, as issuer, certain of our subsidiaries, as guarantors, and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as representative of the initial purchasers (the “Registration Rights Agreement”). Under the Registration Rights Agreement, we agreed to:

- file a registration statement (the “Exchange Offer Registration Statement”) with the SEC with respect to the exchange offer, to exchange the new notes for the old notes;
- use commercially reasonable efforts to consummate the exchange offer on or prior to November 13, 2016, or the following business day in the event such date is not a business day; and
- keep the exchange offer open for at least 20 business days.

For each old note validly tendered pursuant to the exchange offer and not validly withdrawn by the holder thereof, the holder of such old note will receive in exchange a new note having a principal amount equal to that of the tendered old note. Interest on each new note will accrue from the last interest payment date on which interest was paid on the old notes exchanged therefor or, if no interest has been paid on the old notes, from the date of the original issue of the old notes.

Shelf Registration

If the exchange offer is not consummated, under certain circumstances and within specified time periods provided for in the Registration Rights Agreement, we are required to use commercially reasonable efforts to promptly file a shelf registration statement (the “Shelf Registration Statement”) covering resales of the old notes and related guarantees and to cause the Shelf Registration Statement to be declared effective. In such instance, we would be required to use commercially reasonable efforts to keep the Shelf Registration Statement continuously effective, supplemented and amended until the earlier of one year following the effective date of the Shelf Registration Statement or the date when all of the old notes and related guarantees covered by the Shelf Registration Statement have been sold pursuant to the Shelf Registration Statement.

Additional Interest on Old Notes

Subject to certain limitations, we will be required to pay the holders of the old notes additional interest (as determined in accordance with the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement) on the old notes if:

- the exchange offer is not consummated on or prior to November 13, 2016 or the following business day in the event such date is not a business day;
- we fail to file any Shelf Registration Statement required by the Registration Rights Agreement on or before the date specified for such filing;
- any such Shelf Registration Statement is not declared effective by the SEC (or become effective automatically) on or prior to the date specified for such effectiveness; or
- any such Shelf Registration Statement is declared effective but thereafter ceases to be effective during specified time periods.

If we fail to meet these targets (each, a “registration default”), as applicable, the annual interest rate on the old notes will increase by 0.25%. The annual interest rate on the old notes will increase by an additional 0.25% for each subsequent 90-day period during which the registration default continues, up to a maximum additional interest rate of 1.0% per year. If we cure the registration default, the interest rate on the old notes will revert to the original level.

[Table of Contents](#)

This summary of the provisions of the Registration Rights Agreement does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the complete text of the Registration Rights Agreement, a copy of which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

Terms of the Exchange Offer

This prospectus and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal together constitute the exchange offer. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this prospectus and in the Letter of Transmittal, we will accept for exchange old notes that are properly tendered and not withdrawn on or before the expiration date of the exchange offer. We have agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to keep the exchange offer open for at least 20 business days from the date notice of the exchange offer is mailed or sent to holders of the old notes. The expiration date of this exchange offer is 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2016, or such later date and time to which we, in our sole discretion, extend the exchange offer.

The form and terms of the new notes being issued in the exchange offer are the same as the form and terms of the old notes, except that the new notes being issued in the exchange offer:

- will have been registered under the Securities Act;
- will not bear the restrictive legends restricting their transfer under the Securities Act that are contained in the old notes; and
- will not contain the registration rights and additional interest provisions that apply to the old notes.

We expressly reserve the right, in our sole discretion:

- to extend the expiration date;
- to delay accepting any old notes due to any extension, if applicable, of the exchange offer;
- to terminate the exchange offer and not accept any old notes for exchange if any of the conditions set forth below under “—Conditions to the Exchange Offer” have not been satisfied; and
- to amend the exchange offer in any manner.

We will give written notice of any extension, delay, termination, non-acceptance or amendment as promptly as practicable by a public announcement, and in the case of an extension, no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day after the previously scheduled expiration date. During an extension, all old notes previously tendered will remain subject to the exchange offer and may be accepted for exchange by us. Any old notes not accepted for exchange for any reason will be returned without cost to the holder that tendered them promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

Exchange Offer Procedures

When the holder of old notes tenders and we accept old notes for exchange, a binding agreement between us and the tendering holder is created, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this prospectus and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal. Except as set forth below, a holder of old notes who wishes to tender old notes for exchange must, on or prior to the expiration date of the exchange offer:

- transmit a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal, including all other documents required by such Letter of Transmittal, to MUFG Union Bank, N.A., the exchange agent, at the address set forth under the heading “—The Exchange Agent” below; or
- if old notes are tendered pursuant to the book-entry procedures set forth below, the tendering holder must transmit an Agent’s Message (as defined below) to the exchange agent at the address set forth under the heading “—The Exchange Agent” below.

[Table of Contents](#)

In addition, either:

- the exchange agent must receive the certificates for the old notes and the Letter of Transmittal;
- the exchange agent must receive, prior to the expiration date, a timely confirmation of the book-entry transfer of the old notes being tendered into the exchange agent's account at DTC, along with the Letter of Transmittal or an Agent's Message; or
- the holder must comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures described under the heading "—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures" below.

The term "Agent's Message" means a message, transmitted by DTC to and received by the exchange agent and forming a part of a book-entry transfer, referred to as a "Book-Entry Confirmation," which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgment that the tendering holder agrees to be bound by the Letter of Transmittal and that we may enforce the Letter of Transmittal against such holder.

The method of delivery of the old notes, the Letters of Transmittal and all other required documents is at the election and risk of the holder. If such delivery is by mail, we recommend registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested. In all cases, you should allow sufficient time to assure timely delivery. No Letters of Transmittal or old notes should be sent directly to us.

Signatures on a Letter of Transmittal or a notice of withdrawal, as the case may be, must be guaranteed unless the old notes surrendered for exchange are tendered:

- by a holder of old notes who has not completed the box entitled "Special Issuance Instructions" or "Special Delivery Instructions" on the Letter of Transmittal; or
- for the account of an eligible institution.

An "eligible institution" is a firm which is a member of a registered national securities exchange or a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States or an "eligible guarantor institution" within the meaning of Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

If signatures on a Letter of Transmittal or notice of withdrawal are required to be guaranteed, the guarantor must be an eligible institution. If old notes are registered in the name of a person other than the signer of the Letter of Transmittal, the old notes surrendered for exchange must be endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer or exchange, in satisfactory form as determined by us in our sole discretion, duly executed by the registered holder with the holder's signature guaranteed by an eligible institution.

We will determine all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility, including time of receipt, and acceptance of old notes tendered for exchange in our sole discretion. Our determination will be final and binding. We reserve the absolute right to:

- reject any and all tenders of any old note improperly tendered;
- refuse to accept any old note if, in our judgment or the judgment of our counsel, acceptance of the old note may be deemed unlawful; and
- waive any defects or irregularities or conditions of the exchange offer as to any particular old note either before or after the expiration date, including the right to waive the ineligibility of any class of holder who seeks to tender old notes in the exchange offer.

Our interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer as to any particular old notes either before or after the expiration date, including the Letter of Transmittal and the instructions related thereto, will be final and binding on all parties. Holders must cure any defects and irregularities in connection with tenders of old

[Table of Contents](#)

notes for exchange within such reasonable period of time as we will determine, unless we waive such defects or irregularities. Neither we, the exchange agent nor any other person will be under any duty to give notification of any defect or irregularity with respect to any tender of old notes for exchange, nor will any such persons incur any liability for failure to give such notification.

If a person or persons other than the registered holder or holders of the old notes tendered for exchange signs the Letter of Transmittal, the tendered old notes must be endorsed or accompanied by appropriate powers of attorney, in either case signed exactly as the name or names of the registered holder or holders that appear on the old notes.

If trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity sign the Letter of Transmittal or any old notes or any power of attorney, such persons should so indicate when signing and must submit proper evidence satisfactory to us of such person's authority to so act unless we waive this requirement.

By tendering old notes, each holder will represent to us that, among other things, the person acquiring new notes in the exchange offer is acquiring them in the ordinary course of its business, whether or not such person is the holder, and that neither the holder nor such other person has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the new notes. If any holder or any such other person is an "affiliate" of ours or any subsidiary guarantor as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, or is engaged in or intends to engage in or has an arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in a distribution of the new notes, such holder or any such other person:

- may not rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC as set forth in no-action letters issued to third parties; and
- must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes, where such old notes were acquired by such broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, must acknowledge that it may be a statutory underwriter and that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such new notes. The Letter of Transmittal states that by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act.

Acceptance of Old Notes for Exchange; Delivery of New Notes Issued in the Exchange Offer

Upon satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the exchange offer, we will accept, promptly after the expiration date, all old notes properly tendered and will issue new notes registered under the Securities Act. For purposes of the exchange offer, we will be deemed to have accepted properly tendered old notes for exchange when, as and if we have given oral or written notice to the exchange agent, with written confirmation of any oral notice to be given promptly thereafter. See "—Conditions to the Exchange Offer" below for a discussion of the conditions that must be satisfied before we accept any old notes for exchange.

For each old note accepted for exchange, the holder will receive a new note registered under the Securities Act having a principal amount equal to, and in the denomination of, that of the surrendered old note. Accordingly, registered holders of new notes on the relevant record date for the first interest payment date following the consummation of the exchange offer will receive interest accruing from the most recent date to which interest has been paid. Old notes that we accept for exchange will cease to accrue interest from and after the date of consummation of the exchange offer. Under the Registration Rights Agreement, we may be required to make additional payments in the form of additional interest to the holders of the old notes under circumstances relating to the timing of the exchange offer, as discussed under "—Additional Interest on Old Notes" above.

Table of Contents

In all cases, we will issue new notes in the exchange offer for old notes that are accepted for exchange only after the exchange agent timely receives:

- certificates for such old notes or a timely Book-Entry Confirmation of such old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC;
- a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal or an Agent's Message; and
- all other required documents.

If for any reason set forth in the terms and conditions of the exchange offer we do not accept any tendered old notes, or if a holder submits old notes for a greater principal amount than the holder desires to exchange, we will promptly return such unaccepted or non-exchanged old notes without cost to the tendering holder. In the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent's account at DTC, such non-exchanged old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC. We will return the old notes or have them credited to DTC promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

Book-Entry Transfers

The exchange agent will make a request to establish an account at DTC for purposes of the exchange offer within two business days after the date of this prospectus. Any financial institution that is a participant in DTC's system must make book-entry delivery of old notes denominated in dollars by causing DTC to transfer the old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC in accordance with DTC's procedures for transfer. Such participant should transmit its acceptance to DTC on or prior to the expiration date or comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures described below. DTC will verify such acceptance, execute a book-entry transfer of the tendered old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC and then send to the exchange agent confirmation of such book-entry transfer. The confirmation of such book-entry transfer will include an Agent's Message confirming that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from such participant that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by the Letter of Transmittal and that we may enforce the Letter of Transmittal against such participant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Letter of Transmittal or facsimile thereof or an Agent's Message, with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents, must:

- be transmitted to and received by the exchange agent at the address set forth below under the heading "—The Exchange Agent" on or prior to the expiration date; or
- comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures described below.

Guaranteed Delivery Procedures

If a holder of old notes desires to tender such notes and the holder's old notes are not immediately available, or time will not permit such holder's old notes or other required documents to reach the exchange agent before the expiration date, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, a tender may be effected if:

- the holder tenders the old notes through an eligible institution;
- prior to the expiration date, the exchange agent receives from such eligible institution a properly completed and duly executed notice of guaranteed delivery, substantially in the form we have provided, by email or facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery, as applicable, setting forth the name and address of the holder of the old notes being tendered and the amount of the old notes being tendered. The notice of guaranteed delivery will state that the tender is being made and guarantee that within three business days after the date of execution of the notice of guaranteed delivery, the certificates for all physically tendered old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, as the case may be, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal or Agent's Message with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal will be deposited by the eligible institution with the exchange agent; and

[Table of Contents](#)

- the exchange agent receives the certificates for all physically tendered old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, as the case may be, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal or Agent’s Message with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal, within three business trading days after the date of execution of the notice of guaranteed delivery.

Withdrawal Rights

You may withdraw tenders of your old notes at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. For a withdrawal to be effective, you must send a written notice of withdrawal to the exchange agent at the address set forth under the heading “—The Exchange Agent” below. Any such notice of withdrawal must:

- specify the name of the person who tendered the old notes to be withdrawn;
- identify the old notes to be withdrawn, including the principal amount of such old notes; and
- where certificates for old notes are transmitted, specify the name in which old notes are registered, if different from that of the withdrawing holder.

If certificates for old notes have been delivered or otherwise identified to the exchange agent, then, prior to the release of such certificates, the withdrawing holder must also submit the serial numbers of the particular certificates to be withdrawn and a signed notice of withdrawal with signatures guaranteed by an eligible institution unless such holder is an eligible institution. If old notes have been tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer described above, any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at DTC to be credited with the withdrawn old notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of such facility. We will determine all questions as to the validity, form and eligibility, including time of receipt, of such notices, and our determination will be final and binding on all parties. Any tendered old notes so withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the exchange offer. Any old notes which have been tendered for exchange but which are not exchanged for any reason will be promptly returned to the holder of those old notes without cost to the holder. In the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent’s account at DTC, the old notes withdrawn will be credited to an account maintained with DTC for the old notes. The old notes will be returned or credited to this account as soon as practicable after withdrawal or rejection of tender or promptly after termination of the exchange offer. Properly withdrawn old notes may be re-tendered by following one of the procedures described above under the heading “—Exchange Offer Procedures” at any time on or prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

Conditions to the Exchange Offer

We are not required to accept for exchange, or to issue new notes in the exchange offer for, any old notes. We may terminate or amend the exchange offer at any time before the expiration date if:

- the exchange offer would violate any applicable federal law, statute, rule or regulation or any applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC;
- any action or proceeding is instituted or threatened in any court or by or before any governmental agency challenging the exchange offer or that we believe might be expected to prohibit or materially impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer;
- any stop order is threatened or in effect with respect to either (1) the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part or (2) the qualification of the indenture governing the new notes under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “Trust Indenture Act”);
- any law, rule or regulation is enacted, adopted, proposed or interpreted that we believe might be expected to prohibit or impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer or to materially impair the ability of holders generally to receive freely tradable new notes in the exchange offer;

Table of Contents

- there is any change or a development involving a prospective change in our business, properties, assets, liabilities, financial condition, operations or results of operations taken as a whole, that is or may be adverse to us;
- there is any declaration of war, armed hostilities or other similar international calamity directly or indirectly involving the United States, or the worsening of any such condition that existed at the time that we commence the exchange offer; or
- we become aware of facts that, in our reasonable judgment, have or may have adverse significance with respect to the value of the old notes or the new notes to be issued in the exchange offer.

The preceding conditions are for our sole benefit, and we may assert them regardless of the circumstances giving rise to any such condition. We may waive the preceding conditions in whole or in part at any time and from time to time in our sole discretion. If we do so, the exchange offer will remain open for at least five business days following any waiver of the preceding conditions. Our failure at any time to exercise the foregoing rights will not be deemed a waiver of any such right and each such right will be deemed an ongoing right which we may assert at any time and from time to time.

The Exchange Agent

MUFG Union Bank, N.A. (the “exchange agent”), has been appointed as exchange agent for the exchange offer. You should direct questions and requests for assistance, requests for additional copies of this prospectus or of the Letter of Transmittal and requests for the notice of guaranteed delivery or the notice of withdrawal to the exchange agent addressed as follows:

To: MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

By Mail or In Person:

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

Attention: Linh Duong / Raymond Leonor

120 S. San Pedro Street, Suite 410

Los Angeles, CA 90012

By Email or Facsimile Transmission (for Eligible Institutions Only):

Email: linh.duong@unionbank.com

raymond.leonor@unionbank.com

Fax: (213) 972-5695

For Information and to Confirm by Telephone:

(213) 972-5681/5679

DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SHOWN ABOVE OR TRANSMISSION VIA EMAIL OR FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Fees and Expenses

We will not make any payment to brokers, dealers or others for soliciting acceptance of the exchange offer except for reimbursement of mailing expenses. We will pay the cash expenses to be incurred by us in connection with the exchange offer, including:

- the SEC registration fee;
- fees and expenses of the exchange agent and the trustee;

[Table of Contents](#)

- accounting and legal fees;
- printing fees; and
- other related fees and expenses.

Transfer Taxes

Holders who tender their old notes for exchange will not be obligated to pay any transfer taxes in connection with the exchange. If, however, the new notes issued in the exchange offer are to be delivered to, or are to be issued in the name of, any person other than the holder of the old notes tendered, or if a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than the exchange of old notes in connection with the exchange offer, then the holder must pay any of these transfer taxes, whether imposed on the registered holder or on any other person. If satisfactory evidence of payment of, or exemption from, these taxes is not submitted with the Letter of Transmittal, the amount of these transfer taxes will be billed directly to the tendering holder.

Consequences of Failure to Exchange Old Notes

Holders who desire to tender their old notes in exchange for new notes should allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery of the documents required for such exchange. Neither the exchange agent nor we are under any duty to give notification of defects or irregularities with respect to the tenders of old notes for exchange.

Old notes that are not tendered or are tendered but not accepted will, following the consummation of the exchange offer, continue to be subject to the provisions in the applicable indenture regarding the transfer and exchange of the old notes and the existing restrictions on transfer set forth in the legend on the old notes and in the offering memorandum dated November 13, 2015, relating to the old notes. Except in limited circumstances with respect to specific types of holders of old notes, we will have no further obligation to provide for the registration under the Securities Act of such old notes. In general, old notes, unless registered under the Securities Act, may not be offered or sold except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. We do not currently anticipate that we will take any action to register the old notes under the Securities Act or under any state securities laws following the expiration date of the exchange offer.

Upon completion of the exchange offer, holders of the old notes will not be entitled to any further registration rights under the Registration Rights Agreement, except under limited circumstances.

Holders of the new notes and any old notes that remain outstanding after consummation of the exchange offer will vote together as a single class for purposes of determining whether holders of the requisite percentage of the class have taken certain actions or exercised certain rights under the applicable indenture.

Consequences of Exchanging Old Notes

Based on interpretations of the staff of the SEC, as set forth in no-action letters to third parties, we believe that the new notes may be offered for resale, resold or otherwise transferred by holders of those new notes, other than by any holder that is an “affiliate” of ours or any subsidiary guarantor within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act. The new notes may be offered for resale, resold or otherwise transferred without compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery provisions of the Securities Act, if:

- the new notes issued in the exchange offer are acquired in the ordinary course of the holder’s business; and
- neither the holder, other than a broker-dealer, nor, to the actual knowledge of such holder, any other person receiving new notes from the holder, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the new notes issued in the exchange offer.

[Table of Contents](#)

However, the SEC has not considered this exchange offer in the context of a no-action letter and we cannot guarantee that the staff of the SEC would make a similar determination with respect to this exchange offer as in such other circumstances.

Each holder, other than a broker-dealer, must furnish a written representation, at our request, that:

- it is not an affiliate of ours or any subsidiary guarantor;
- it is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of the new notes and has no arrangement or understanding to participate in a distribution of new notes;
- it is acquiring the new notes issued in the exchange offer in the ordinary course of its business; and
- it is not acting on behalf of a person who could not make the three preceding representations.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes must acknowledge that:

- such old notes were acquired by such broker-dealer as a result of market-making or other trading activities (and not directly from us);
- it has not entered into any arrangement or understanding with us or an affiliate of ours to distribute the new notes; and
- it will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such new notes, and such broker-dealer will comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act with respect to resale of any new notes.

Furthermore, any broker-dealer that acquired any of its old notes directly from us:

- may not rely on the position of the SEC enunciated in Morgan Stanley and Co., Inc. (June 5, 1991) and Exxon Capital Holdings Corporation (May 13, 1988), as interpreted in the SEC's letter to Shearman & Sterling dated July 2, 1993, and similar no-action letters; and
- must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any secondary resale transaction and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus.

In addition, to comply with state securities laws of certain jurisdictions, the new notes issued in the exchange offer may not be offered or sold in any state unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in such state or an exemption from registration or qualification is available and complied with by the holders selling the new notes. We have agreed in the Registration Rights Agreement that, prior to any public offering of old notes, we will cooperate with the selling holders of old notes and their counsel in connection with the registration and qualification of such old notes entitled to registration rights, under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such jurisdictions as the selling holders of old notes may reasonably request and do any and all other acts or things necessary or advisable to enable the disposition in the applicable jurisdictions, *provided, however*, that we are not required to register or qualify as a foreign corporation where we are not so qualified or to take any action that would subject us to the service of process in suits or to taxation, in any jurisdiction where we are not so subject.

Accounting Treatment

We will record the new notes at the same carrying value as the old notes, as reflected in our accounting records on the date of the exchange offer. Accordingly, we will not recognize any gain or loss for accounting purposes.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW NOTES

General

The term “new 2023 notes” refers to Qorvo’s \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 that have been registered under the Securities Act. The term “new 2025 notes” refers to Qorvo’s \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 that have been registered under the Securities Act. The term “new notes” refers collectively to the new 2023 notes and the new 2025 notes. The term “old notes” refers collectively to Qorvo’s outstanding unregistered \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023, which we refer to as the “old 2023 notes,” and Qorvo’s outstanding unregistered \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025, which we refer to as the “old 2025 notes.” The term “2023 notes” refers collectively to the new 2023 notes and the old 2023 notes, and the term “2025 notes” refers collectively to the new 2025 notes and the old 2025 notes. We refer to the new notes and the old notes (to the extent not exchanged for new notes) in this section as the “Notes.”

The terms of the old notes are identical in all material respects to those of the new notes, except that: (1) the old notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, are subject to certain restrictions on transfer and are entitled to certain rights under the registration rights agreement (which rights will terminate upon consummation of the exchange offer, except under limited circumstances); and (2) the new notes will not contain terms with respect to additional interest.

The Company issued the old notes and will issue the new notes pursuant to the indenture dated as of November 19, 2015, among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto and MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as trustee (as amended, modified or supplemented, the “Indenture”). The terms of each series of the Notes include those stated in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “Trust Indenture Act”). You should refer to the Indenture and the Trust Indenture Act for a complete statement of the terms applicable to the Notes.

The following is a summary of material provisions of the Indenture. The following summary of the terms of the Notes and the Indenture is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified by reference to, the Notes and the Indenture, including the definitions therein of certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this description of the new notes. We urge you to read the entire Indenture because these documents, and not this description, define your rights as holders of the new notes.

For purposes of this section, the term “Company” refers only to Qorvo and not to any of its subsidiaries. Certain of the Company’s subsidiaries guarantee the new notes and will be subject to many of the provisions described in this section. Each subsidiary that guarantees the new notes is referred to in this section as a “Subsidiary Guarantor.” Each such guarantee is referred to as a “Subsidiary Guarantee.”

Overview of the Notes and the Subsidiary Guarantees

The old notes are and the new notes will be:

- senior unsecured obligations of the Company;
- equal in right of payment with all of the Company’s existing and future senior Indebtedness, including Indebtedness under the Existing Credit Agreement;
- senior in right of payment to all of the Company’s future Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes;
- effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries, including Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness;

[Table of Contents](#)

- structurally subordinated to all liabilities of each existing and future Subsidiary of the Company that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor; and
- guaranteed on a general senior unsecured basis by the Subsidiary Guarantors.

The Subsidiary Guarantors

The old notes are, and the new notes will be, guaranteed by each Domestic Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that from time to time guarantees Indebtedness of the Company under a Material Credit Facility. The Subsidiary Guarantee of each Subsidiary Guarantor with respect to old notes, is, and with respect to new notes, will be:

- a senior unsecured obligation of such Subsidiary Guarantor;
- equal in right of payment with all of such Subsidiary Guarantor's existing and future senior Indebtedness, including obligations under the Existing Credit Agreement;
- senior in right of payment to all of such Subsidiary Guarantor's future Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to such Subsidiary Guarantee; and
- effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of such Subsidiary Guarantor and its Subsidiaries, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness.

Not all of our Subsidiaries will guarantee the Notes. As of April 2, 2016, our non-guarantor Subsidiaries had an aggregate of approximately \$189.6 million of total liabilities (excluding intercompany liabilities) and accounted for approximately 34% of our total consolidated assets (excluding intercompany transactions).

On May 2, 2016, one of the original Subsidiary Guarantors, RF Micro Devices, Inc., merged with and into TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., another one of the original Subsidiary Guarantors. In connection with such merger, TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., as the surviving entity, changed its name to Qorvo US, Inc. On the same day, certain of the other Subsidiary Guarantors also effected corporate name changes as follows (and remain Subsidiary Guarantors):

Subsidiary Guarantor	New Name of Subsidiary Guarantor
RF Micro Devices International, Inc.	Qorvo International Holding, Inc.
TriQuint, Inc.	Qorvo Florida, Inc.
TriQuint TFR, Inc.	Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC	Qorvo Texas, LLC
TriQuint CW, Inc.	Qorvo California, Inc.

Principal, Maturity and Interest

The Company may issue additional 2023 notes (the "Additional 2023 Notes") and additional 2025 notes (the "Additional 2025 Notes" and, together with the Additional 2023 Notes, the "Additional Notes") from time to time after this offering. Any offering of Additional Notes is subject to the covenant described below under the caption "—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness." Additional Notes of each series that are not fungible with other Notes of such series for federal income tax purposes may trade under a separate CUSIP and may be treated as a separate class for purposes of transfers and exchanges. Nevertheless, the Notes of each series and any Additional Notes of such series subsequently issued under the Indenture would be treated as a single class of Notes for such series for all other purposes under the Indenture, including, without limitation, waivers, amendments, redemptions and offers to purchase. The Company will issue new notes in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The new 2023 notes will mature on December 1, 2023, and the new 2025 notes will mature on December 1, 2025.

Each new 2023 note will bear interest at a rate of 6.750% per annum, and each new 2025 note will bear interest at a rate of 7.000% per annum. We will pay interest semiannually to Holders of record at the close of

[Table of Contents](#)

business on May 15 or November 15 immediately preceding the interest payment date on June 1 and December 1 of each year. We will pay interest on overdue principal at 1% per annum in excess of the interest rate, and we will pay interest on overdue installments of interest at this higher rate to the extent lawful.

Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. Registered holders of new notes on the relevant record date for the first interest payment date following the consummation of the exchange offer will receive interest accruing from the most recent date to which interest has been paid.

Payments

Principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the new notes will be payable, and the new notes will be exchangeable and transferable, at the office or agency of the Company maintained for such purposes, or, at the option of the Company, by check mailed to the Person entitled thereto as shown on the security register; *provided* that all payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to new notes represented by one or more global notes registered in the name of or held by The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or its nominee will be made through the facilities of DTC. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer, exchange or redemption of new notes, except in certain circumstances for any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection therewith. Until otherwise designated by the Company, the Company’s office or agency will be the office of the trustee maintained for such purpose.

Paying Agent and Registrar

The trustee will initially act as paying agent and registrar. The Company may change the paying agent or registrar without prior notice to the Holders of the Notes, and the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may act as paying agent or registrar. The registrar will maintain a register reflecting ownership of any Notes in certificated, non-global form outstanding from time to time, and the paying agent will make payments on and facilitate transfer of such Notes in certificated, non-global form on behalf of the Company. We will pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on each series of the Notes at any office of ours or any agency designated by us.

Transfer and Exchange

A Holder of outstanding Notes of each series will be able to transfer or exchange Notes of such series. Upon any transfer or exchange, the registrar and the trustee may require a Holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and the Company may require a Holder to pay any taxes required by law or permitted by the Indenture. The Company will not be required to transfer or exchange any outstanding Note selected for redemption or purchase or to transfer or exchange any outstanding Note for a period of 15 days prior to the mailing of a notice of redemption or purchase of Notes of such series to be redeemed or purchased or within 15 days of an interest payment date. The Notes of such series will be issued in registered form, and the Holder will be treated as the owner of such Notes for all purposes.

Form, Denomination and Registration

The old notes are, and the new notes will be, transferable and exchangeable at the office of the Registrar or any co-registrar and are or will be, as applicable, issued in fully registered form, without coupons, in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

Sinking Fund; Mandatory Redemptions

There are no sinking fund payment or mandatory redemption obligations with respect to the old notes or the new notes.

Optional Redemption

2023 Notes

Except as set forth in the following paragraphs, we may not redeem the 2023 notes prior to December 1, 2018. At any time and from time to time on or after December 1, 2018, we may redeem the 2023 notes, in whole or in part, at once or over time, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' prior notice, at the following redemption prices, expressed as percentages of principal amount, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date, if redeemed during the 12-month period commencing on December 1 of the years set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>
2018	105.063%
2019	103.375%
2020	101.688%
2021 and thereafter	100.000%

In addition, at any time and from time to time prior to December 1, 2018, we may redeem, on one or more occasions, up to a maximum of 35% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes, calculated after giving effect to any issuance of Additional 2023 Notes, with the Net Cash Proceeds of one or more Qualified Equity Offerings at a redemption price equal to 106.750% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date; *provided, however*, that after giving effect to any such redemption:

(1) at least 65% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes, calculated after giving effect to any issuance of Additional 2023 Notes, remains outstanding immediately after such redemption; and

(2) any such redemption by the Company must be made within 90 days of such Qualified Equity Offering and must be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture.

At any time and from time to time prior to December 1, 2018, the Company may redeem on one or more occasions all or part of the 2023 notes upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' prior notice at a redemption price equal to the sum of (i) 100% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* (ii) the Applicable Premium as of the date of redemption, *plus* (iii) accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date.

Any notice of redemption in connection with any Qualified Equity Offering or other securities offering or any other financing, or in connection with a transaction (or series of related transactions) that constitute a Change of Control, may, at the Company's discretion, be given prior to the completion thereof and be subject to one or more conditions precedent, including completion of the related Qualified Equity Offering, securities offering, financing or Change of Control.

2025 Notes

Except as set forth in the following paragraphs, we may not redeem the 2025 notes prior to December 1, 2020. At any time and from time to time on or after December 1, 2020, we may redeem the 2025 notes, in whole or in part, at once or over time, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' prior notice, at the following redemption prices, expressed as percentages of principal amount, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on

[Table of Contents](#)

the relevant interest payment date, if redeemed during the 12-month period commencing on December 1 of the years set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>
2020	103.500%
2021	102.333%
2022	101.167%
2023 and thereafter	100.000%

In addition, at any time and from time to time prior to December 1, 2018, we may redeem, on one or more occasions, up to a maximum of 35% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2025 notes, calculated after giving effect to any issuance of Additional 2025 Notes, with the Net Cash Proceeds of one or more Qualified Equity Offerings at a redemption price equal to 107.000% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date; *provided, however*, that after giving effect to any such redemption:

(1) at least 65% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2025 notes, calculated after giving effect to any issuance of Additional 2025 Notes, remains outstanding immediately after such redemption; and

(2) any such redemption by the Company must be made within 90 days of such Qualified Equity Offering and must be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture.

At any time and from time to time prior to December 1, 2020, the Company may redeem on one or more occasions all or part of the 2025 notes upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' prior notice at a redemption price equal to the sum of (i) 100% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* (ii) the Applicable Premium as of the date of redemption, *plus* (iii) accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date.

Any notice of redemption in connection with any Qualified Equity Offering or other securities offering or any other financing, or in connection with a transaction (or series of related transactions) that constitute a Change of Control, may, at the Company's discretion, be given prior to the completion thereof and be subject to one or more conditions precedent, including completion of the related Qualified Equity Offering, securities offering, financing or Change of Control.

Selection

If we redeem less than all of the Notes of either series, the trustee or applicable depository will select the Notes of such series to be redeemed in accordance with the procedures of the applicable depository, although no Note of \$2,000 in original principal amount or less may be redeemed in part. If we redeem any Note in part only, the notice of redemption relating to that Note will state the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. A new Note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the Note will be issued in the name of the Holder upon cancellation of the original Note. On and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on Notes of such series or portions thereof called for redemption so long as we have deposited with the paying agent funds sufficient to pay the principal of, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes of such series to be redeemed.

Ranking

The old notes are, and the new notes will be, senior unsecured obligations of the Company, equal in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and future senior Indebtedness, including indebtedness under the

[Table of Contents](#)

Existing Credit Agreement, and senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes. The Notes will also be effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness.

The Subsidiary Guarantees with respect to the old notes are, and with respect to the new notes will be, the senior unsecured obligations of each Subsidiary Guarantor equal in right of payment with all of such Subsidiary Guarantor's existing and future senior Indebtedness, including obligations under the Existing Credit Agreement, and senior in right of payment to all of such Subsidiary Guarantor's future Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to such Subsidiary Guarantee. The Subsidiary Guarantees will also be effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of the applicable Subsidiary Guarantor and its Subsidiaries, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness.

To the extent a Subsidiary is not a Subsidiary Guarantor, creditors of the Subsidiary, including trade creditors, and preferred stockholders, if any, of the Subsidiary generally will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of the Subsidiary over the claims of creditors of the Company, including Holders. The Notes of each series, therefore, will be structurally subordinated to the claims of creditors, including trade creditors, and preferred stockholders, if any, of Subsidiaries of the Company that are not Subsidiary Guarantors.

We and our Subsidiaries had approximately \$988.1 million of indebtedness (excluding intercompany indebtedness) outstanding as of April 2, 2016, none of which was secured, and had an additional \$299.5 million of availability under the Existing Credit Agreement (after giving effect to outstanding letters of credit), effectively ranking senior to the new notes to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the New Notes—Our debt could adversely affect our financial health and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under the new notes."

Although the Indenture limits the Incurrence of Indebtedness by the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries (including the issuance of Preferred Stock by the Restricted Subsidiaries), this limitation is subject to a number of significant qualifications. The Company and its Subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial amounts of Indebtedness in certain circumstances. See "—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness" below.

Subsidiary Guarantees

The new notes will be guaranteed by each Domestic Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that, from time to time, guarantees Indebtedness of the Company under a Material Credit Facility. The Guarantors will jointly and severally, irrevocably, fully and unconditionally Guarantee (subject to certain customary release provisions described below) as primary obligors and not merely as sureties, on an unsecured senior basis, the performance and full and punctual payment when due, whether at Stated Maturity, by acceleration or otherwise, of all obligations of the Company under the Indenture, including obligations to the trustee, and the new notes, whether for payment of principal of, or premium or interest on the new notes, expenses, indemnification or otherwise (all such obligations Guaranteed by such Subsidiary Guarantors being herein called the "Guaranteed Obligations"). Each Subsidiary Guarantee with respect to old notes is, and with respect to new notes will be, limited in amount to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount that can be Guaranteed by the applicable Subsidiary Guarantor without rendering the Subsidiary Guarantee, as it relates to that Subsidiary Guarantor, voidable under applicable law relating to fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally. In a Florida bankruptcy case, subsidiary guarantees containing this kind of provision were found to be fraudulent conveyances and thus unenforceable and the court stated that this kind of limitation is ineffective. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the New Notes—Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void guarantees and require note holders to return payments received from guarantors." The Company will cause each future Domestic Restricted Subsidiary that, from time to time, guarantees Indebtedness of the Company under a Material Credit Facility to execute and deliver to the trustee a supplemental indenture

Table of Contents

pursuant to which the Subsidiary will Guarantee payment of the Notes. See “—Certain Covenants—Future Subsidiary Guarantors” below.

The Subsidiary Guarantee of a Subsidiary Guarantor will be released:

(1) in connection with the sale or other disposition (including by way of merger, consolidation or otherwise) of the Capital Stock or all of the assets of a Subsidiary Guarantor by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary and the sale complies with the provisions set forth in the covenant “—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock,” if as a result of such sale, such Subsidiary Guarantor ceases to be a Restricted Subsidiary;

(2) upon the designation of any Subsidiary Guarantor to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary in compliance with the definition of “Unrestricted Subsidiary”;

(3) upon legal defeasance or satisfaction and discharge of the Notes in compliance with the provisions of the Indenture described under “—Defeasance” or “—Satisfaction and Discharge”; or

(4) if such Subsidiary Guarantor shall have been released from its guarantees of Indebtedness of the Company, which would have required such Subsidiary Guarantor to guarantee the Notes pursuant to the covenant described below under “—Certain Covenants—Future Subsidiary Guarantors.”

Change of Control

Upon the occurrence of any Change of Control (as defined below under “—Certain Definitions”), each Holder will have the right to require the Company to purchase all or any part of such Holder’s Notes of either series at a purchase price in cash equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase, subject to the right of Holders of such series of Notes of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date; *provided, however*, that notwithstanding the occurrence of a Change of Control, the Company shall not be obligated to purchase the Notes of either series pursuant to this section in the event that it has exercised its right to redeem all the Notes of such series under the terms of the section titled “Optional Redemption.”

Within 45 days following any Change of Control, the Company shall mail, or cause to be mailed, or, in the case of global notes, send in accordance with the applicable procedures of the depository, a notice to each Holder of such series with a copy to the trustee (the “Change of Control Offer”) stating:

(1) that a Change of Control has occurred and that such Holder has the right to require the Company to purchase all or a portion of such Holder’s Notes of each series at a purchase price in cash equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase (subject to the right of Holders of such series of Notes of record on the relevant record date to receive interest on the relevant interest payment date);

(2) the purchase date, which shall be no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed; and

(3) the instructions determined by the Company, consistent with this covenant, that a Holder must follow in order to have its Notes of either series purchased.

The Company will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer upon a Change of Control if a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and purchases all Notes of either series validly tendered and not withdrawn under such Change of Control Offer. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, a Change of Control Offer may be made in advance

[Table of Contents](#)

of a Change of Control, with the obligation to pay and the timing of payment conditioned upon the consummation of the Change of Control, if a definitive agreement to effect a Change of Control is in place at the time of the Change of Control Offer.

If Holders of not less than 90% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes of either series validly tender and do not withdraw such Notes in a Change of Control Offer and the Company, or any third party making a Change of Control Offer in lieu of the Company as described above, purchases all of the Notes of such series validly tendered and not withdrawn by such Holders, the Company or such third party will have the right, upon not less than 10 nor more than 60 days' prior notice, given not more than 30 days following such purchase pursuant to such Change of Control Offer, to redeem all Notes of such series that remain outstanding following such purchase at a price in cash equal to 101.0% of the principal amount thereof *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of such redemption.

The Company will comply, to the extent applicable, with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with the purchase of Notes of either series pursuant to this covenant. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with provisions of this covenant, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this covenant by virtue thereof.

The Change of Control purchase feature is a result of negotiations between the Company and the initial purchasers. Management has no present intention to engage in a transaction involving a Change of Control, although it is possible that the Company will decide to do so in the future.

Subject to the limitations discussed below, the Company could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including acquisitions, refinancings or recapitalizations, that would not constitute a Change of Control under the Indenture, but that could increase the amount of Indebtedness outstanding at such time or otherwise affect the Company's capital structure or credit ratings. Restrictions on the ability of the Company to Incur additional Indebtedness are described below under "—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness." Such restrictions can only be waived with the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding. Except for the limitations contained in that covenant and as described below under "—Merger and Consolidation," however, the Indenture will not contain any covenants or provisions that may afford Holders of such series protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction.

The occurrence of a Change of Control would constitute a default under the Existing Credit Agreement. In addition, future Indebtedness of the Company could contain prohibitions of certain events that would constitute a Change of Control or require such Indebtedness to be repurchased or repaid upon a Change of Control. Moreover, the exercise by the Holders of their right to require the Company to purchase the Notes of either series could cause a default under such Indebtedness, even if the Change of Control itself does not, due to the financial effect of the repurchase on the Company. Finally, the Company's ability to pay cash to the Holders upon a purchase may be limited by the Company's then existing financial resources. We cannot assure you that sufficient funds will be available when necessary to make any required purchases. Even if sufficient funds were otherwise available, the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement may prohibit, subject to limited exceptions, the Company's prepayment of Notes of either series prior to their scheduled maturity. If the Company is not able to prepay Indebtedness outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement and any other Indebtedness containing similar restrictions or obtain requisite consents, the Company will not be able to fulfill its repurchase obligations upon holders of Notes exercising their purchase rights following a Change of Control, and such failure will result in a default under the Indenture and, in turn, constitute a default under the Existing Credit Agreement. Furthermore, the Change of Control provisions may in some circumstances make more difficult or discourage a takeover of the Company and the removal of incumbent management.

Covenant Suspension When Notes Rated Investment Grade

If on any date (the “Suspension Date”):

(1) the Notes of either series are rated Baa3 or better by Moody’s and BBB or better by S&P (or, if either such entity ceases to rate the Notes of such series for reasons outside of the control of the Company, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any other “nationally recognized statistical rating organization” within the meaning of Section 3(a)(62) under the Exchange Act selected by the Company as a replacement agency); and

(2) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing (the occurrence of the events described in the foregoing clause (1) and this clause (2) being collectively referred to as a “Covenant Suspension Event”),

then, beginning on that day and subject to the provisions of the following paragraph, the covenants under the Indenture described under the following captions will be suspended with respect to such series (such suspended covenants, collectively, the “Suspended Covenants”):

- (1) “—Limitation on Indebtedness;”
- (2) “—Limitation on Restricted Payments;”
- (3) “—Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries;”
- (4) “—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock;”
- (5) “—Limitation on Transactions with Affiliates;” and
- (6) clause (3) of the covenant described below under “—Merger and Consolidation.”

Upon the occurrence of a Covenant Suspension Event with respect to such series, the amount of Net Available Cash that has not been applied as provided under “—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock” below shall be set at zero and shall remain at zero during the Suspension Period (as defined below). During the period of time commencing on and after the Suspension Date and ending prior to the Reversion Date (as defined below under “—Certain Definitions”) (such period, the “Suspension Period”), neither the Company’s Board of Directors nor any Officer may designate any of the Company’s Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries pursuant to the definition of “Unrestricted Subsidiary.”

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if on any date (the “Reversion Date”) subsequent to any Suspension Date, the rating on the Notes of such series assigned by either such rating agency should subsequently decline to below Baa3 for Moody’s or BBB for S&P, the Suspended Covenants will be reinstated as of and from the Reversion Date. On the Reversion Date, all Indebtedness Incurred during the Suspension Period will be classified with respect to such series as having been outstanding on the Issue Date, so that it is classified as permitted under clause (b)(3)(B) under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness” below. Calculations made after the Reversion Date of the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under the reinstated “—Limitation on Restricted Payments” covenant will be made as if the “—Limitation on Restricted Payments” covenant had been in effect since the date of the Indenture. Accordingly, Restricted Payments made during the Suspension Period will reduce the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under the first paragraph of “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Restricted Payments.” In addition, for purposes of the reinstated “—Limitation on Transactions with Affiliates” covenant with respect to such series, all agreements and arrangements entered into by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary with an Affiliate of the Company during the Suspension Period will be deemed to have been existing as of the Issue Date. Also, any encumbrance or restriction of the type referred to in the covenant under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries” with respect to such series incurred during the Suspension Period will be deemed to have been in effect on the Issue Date. Notwithstanding the reinstatement of the Suspended Covenants, no Default or

[Table of Contents](#)

Event of Default with respect to such series will be deemed to have occurred solely as a result of a failure to comply with the Suspended Covenants during the Suspension Period (or upon termination of the Suspension Period or thereafter based solely on events that occurred during the Suspension Period). The Company shall give the Trustee written notice of any Covenant Suspension Event and in any event not later than twenty (20) Business Days after such Covenant Suspension Event has occurred. In the absence of such notice, the Trustee shall assume the Suspended Covenants apply and are in full force and effect. The Company shall give the Trustee written notice of any occurrence of a Reversion Date not later than twenty (20) Business Days after such Reversion Date. After any such notice of the occurrence of a Reversion Date, the Trustee shall assume the Suspended Covenants apply and are in full force and effect.

We cannot assure you that the Notes of either series will ever achieve an investment grade rating or that any such rating will be maintained.

Certain Covenants

The Indenture contains covenants, including, among others, the following:

Limitation on Indebtedness

(a) The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, Incur, directly or indirectly, any Indebtedness; *provided, however*, that the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary may Incur Indebtedness if, on the date of such Incurrence and after giving effect thereto and to the application of the net proceeds therefrom, the Consolidated Coverage Ratio would be greater than 2.0:1.0.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph (a), the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may Incur the following Indebtedness:

(1) Indebtedness under Credit Facilities in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$600 million;

(2) Indebtedness of the Company owed to and held by any Restricted Subsidiary or Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary owed to and held by the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that any subsequent issuance or transfer of any Capital Stock or any other event that results in any such Restricted Subsidiary ceasing to be a Restricted Subsidiary or any subsequent transfer of any such Indebtedness (except to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) shall be deemed, in each case, to constitute an Incurrence of such Indebtedness by the issuer thereof not permitted by this clause (2);

(3) Indebtedness (A) represented by the Notes (not including any Additional Notes) and the Subsidiary Guarantees (and any new Notes and Guarantees thereof) or (B) outstanding on the Issue Date (other than the Indebtedness described in clause (1) or (2) above) after giving effect to the use of proceeds from the old notes;

(4) the Incurrence by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of Refinancing Indebtedness in exchange for, or the net proceeds of which are used to Refinance Indebtedness (other than intercompany Indebtedness) that was permitted by the Indenture to be Incurred under paragraph (a) of this covenant or clause (3) (including the new Notes and any Guarantees thereof), (4), (8), or (9) of this paragraph (b);

(5) obligations (contingent or otherwise) existing or arising under any Swap Contract, *provided* that such obligations are (or were) entered into by such Person for the purpose of directly mitigating risks associated with liabilities, commitments, investments, assets or property held or reasonably anticipated by such Person, or changes in the value of securities issued by such Person and not for purposes of speculation or taking a “market view;”

(6) Indebtedness consisting of Guarantees by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary otherwise permitted under this covenant;

[Table of Contents](#)

(7) Indebtedness of the Company or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business; *provided, however*, that such Indebtedness is extinguished within five Business Days of its Incurrence;

(8) Indebtedness in respect of Capitalized Leases, Synthetic Lease Obligations and purchase money obligations for fixed or capital assets;

(9) Indebtedness of any Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or related to any asset acquired after the Issue Date pursuant to an acquisition permitted hereunder and any Refinancing Indebtedness thereof; *provided* that, (A) such Indebtedness was not incurred in anticipation of such acquisition, (B) neither the Company nor any Restricted Subsidiary (other than the acquired Restricted Subsidiaries) is an obligor with respect to such Indebtedness and (C) such Indebtedness is either unsecured or secured solely by Liens on assets of the acquired Restricted Subsidiary, or on the acquired assets, and, in each case, proceeds thereof, permitted by, and within the limitations set forth in clause (6) of the definition of "Permitted Liens;"

(10) obligations (including in respect of letters of credit, bank guarantees, bankers' acceptances, warehouse receipts or similar instruments issued or created in the ordinary course of business) in respect of bids, tenders, trade contracts, governmental contracts and leases, construction contracts, statutory obligations, surety, stay, customs, bid, and appeal bonds, performance and return of money bonds, performance and completion guarantees, agreements with utilities and other obligations of a like nature (including those to secure health, safety and environmental obligations), in each case in the ordinary course of business and either (i) consistent with past practices, (ii) reasonably necessary for the operation of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries as determined by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary in good faith or (iii) not in connection with the borrowing of money;

(11) Indebtedness arising from agreements of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary providing for indemnification, adjustment of purchase price, earn out or similar obligations, or letters of credit, surety bonds or performance bonds securing any obligations of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries pursuant to such agreements, in each case, Incurred or assumed in connection with the acquisition or disposition of any business or assets of the Company or any business, assets or Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary or any business, assets or Capital Stock of any Person;

(12) Indebtedness to the extent that the net proceeds thereof are promptly deposited to defease or to satisfy and discharge the Notes in each case in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture; and

(13) other Indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount outstanding as of the date of any such incurrence not to exceed the greater of (i) \$300 million and (ii) 12% of Consolidated Tangible Assets as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this covenant, the maximum amount of Indebtedness that the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary may incur pursuant to this covenant shall not be deemed to be exceeded solely as a result of fluctuations in the exchange rates of currencies. For purposes of determining the outstanding amount of any particular Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this covenant:

(1) Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to the Existing Credit Agreement prior to or on the Issue Date shall be treated as Incurred pursuant to clause (1) of paragraph (b) above;

(2) Indebtedness permitted by this covenant need not be permitted solely by reference to one provision permitting such Indebtedness but may be permitted in part by one such provision and in part by one or more other provisions of this covenant permitting such Indebtedness;

(3) in the event that Indebtedness meets the criteria of more than one of the types of Indebtedness described in this covenant, the Company, in its sole discretion, shall classify (and, except as provided in clause (1) of this paragraph (c), may later reclassify) such Indebtedness and only be required to include the amount of such Indebtedness in one of such clauses; and

Table of Contents

(4) Guarantees of, or obligations in respect of letters of credit relating to, Indebtedness that is otherwise included in the determination of a particular amount of Indebtedness shall not be included in the calculation of such particular amount.

Accrual of interest, accrual of dividends, the accretion of accreted value, the amortization of debt discount, and the payment of interest in the form of additional Indebtedness will not be deemed to be an Incurrence of Indebtedness for purposes of this covenant.

The Company will not Incur any Indebtedness if such Indebtedness is subordinate or junior in ranking in any respect to any other Indebtedness unless such Indebtedness is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes of each series to the same extent. No Subsidiary Guarantor will Incur any Indebtedness if such Indebtedness is subordinate or junior in ranking in any respect to any other Indebtedness of such Subsidiary Guarantor unless such Indebtedness is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Subsidiary Guarantee of such Subsidiary Guarantor to the same extent. For purposes of the foregoing, no Indebtedness will be deemed to be subordinated in right of payment to any other Indebtedness of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, as applicable, solely by reason of any Liens or Guarantees arising or created in respect of such other Indebtedness of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor or by virtue of the fact that the holders of any Secured Indebtedness have entered into intercreditor agreements giving one or more of such holders priority over the other holders in the collateral held by them.

Limitation on Liens

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly, create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien securing Indebtedness on any property or asset now owned or hereafter acquired by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, except Permitted Liens, without making effective provision whereby any and all Notes and Subsidiary Guarantees then or thereafter outstanding will be secured by a Lien equally and ratably with or prior to any and all Indebtedness thereby secured for so long as any such Indebtedness shall be so secured.

Any Lien created for the benefit of Holders pursuant to the preceding paragraph may provide by its terms that any such Lien shall be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged upon the release and discharge of the Lien securing such other Indebtedness.

Limitation on Restricted Payments

(a) Except as permitted in (b), the Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary, directly or indirectly, to:

(1) declare or pay any dividend, make any distribution on or in respect of its Capital Stock or make any similar payment (including any payment in connection with any merger or consolidation involving the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company) to the direct or indirect holders of its Capital Stock, except (x) dividends or distributions payable solely in its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) and (y) dividends or distributions payable to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (and, if such Restricted Subsidiary has shareholders other than the Company or other Restricted Subsidiaries, to its other shareholders on a *pro rata* basis or on a basis more favorable to the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries than *pro rata*);

(2) purchase, repurchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value any Capital Stock of the Company held by Persons other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;

(3) purchase, repurchase, redeem, retire, defease or otherwise acquire for value, prior to scheduled maturity, scheduled repayment or scheduled sinking fund payment, any Subordinated Obligations (other than the purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasance or other acquisition for value of (A) Subordinated Obligations acquired in anticipation of satisfying a sinking fund obligation, principal

[Table of Contents](#)

installment or final maturity, in each case due within one year of the date thereof), or (B) to the extent constituting Subordinated Obligations, Indebtedness permitted under clause (b)(2) under “—Limitation on Indebtedness” above; or

(4) make any Investment (other than a Permitted Investment) in any Person (any such dividend, distribution, payment, purchase, redemption, repurchase, defeasance, retirement, other acquisition or Investment being herein referred to as a “Restricted Payment”) if at the time the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary makes such Restricted Payment:

(A) a Default shall have occurred and be continuing (or would result therefrom);

(B) the Company could not Incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness under paragraph (a) of the covenant described under “—Limitation on Indebtedness” above; or

(C) the aggregate amount of such Restricted Payment and all other Restricted Payments (the amount so expended, if other than in cash, to be determined in good faith by the Company, whose determination will be conclusive) declared or made subsequent to the Issue Date (other than Restricted Payments excluded pursuant to paragraph (b) below) would exceed the sum, without duplication, of:

(i) 50% of the Consolidated Net Income accrued during the period (treated as one accounting period) from the first day of the fiscal quarter commencing October 4, 2015, to the end of the most recent fiscal quarter for which financial statements are available prior to the date of such Restricted Payment (or, in case such Consolidated Net Income is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit);

(ii) the aggregate Net Cash Proceeds received by the Company from the issue or sale of its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) subsequent to the Issue Date (other than an issuance or sale to (x) a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or (y) an employee stock ownership plan or other trust established by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to the extent such sale to an employee stock ownership plan or other trust is financed by loans from or Guaranteed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, unless such loans have been repaid with cash on or prior to the date of determination);

(iii) the aggregate Fair Market Value of any assets or property received by the Company from the issue or sale of its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) subsequent to the Issue Date (other than an issuance or sale to (x) a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or (y) an employee stock ownership plan or other trust established by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to the extent such sale to an employee stock ownership plan or other trust is financed by loans from or Guaranteed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, unless such loans have been repaid with cash on or prior to the date of determination);

(iv) the amount by which Indebtedness of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries issued after the Issue Date is reduced on the Company’s consolidated balance sheet upon the conversion or exchange of such Indebtedness for Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company (less the amount of any cash or the Fair Market Value of other property distributed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary upon such conversion or exchange);

(v) with respect to Investments (other than Permitted Investments) made by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries after the Issue Date, an amount equal to the net reduction in such Investments in any Person resulting from repayments of loans or advances, or other transfers of assets, in each case to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or from the Net Cash Proceeds from the sale of any such Investment (except, in each case, to the extent any such payment or proceeds are included in the calculation of Consolidated Net Income), from dividends or other distributions or payments on such Investments, or from the release of any Guarantee (except to the extent any amounts are paid under such Guarantee) or from redesignations of Unrestricted Subsidiaries as Restricted Subsidiaries, not to exceed, in each case, the amount of such

Table of Contents

Investments previously made by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in such Person or Unrestricted Subsidiary after the Issue Date; and

(vi) \$150 million.

(b) The provisions of the foregoing paragraph (a) will not prohibit:

(1) any dividend or distribution in respect of, or any purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement or other acquisition for value of, Capital Stock of the Company or Subordinated Obligations of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor made by exchange for, or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of, Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock and other than Capital Stock issued or sold to a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or an employee stock ownership plan or other trust established by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries); *provided, however*, that:

(A) such dividend, distribution, purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement or other acquisition for value will be excluded in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments, and

(B) the Net Cash Proceeds or the Fair Market Value of any assets or property received from such sale applied in the manner set forth in this clause (1) will be excluded from the calculation of amounts under clause (4)(C)(ii) or 4(C)(iii), as applicable, of paragraph (a) above;

(2) any prepayment, repayment, purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasance or other acquisition for value of Subordinated Obligations of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor made by exchange for, or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of, Refinancing Indebtedness; *provided, however*, that such prepayment, repayment, purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasance or other acquisition for value will be excluded in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(3) the payment of any dividend, the making of any distribution or the redemption of any securities within 60 days after the date of declaration thereof or the giving of formal notice by the Company of such redemption if, at such date of declaration or notice, such payment, distribution or redemption would have complied with this covenant; *provided, however*, that such payment, distribution or redemption (without duplication) will be included in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(4) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement or other acquisition for value of shares of, or options to purchase shares of, Capital Stock of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries from employees, former employees, directors or former directors of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or permitted transferees of such employees, former employees, directors or former directors), pursuant to the terms of agreements (including employment agreements) or plans (or amendments thereto) approved by the Company's board of directors under which such individuals purchase or sell, or are granted the option to purchase or sell, shares of such Capital Stock; *provided, however*, that the aggregate amount of such purchases, repurchases, redemptions, retirements and other acquisitions for value will not exceed \$25 million in any calendar year, with any unused amounts rolling over to succeeding calendar years; *provided further, however*, that such purchases, repurchases, redemptions, retirements and other acquisitions for value shall be excluded in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(5) the Company may acquire Capital Stock or make net share settlements in connection with the cashless exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights or restricted stock or in connection with the satisfaction of withholding obligations; *provided, however*, that such repurchases shall be excluded from the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(6) the declaration and payment of regularly scheduled or accrued dividends to holders of any class or series of Disqualified Stock of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company issued on or after the Issue Date in accordance with the "—Limitation on Indebtedness" covenant; *provided, however*, that such payment shall be excluded from the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

[Table of Contents](#)

(7) the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may purchase, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value any Subordinated Obligations upon a Change of Control of the Company or an Asset Sale by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, to the extent required by any agreement pursuant to which such Subordinated Obligations were issued, but only if the Company or a third party has previously made the offer to purchase Notes required under “— Repurchase at the Option of Holders Upon a Change of Control” and has repurchased all Notes validly tendered and not withdrawn in connection with such offer to purchase Notes; *provided, however*, that such payments shall be included in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(8) any payments made in connection with repurchases of common stock in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$600 million; *provided, however*, that such payments shall be excluded in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(9) the distribution, by dividend or otherwise, of shares of Capital Stock of Unrestricted Subsidiaries;

(10) the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may make other Restricted Payments so long as, after giving *pro forma* effect thereto (including any incurrence and/or repayment of Indebtedness in connection therewith), the Consolidated Leverage Ratio is less than or equal to 2.75 to 1.00 as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter or year; *provided* that such payments shall be included in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(11) other Restricted Payments in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$175 million; *provided, however*, that such Restricted Payments shall be included in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments; and

(12) the declaration and payment of dividends to the holders of common stock of the Company and/or the purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Capital Stock of the Company pursuant to a repurchase program approved by the Company’s board of directors; *provided* that the aggregate amount of cash consideration paid for such dividends, purchases, repurchases, redemptions, defeasances or other acquisitions or retirements shall not exceed \$100 million in any fiscal year; *provided, further*, that such payments shall be excluded from the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments.

The amount of all Restricted Payments (other than cash) shall be the Fair Market Value on the date of the Restricted Payment of the asset(s) or securities proposed to be transferred or issued to or by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, pursuant to the Restricted Payment.

Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, create or otherwise cause or permit to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:

(1) pay dividends or make any other distributions on its Capital Stock or pay any Indebtedness or other obligations owed to the Company (it being understood that the priority of any Preferred Stock in receiving dividend or liquidating distributions prior to the dividends or liquidating distributions being paid on common stock shall not be deemed a restriction on the ability to make distributions on Capital Stock);

(2) make any loans or advances to the Company (it being understood that the subordination of loans or advances made to the Company to other Debt Incurred by any Restricted Subsidiary shall not be deemed a restriction on the ability to make loans or advances); or

(3) transfer any of its property or assets to the Company (it being understood that such transfers shall not include any type of transfer described in clause (1) or (2) above), except:

(A) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to (i) applicable law, rule, regulation or order or (ii) an agreement, including without limitation the Existing Credit Agreement, in effect at or entered into on the Issue Date;

Table of Contents

(B) any encumbrance or restriction with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to an agreement relating to any Indebtedness Incurred by such Restricted Subsidiary prior to the date on which such Restricted Subsidiary was acquired by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than Indebtedness Incurred as consideration in, in contemplation of, or to provide all or any portion of the funds or credit support utilized to consummate the transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which such Restricted Subsidiary became a Restricted Subsidiary or was otherwise acquired by the Company) and outstanding on such date;

(C) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to an agreement effecting a Refinancing of Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to an agreement referred to in clause (A) or (B) of this covenant or this clause (C) or contained in any amendment to an agreement referred to in clause (A) or (B) of this covenant or this clause (C); *provided, however*, that the encumbrances and restrictions contained in any such Refinancing agreement or amendment, taken as a whole, are not materially less favorable (as determined in good faith by the Company) to the Holders than the encumbrances and restrictions contained in such predecessor agreements;

(D) in the case of clause (3), any encumbrance or restriction:

(i) that restricts in a customary manner the subletting, assignment or transfer of any property or asset that is a lease, license or similar contract;

(ii) contained in security agreements or mortgages securing Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary to the extent such encumbrance or restriction restricts the transfer of the property subject to such security agreements or mortgages; or

(iii) arising or agreed to in the ordinary course of business, not relating to any Indebtedness, and that does not, individually or in the aggregate, detract from the value of property or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary thereof in any manner material to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary thereof;

(E) any encumbrance or restriction on cash or other deposits or net worth imposed by customers or lessors or required by insurance, surety or bonding companies, in each case under contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business;

(F) with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary, any encumbrance or restriction imposed pursuant to an agreement entered into for the sale or disposition of all or substantially all of the Capital Stock or assets of such Restricted Subsidiary pending the closing of such sale or disposition;

(G) provisions limiting the disposition or distribution of assets or property or assignment in joint venture agreements, asset sale agreements, leases, intellectual property licenses, sale leaseback agreements, stock sale agreements and other similar agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business;

(H) any encumbrance or restriction existing under, by reason of or with respect to Indebtedness Incurred by any Restricted Subsidiary permitted to be Incurred under the “—Limitation on Indebtedness” covenant; *provided* that the Company’s board of directors (as evidenced by a resolution of the Company’s board of directors) determines in good faith at the time such Indebtedness is Incurred that such encumbrance or restriction would not impair the ability of the Company to make payments of interest and principal on the Notes when due;

(I) existing under, by reason of or with respect to Indebtedness Incurred by Foreign Subsidiaries permitted to be Incurred under the Indenture;

(J) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to any document or instrument governing Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to clause (b)(8) of the covenant described under “—Limitation on Indebtedness;” *provided* that any such restriction contained therein relates only to the asset or assets constructed or acquired in connection therewith;

(K) any Permitted Lien or any document or instrument governing any Permitted Lien, *provided* that any such restriction contained therein relates only to the asset or assets subject to such Permitted Lien;

[Table of Contents](#)

(L) existing by reason of any contractual obligation that is reasonably determined by the Company not to materially adversely affect the ability of the Company to perform its obligations under the Indenture, the old notes, or the new notes; or

(M) existing by reason of the Indenture, the old notes, the new notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees.

Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock

(a) The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, make any Asset Disposition unless:

(1) the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary receives consideration (including by way of relief from, or by any other Person assuming sole responsibility for, any liabilities, contingent or otherwise) at the time of such Asset Disposition at least equal to the Fair Market Value of the shares and assets subject to such Asset Disposition,

(2) at least 75% of the consideration thereof received by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary is in the form of cash, assets useful in a Permitted Business or Permitted Securities, or the assumption by the purchaser of liabilities of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than liabilities that are by their terms subordinated to the Notes) as a result of which the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries are no longer obligated with respect to those liabilities); *provided* that the amount of any Designated Noncash Consideration received by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in such Asset Disposition shall be deemed to be cash for the purposes of this provision (but for no other purpose) so long as such amount, taken together with the Fair Market Value when received of all other Designated Noncash Consideration that is at that time outstanding (i.e., that has not been sold for or otherwise converted into cash or Permitted Securities), does not exceed the greater of (i) \$150 million and (ii) 6% of Consolidated Tangible Assets as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter; *provided, further*, that (A) securities or other assets received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary from the transferee that are converted by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary into cash within 180 days after the closing of such Asset Disposition shall be considered to be cash to the extent of the cash received in that conversion; and (B) any cash consideration paid to the Company or the Restricted Subsidiary in connection with the Asset Disposition that is held in escrow or on deposit to support indemnification, adjustment of purchase price or similar obligations in respect of such Asset Sale shall be considered to be cash, and

(3) an amount equal to 100% of the Net Available Cash from such Asset Disposition is applied by the Company (or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) within 365 days after the later of the date of such Asset Disposition and the receipt of such Net Available Cash:

(A) to prepay, repay, purchase, repurchase, redeem, retire, defease or otherwise acquire for value Secured Indebtedness of the Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor (other than any Disqualified Stock or Subordinated Obligations) or Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor, in each case other than Indebtedness owed to the Company or an Affiliate of the Company;

(B) to reinvest in Additional Assets (including by means of an Investment in Additional Assets by a Restricted Subsidiary with Net Available Cash received by the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary); *provided*, that a binding commitment to apply Net Available Cash in accordance with this clause (B) shall be treated as an application of such Net Available Cash from the date of such commitment if (i) such reinvestment is consummated within 180 days at the end of such 365-day period referred to in this clause (3) and (ii) if such reinvestment is not consummated within the period set forth in subclause (i) or such binding commitment is terminated, the Net Available Cash shall constitute available Net Available Cash; or

(C) (i) redeem the Notes of either series or make open market purchases thereof at a price not less than 100% of the principal amount thereof or (ii) to make an Offer (as defined in paragraph (b) of this covenant below) to purchase Notes of such series pursuant to and subject to the conditions set forth in paragraph (b) of this covenant; *provided, however*, that if the Company elects (or is required by the

Table of Contents

terms of any Pari Passu Indebtedness), such Offer may be made ratably (determined based upon the respective principal amounts of the Notes of such series and such Pari Passu Indebtedness being purchased or repaid) to purchase the Notes of such series and to purchase or otherwise repay such Pari Passu Indebtedness;

provided that pending final application of any such Net Available Cash in accordance with clause (A), (B) or (C) above, the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries may temporarily reduce revolving Indebtedness outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement or otherwise invest such Net Available Cash in any manner not prohibited by the Indenture.

To the extent of the balance of such Net Available Cash after application in accordance with clauses (A), (B) and (C) above, the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, may use such balance for any general corporate purpose not prohibited by the terms of the Indenture. In connection with any prepayment, repayment, purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasance or other acquisition for value of Indebtedness pursuant to clause (A) or (C) above, the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, will retire such Indebtedness and will cause the related loan commitment (if any) to be permanently reduced in an amount equal to the principal amount so prepaid, repaid, purchased, repurchased, redeemed, retired, defeased or otherwise acquired for value.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this covenant, the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries will not be required to apply any Net Available Cash in accordance with this covenant except to the extent that the aggregate Net Available Cash from all Asset Dispositions that is not applied in accordance with this covenant exceeds \$100 million.

(b) In the event of an Asset Disposition that requires the purchase of Notes of either series pursuant to clause (a)(3)(C) of this covenant, the Company will be required (i) to purchase Notes of such series tendered pursuant to an offer by the Company for the Notes of such series (the "Offer") at a purchase price of 100% of their principal amount *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase (subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date) in accordance with the procedures, including prorating in the event of oversubscription, set forth in the Indenture, and (ii) to purchase or otherwise repay Pari Passu Indebtedness of the Company on the terms and to the extent contemplated thereby at the purchase price set forth in the relevant documentation (including accrued and unpaid interest to the date of acquisition, the "purchase price"), *provided* that to the extent the purchase price of any such Pari Passu Indebtedness exceeds 100% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of acquisition, the Company shall not use any Net Available Cash to pay such purchase price, except as permitted by the next sentence. If the aggregate purchase price of Notes of either series and Pari Passu Indebtedness tendered pursuant to the Offer is less than the Net Available Cash allotted to the purchase of the Notes of such series and other Pari Passu Indebtedness, the Company will apply the remaining Net Available Cash for any general corporate purpose not prohibited by the terms of the Indenture. The Company will not be required to make an Offer for Notes of either series and Pari Passu Indebtedness pursuant to this covenant if the Net Available Cash available therefor (after application of the proceeds as provided in clauses (a)(3)(A) and (B)) is less than \$100 million for any particular Asset Disposition (which lesser amount will be carried forward for purposes of determining whether an Offer is required with respect to the Net Available Cash from any subsequent Asset Disposition). Upon consummation of any Offer, the Net Available Cash in respect of any Asset Disposition(s) shall be reduced to zero.

(c) The Company will comply, to the extent applicable, with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with the repurchase of Notes of either series pursuant to this covenant. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with provisions of this covenant, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this covenant by virtue thereof.

Limitation on Transactions with Affiliates

(a) The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly, enter into or conduct any transaction or series of related transactions (including the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of any property or the rendering of any service) involving payments in excess of \$25 million with any Affiliate of the Company (an “Affiliate Transaction”) unless such transaction is on terms:

(1) that are no less favorable to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, than those that could be obtained at the time of such transaction in arm’s length dealings with a Person who is not such an Affiliate;

(2) that, in the event such Affiliate Transaction involves an aggregate amount in excess of \$50 million,

(a) are set forth in writing, and

(b) have been approved by a majority of the members of the Company’s board of directors having no personal stake in such Affiliate Transaction.

(b) The provisions of the foregoing paragraph (a) will not prohibit:

(1) any Permitted Investment;

(2) any Restricted Payment permitted to be paid or made pursuant to the covenant described under “—Limitation on Restricted Payments” above;

(3) any issuance of shares of Capital Stock of the Company;

(4) any agreement between any Person and an Affiliate of such Person existing at the time such Person is acquired by or merged or consolidated with or into the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, as such agreement may be amended, modified, supplemented, extended or renewed from time to time; *provided* that such agreement was not entered into in contemplation of such acquisition, merger or consolidation, and so long as any such amendment, modification, supplement, extension or renewal, when taken as a whole, is not materially more disadvantageous to the Holders, in the reasonable determination of an Officer of the Company, than the applicable agreement as in effect on the date of such acquisition, merger or consolidation;

(5) any employment arrangements, employee benefit plans or arrangements (including pension plans, health and life insurance plans, retiree medical plans, deferred compensation plans, indemnification agreements, stock options and restricted stock awards and stock ownership plans) or related trust agreements or similar arrangements, in each case, approved by the Company’s board of directors and any grant or issuance of securities, or other payments, awards or grants in cash, securities or otherwise pursuant to, or the funding of, any of the foregoing;

(6) (i) reimbursement of officer, director and employee travel and lodging costs and other business expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business and (ii) loans and advances to officers, directors and employees of the Company and Restricted Subsidiaries for travel, entertainment, relocation and analogous ordinary business purposes;

(7) the payment of fees and other compensation to, and customary indemnities *provided* to, officers, employees and directors of the Company or its Subsidiaries;

(8) any transaction between the Company and a Restricted Subsidiary or between Restricted Subsidiaries;

(9) the provision by Persons who may be deemed Affiliates of the Company of investment advisory services to the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries with respect to the Company’s or its Restricted Subsidiaries’ employee benefit plans;

(10) transactions pursuant to any contract, agreement or instrument in effect on the Issue Date, as amended, modified or replaced from time to time, so long as the amended, modified or new agreements,

[Table of Contents](#)

taken as a whole, are no less favorable to the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries than those in effect on the Issue Date; or

(11) transactions with customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers or sellers of goods or services in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and otherwise in compliance with the terms of the Indenture.

SEC Reports

Whether or not required by the SEC's rules and regulations, the Company will file with the SEC within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and regulations, and provide the trustee and Holders and prospective Holders (upon request) within 15 days after it files them with the SEC, copies of its annual report and the information, documents and other reports that are specified in Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act; *provided* that for purposes of this covenant, such information, documents and other reports shall be deemed to have been furnished to the trustee, Holders and prospective Holders if they are electronically available via the SEC's EDGAR System. Even if the Company is entitled under the Exchange Act not to furnish such information to the SEC, it will nonetheless continue to furnish information that would be required to be furnished by the Company by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (excluding exhibits) to the trustee and the Holders of each series of Notes of as if it were subject to such periodic reporting requirements. The Company also will comply with the other provisions of Section 314(a) of the Trust Indenture Act.

To the extent any information is not provided within the time periods specified herein and such information is subsequently provided within the grace period described under "—Defaults" below, the Company will be deemed to have satisfied its obligations with respect thereto at such time and any Default with respect thereto shall be deemed to have been cured unless the Notes of any series thereof have been accelerated. The trustee shall have no obligation to determine if and when the Company's financial statements or reports are publicly available and accessible electronically. Delivery of reports, information and documents to the trustee under the indenture is for informational purposes only and the information and the trustee's receipt of the foregoing shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein, or determinable from information contained therein including our compliance with any of our covenants thereunder (as to which the trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates).

Future Subsidiary Guarantors

If, on or after the Issue Date:

(1) the Company or any of its Domestic Restricted Subsidiaries acquires or creates another Domestic Restricted Subsidiary that incurs any Indebtedness under a Material Credit Facility or Guarantees any such Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Domestic Restricted Subsidiaries; or

(2) any Domestic Restricted Subsidiary of the Company incurs Indebtedness under a Material Credit Facility or guarantees any such Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Domestic Restricted Subsidiaries and that Domestic Restricted Subsidiary was not a Subsidiary Guarantor immediately prior to such incurrence or guarantee (an "Additional Obligor"),

then that newly acquired or created Domestic Restricted Subsidiary or Additional Obligor, as the case may be, will become a Subsidiary Guarantor and provide a Subsidiary Guarantee in respect of the Notes and execute a supplemental indenture and deliver an opinion of counsel satisfactory to the trustee within 30 days after the date on which it incurred any Indebtedness under a Material Credit Facility or guarantees any such Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Domestic Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be.

Merger and Consolidation

The Company will not consolidate with or merge with or into, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its assets and its Subsidiaries' assets (taken as a whole) to, any Person (or another Restricted Subsidiary), unless:

(1) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "Successor Company") will be a corporation, limited partnership or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof or the District of Columbia, and the Successor Company (if not the Company) will expressly assume, by a supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the trustee, in form reasonably satisfactory to the trustee, all the obligations of the Company under the Notes, the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement; *provided* that in the case where the Successor Company is not a corporation, a co-obligor on the Notes is a corporation;

(2) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Company or any Restricted Subsidiary as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Company or such Restricted Subsidiary at the time of such transaction), no Default shall have occurred and be continuing;

(3) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, the Successor Company would have a Consolidated Coverage Ratio equal to or greater than the Consolidated Coverage Ratio of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or would be able to Incur an additional \$1.00 of Indebtedness under paragraph (a) of the covenant described under "—Limitation on Indebtedness" above, *provided* that this clause (3) will not be applicable to any merger with a Subsidiary solely for the purpose and with the sole effect of reincorporating the Company in another jurisdiction; and

(4) the Company shall have delivered to the trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) complies with the Indenture and, in the case of the Opinion of Counsel, that such supplemental indenture (if any) is the valid, binding obligation of the Successor Company, enforceable against the Successor Company in accordance with its terms.

The Successor Company will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under the Notes, the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement, and the predecessor Company (except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all its assets) will be released from the obligation to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes.

In addition, the Company will not permit any Subsidiary Guarantor to consolidate with or merge with or into, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its assets to any Person unless:

(1) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and, in the case of clause (2) below, treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Guarantor or such Restricted Subsidiary at the time of such transaction), no Default shall have occurred and be continuing;

(2) either:

(x) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "Successor Guarantor") will be a corporation, limited partnership or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof or the District of Columbia, and, other than in the case of a transaction as part of which the Subsidiary Guarantee is being released as otherwise permitted by the Indenture, such Person (if not such Subsidiary Guarantor) will expressly assume, by a supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the trustee, in form reasonably satisfactory to the trustee, all the obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee; or

Table of Contents

(y) such consolidation, merger, conveyance or transfer complies with the provisions set forth under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock” above; and

(3) the Company shall have delivered to the trustee an Officers’ Certificate stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the Indenture.

In the case of clause (2) above, the Successor Guarantor will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, such Subsidiary Guarantor under the Notes, the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement, and the predecessor Subsidiary Guarantor (except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all its assets) will be released from the obligation to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Restricted Subsidiary may consolidate with, merge into or transfer all or part of its properties and assets to the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor.

Defaults

Each of the following is an Event of Default:

(1) a default in any payment of interest on any Note when due and payable continued for 30 days;

(2) a default in the payment of principal of any Note when due and payable at its Stated Maturity, upon required redemption or repurchase, upon acceleration or otherwise;

(3) the failure by the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor to comply with its obligations under the covenant described under “—Merger and Consolidation” above;

(4) the failure by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to comply for 60 days after receipt of the written notice referred to below with its other agreements contained in the Notes of either series or the Indenture;

(5) the failure by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary that is a Significant Subsidiary to pay any Indebtedness within any applicable grace period after final maturity or the acceleration of any such Indebtedness by the holders thereof because of a default if the total amount of such Indebtedness unpaid or accelerated exceeds \$100 million (or its foreign currency equivalent) (the “cross acceleration provision”) and such failure continues for 10 days after receipt of the written notice referred to below;

(6) specified events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or a Significant Subsidiary (the “bankruptcy provisions”);

(7) the rendering of any judgment or decree for the payment of money in excess of \$100 million or its foreign currency equivalent (in excess of the amount for which liability for payment is covered by insurance or bonded) against the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary if:

(A) an enforcement proceeding thereon is commenced by any creditor and such enforcement is not stayed promptly after commencement, or

(B) such judgment or decree remains outstanding for a period of 60 calendar days following such judgment and is not paid, discharged, waived or stayed (the “judgment default provision”); or

(8) any Subsidiary Guarantee of a Significant Subsidiary Guarantor as of and for the twelve months ended on the end of the most recent fiscal quarter for which financial statements are publicly available ceases to be in full force and effect (except as contemplated by the terms thereof) or any such Significant Subsidiary Guarantor or Person acting by or on behalf of any such Significant Subsidiary Guarantor denies or disaffirms such Significant Subsidiary Guarantor’s obligations under the Indenture or any Subsidiary Guarantee and such Default continues for 10 days after receipt of the notice specified in the Indenture.

[Table of Contents](#)

The foregoing Events of Default will constitute Events of Default whatever the reason for any such Event of Default and whether it is voluntary or involuntary or is effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body.

The trustee shall not be charged with knowledge of any Default or Event of Default with respect to the Notes unless a written notice of such Default or Event of Default shall have been given to a Trust Officer by the Company or any Holder of Notes.

If a Default occurs and is continuing and a Trust Officer has received written notification thereof, the trustee must mail, or in the case of global notes, send in accordance with the applicable procedures of the depositary, to each Holder of the Notes of each series notice of the Default within the earlier of 90 days after it occurs and 30 days after it is actually known to a trust officer or written notice of it is received by the trustee. Except in the case of a default in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any Note, including payments pursuant to the redemption provisions of such Note, the trustee may withhold notice if and so long as a committee of its trust officers in good faith determines that withholding such notice is in the interests of the Holders. In addition, the Company will be required to deliver to the trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, a certificate indicating whether the officers signing such certificate on behalf of the Company know of any Default that occurred during the previous year. The Company will also be required to deliver to the trustee, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, written notice of any event which would constitute an Event of Default, the status and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take in respect thereof.

A Default under clause (4) or (5) above will not constitute an Event of Default until the trustee notifies the Company or the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes notify the Company and the trustee of the Default and the Company or the Subsidiary Guarantor, as applicable, does not cure such Default within the time specified in clause (4) or (5) above after receipt of such notice. The notice must specify the Default, demand that it be remedied and state that the notice is a "Notice of Default."

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default relating to the bankruptcy provisions) occurs and is continuing, the trustee or the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes by notice to the Company and the trustee (if given by the Holders) may declare the principal of and accrued but unpaid interest on all the Notes to be due and payable. Upon such a declaration, such principal and interest will be due and payable immediately. If an Event of Default relating to the bankruptcy provisions occurs, the principal of and interest on all the Notes of each series will become immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the trustee or any Holders. Under certain circumstances, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of each series may rescind any such acceleration with respect to the Notes of each series and its consequences.

In case an Event of Default shall occur and be continuing, the trustee shall not be under any obligation to exercise any of the trusts or powers vested in it by the Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders, unless such Holders shall have offered to such trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the trustee. The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of a series then outstanding shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee under the Indenture or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee with respect to the Notes of each series; *provided* that the trustee may refuse to follow any direction that is in conflict with any law or the Indenture or that the trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other Holder or that would involve the trustee in personal liability.

Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest with respect to the Notes of each series when due, no Holder may pursue any remedy with respect to the Indenture or the Notes of such series unless:

- (1) such Holder has previously given the trustee notice that an Event of Default is continuing;

[Table of Contents](#)

(2) Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of such series have requested the trustee in writing to pursue the remedy;

(3) such Holders have offered the trustee security or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the trustee against any loss, liability or expense;

(4) the trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the request and the offer of security or indemnity; and

(5) the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of such series have not given the trustee a direction inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

Amendments and Waivers

Subject to certain exceptions, the Indenture or the Notes of either series may be amended with the written consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding and any past default or compliance with any provisions may be waived with the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding (including consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for the Notes of such series); *provided, however*, that (x) if any such amendment or waiver will only affect one series of Notes (or less than all series of Notes) then outstanding under the Indenture, then only the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding (including, in each case, consents obtained in connection with a tender offer or exchange offer for Notes) shall be required and (y) if any such amendment or waiver by its terms will affect a series of Notes in a manner different and materially adverse relative to the manner such amendment or waiver affects other series of Notes, then the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes of such adversely affected series then outstanding (including, in each case, consents obtained in connection with a tender offer or exchange offer for Notes) shall be required.

The Indenture provides that, with respect to each series of Notes, without the consent of each Holder of an outstanding Note of such series adversely affected thereby, no amendment may:

(1) reduce the principal amount of Notes whose Holders must consent to an amendment;

(2) reduce the rate of or extend the time for payment of interest on any Note;

(3) reduce the principal of or extend the Stated Maturity of any Note;

(4) reduce the premium payable upon the redemption of any Note or change the time at which any Note may be redeemed as described under “— Optional Redemption” above;

(5) make any Note payable in money other than that stated in the Note;

(6) impair the right of any Holder to receive payment of principal of, and interest on, such Holder’s Notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such Holder’s Notes;

(7) make any change in the amendment provisions or in the waiver provisions which require each Holder’s consent; or

(8) release any Subsidiary Guarantee (other than in accordance with the terms of the Indenture).

Table of Contents

Without the consent of any Holder, the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the trustee may amend the Indenture to:

(a) convey, transfer, assign, mortgage or pledge any property or assets to the trustee as security for the Notes;

(b) evidence the succession of another Person to the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, or successive successions, and the assumption by the successor Person of the covenants, agreements and obligations of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor under the Indenture pursuant to the provisions described under “—Merger and Consolidation” above;

(c) add to the covenants of the Company and the Subsidiary Guarantors further covenants, restrictions, conditions or provisions for the protection of the Holders of Notes;

(d) cure any ambiguity or correct or supplement any provision contained in the Indenture that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision contained in the Indenture, or make such other provisions in regard to matters or questions arising under the Indenture as the Company’s board of directors may deem necessary or desirable and that shall not materially and adversely affect the interests of the Holders of Notes;

(e) evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment under the Indenture by a successor trustee with respect to the Notes and add to or change any of the provisions of the Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts under the Indenture by more than the one trustee pursuant to the requirements of the Indenture;

(f) provide for uncertificated Notes of such series in addition to or in place of certificated Notes (*provided, however*, that the uncertificated Notes are issued in registered form for purposes of Section 163(f) of the Code, or in a manner such that the uncertificated Notes are described in Section 163(f)(2)(B) of the Code);

(g) add additional Subsidiary Guarantees with respect to the Notes and release any Subsidiary Guarantor in accordance with the Indenture;

(h) provide for the issuance of Additional Notes;

(i) conform the text of the Indenture or the Notes to any provision of this Description of Notes; or

(j) comply with any requirement of the SEC in connection with the qualification of the indenture under the Trust Indenture Act.

The consent of the Holders will not be necessary to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment. It will be sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment.

After an amendment becomes effective, the Company is required to mail, or in the case of global notes, send in accordance with the applicable procedures of the depository, to Holders (with a copy to the trustee) a notice briefly describing such amendment. However, the failure to give such notice to all Holders, or any defect therein, will not impair or affect the validity of the amendment.

Defeasance

The Company may at any time terminate all its obligations under the Notes and the Indenture (“legal defeasance”), except for certain obligations, including those respecting the defeasance trust and obligations to register the transfer or exchange of the Notes, to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and to maintain a registrar and paying agent in respect of the Notes.

Table of Contents

In addition, the Company may at any time terminate:

(1) its obligations under the covenants described under “—Change of Control” and “—Certain Covenants” above, and

(2) the operation of the cross acceleration provision, the bankruptcy provisions with respect to Significant Subsidiaries, the judgment default provision and the note guaranty provision described under “Defaults” above and the limitations contained in clause (3) under the first paragraph of “—Merger and Consolidation” above (“covenant defeasance”).

In the event that the Company exercises its legal defeasance option or its covenant defeasance option, each Subsidiary Guarantor will be released from all of its obligations with respect to its Subsidiary Guarantee.

The Company may exercise its legal defeasance option notwithstanding its prior exercise of its covenant defeasance option. If the Company exercises its legal defeasance option, payment of the Notes may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default with respect thereto. If the Company exercises its covenant defeasance option, payment of the Notes of such series may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default specified in clause (4) and (5) (with respect only to the applicable Restricted Subsidiaries), (6) and (7) (with respect only to Significant Subsidiaries) or (8) under “—Defaults” above or because of the failure of the Company to comply with clause (3) under the first paragraph of “—Merger and Consolidation” above.

In order to exercise either defeasance option, the Company must irrevocably deposit in trust (the “defeasance trust”) with the trustee money in an amount sufficient to pay U.S. Government Obligations, the principal of and interest on which will be sufficient, or a combination thereof sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized accounting firm, to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes to redemption or maturity, as the case may be, and must comply with specified other conditions, including delivery to the trustee of an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that Holders will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amounts and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and defeasance had not occurred and, in the case of legal defeasance only, such Opinion of Counsel must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or other change in applicable Federal income tax law.

Satisfaction and Discharge

The Indenture (including the Subsidiary Guarantees) will be discharged and will cease to be of further effect (except as to surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of Notes, as expressly provided for in the Indenture) as to all Notes of such series issued thereunder when:

(1) all outstanding Notes of such series (other than Notes replaced or paid) have been canceled or delivered to the trustee for cancellation; or

(2) all outstanding Notes of such series have become due and payable, whether at maturity or as a result of the mailing of a notice of redemption, or will become due and payable within one year, and the Company irrevocably deposits with the trustee funds in an amount sufficient to pay U.S. Government Obligations, the principal of and interest on which will be sufficient, or a combination thereof sufficient, in the written opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants delivered to the trustee (which opinion shall only be required to be delivered if U.S. Government Obligations have been so deposited), to pay the principal of and interest on the outstanding Notes when due at maturity or upon redemption of, including interest thereon to maturity or such redemption date (other than Notes replaced or paid); and, in either case

(3) the Company pays all other sums payable under the Indenture by it.

[Table of Contents](#)

Concerning the Trustee

MUFG Union Bank, N.A. is the trustee under the Indenture and has been appointed by the Company as registrar and paying agent with regard to the Notes. The Company and its subsidiaries may maintain accounts and conduct other banking transactions with affiliates of the trustee.

No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders

No director, officer, employee, incorporator, stockholder, member, manager or partner of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, as such, will have any liability for any obligations of the Company or the Subsidiary Guarantors under the Notes of each series, the Indenture, the Subsidiary Guarantees or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder of Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes. The waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws.

Governing Law

The Indenture and the Notes are governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

Certain Definitions

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in the Indenture. Reference is made to the Indenture for a full disclosure of all such terms, as well as any other capitalized terms used herein for which no definition is provided.

“*Additional Assets*” means:

(1) any property or assets (other than Indebtedness and Capital Stock) to be used by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary in a Permitted Business;

(2) the Capital Stock of a Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of the acquisition of such Capital Stock by the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary; or

(3) Capital Stock constituting a minority interest in any Person that at such time is a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that any such Restricted Subsidiary described in clause (1) or (2) above is primarily engaged in a Permitted Business.

“*Additional Interest*” means (i) with respect to the Initial Notes, all additional interest owing on the Initial Notes pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement entered into with respect to such Initial Notes, and (ii) with respect to Additional Notes, all additional interest owing on such Additional Notes pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement entered into with respect to such Additional Notes.

“*Adjusted EBITDA*” means, with respect to any Person for any period, the Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period:

(a) increased (without duplication) by the following to the extent deducted in calculating the Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period:

(1) provision for Federal, state, local and foreign taxes based on income or profits or capital (including, without limitation, state franchise, excise and similar taxes and foreign withholding taxes of such Person) paid or accrued during such period, including any penalties and interest relating to any tax examinations, and (without duplication) net of any tax credits applied during such period (including tax credits applicable to taxes paid in earlier periods); *plus*

(2) Consolidated Interest Expense; *plus*

Table of Contents

(3) depreciation and amortization expense; *plus*

(4) any expenses or charges (other than depreciation or amortization expense) related to any equity offering, Investment, acquisition, Asset Disposition or recapitalization permitted under the Indenture or the incurrence of Indebtedness permitted to be incurred under the Indenture (including any amendment, modification or refinancing thereof) (whether or not successful), including such fees, expenses or charges related to the Business Combination or the Transactions; *plus*

(5) the amount of any restructuring charge or reserve or integration cost, including any one-time costs incurred in connection with the Business Combination and acquisitions or divestitures after the Issue Date; *plus*

(6) other non-cash charges, write-downs, expenses, losses or items reducing Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period, including any impairment charges or the impact of purchase accounting (excluding any such non-cash charge, writedown or item to the extent it represents an accrual or reserve for a cash expenditure for a future period), less other non-cash items of income increasing Consolidated Net Income (excluding any such non-cash item of income to the extent it represents a receipt of cash in any future period so long as such receipt of cash is not included in calculating Consolidated Net Income or Adjusted EBITDA in such later period); *plus*

(7) all expenses and charges relating to non-controlling Capital Stock and equity income in non-wholly owned Restricted Subsidiaries; *plus*

(8) any costs or expense incurred pursuant to any equity plan or stock option plan or any other director, officer, management or employee benefit plan, arrangement or agreement or any stock subscription or stockholder agreement; *plus*

(9) cash receipts (or any netting arrangements resulting in reduced cash expenditures) not included in Adjusted EBITDA or Consolidated Net Income in any period to the extent non-cash gains relating to such receipts were deducted in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA pursuant to paragraph (b) below for any previous period and not otherwise added back in such period or any other period; *plus*

(10) cost savings, expense reductions, operating improvements, integration savings and synergies, in each case, resulting from acquisitions or divestitures after the Issue Date and projected by the Company in good faith to be realized as a result, and within 12 months, of such acquisition or divestiture;

(b) decreased (without duplication) by the following to the extent included in calculating the Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period:

(1) non-cash gains other than (A) non-cash gains to the extent they represent the reversal of an accrual or cash reserve for a potential cash item that reduced Adjusted EBITDA in any prior period and (B) non-cash gains with respect to cash actually received in a prior period so long as such cash did not increase Adjusted EBITDA in such prior period.

“*Affiliate*” means, with respect to any Person, another Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls or is Controlled by or is under common Control with the Person specified.

“*Applicable Premium*” means, (x) with respect to a 2023 Note at any date of redemption, the greater of (i) 1.0% of the then-outstanding principal amount of such 2023 Note and (ii) the excess of (A) the present value at such date of redemption of (1) the redemption price of such note at December 1, 2018 (such redemption price being described under “—Optional Redemption”) *plus* (2) all remaining required interest payments due on such note through December 1, 2018 (excluding accrued but unpaid interest to the date of redemption), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate (as of such redemption date or, in the case of satisfaction and discharge or defeasance, as of the date on which funds are deposited with the Trustee) *plus* 50 basis points, over (B) the then-outstanding principal amount of such 2023 Note and (y) with respect to a 2025 Note at any date of

Table of Contents

redemption, the greater of (i) 1.0% of the then-outstanding principal amount of such 2025 Note and (ii) the excess of (A) the present value at such date of redemption of (1) the redemption price of such note at December 1, 2020 (such redemption price being described under “—Optional Redemption”) *plus* (2) all remaining required interest payments due on such note through December 1, 2020 (excluding accrued but unpaid interest to the date of redemption), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate (as of such redemption date or, in the case of a satisfaction and discharge or defeasance, as of the date on which funds are deposited with the Trustee) *plus* 50 basis points, over (B) the then-outstanding principal amount of such 2025 Note. In each case, the Applicable Premium shall be determined by the Company. The Trustee shall have no duty to calculate or verify the calculations of the Applicable Premium.

“*Asset Disposition*” means any sale, lease, transfer or other disposition (or series of related sales, leases, transfers or dispositions that are part of a common plan) by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than operating leases entered into in the ordinary course of business), including any disposition by means of a merger, consolidation, or similar transaction (each referred to for the purposes of this definition as a “disposition”), of:

- (1) any shares of Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary (other than directors’ qualifying shares or shares required by applicable law to be held by a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary),
- (2) all or substantially all the assets of any division or line of business of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or
- (3) any other assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary outside of the ordinary course of business of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary,

other than, in each of cases (1), (2) and (3),

- (A) any disposition by a Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary to a Restricted Subsidiary,
- (B) for purposes of the provisions described under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock” only, a disposition subject to (and permitted by) the covenant described under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Restricted Payments,”
- (C) a disposition of assets with a Fair Market Value of less than \$100,000,000,
- (D) any disposition of surplus, obsolete, discontinued or worn-out equipment or other assets that, in the good faith judgment of the Company, are no longer used or useful in the ongoing business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries,
- (E) (i) any disposition of cash or Cash Equivalents or readily marketable securities or (ii) any disposition resulting from the liquidation or dissolution of any Restricted Subsidiary to the extent made ratably in accordance with the relative equity interests held by, or capital accounts of, the owners thereof,
- (F) any transaction that constitutes a Permitted Investment,
- (G) the creation of any Permitted Lien,
- (H) the unwinding of any obligations (contingent or otherwise) existing or arising under any Swap Contract,
- (I) dispositions of delinquent accounts receivable in connection with collection or compromise thereof; any release of any intangible claims or rights in connection with a lawsuit, dispute or other controversy; licenses (including licenses of intellectual property), sublicenses, leases or subleases granted to any Persons and not interfering in any material respect with the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries,

[Table of Contents](#)

(J) any disposition arising from foreclosure, condemnation or similar action with respect to any property or other assets, or exercise of termination rights under any lease, license, concession or other agreement, or disposition of properties that have been subject to a casualty to the respective insurer of such property or its designee as part of an insurance settlement; and any surrender or waiver of contract rights or a settlement, release or surrender of contract, tort or other claims in the ordinary course of business, and

(K) any disposition of securities of any Unrestricted Subsidiary.

“*Attributable Indebtedness*” means, on any date, (a) in respect of any Capitalized Lease of any Person, the capitalized amount thereof that would appear on a balance sheet of such Person prepared as of such date in accordance with GAAP and (b) in respect of any Synthetic Lease Obligation, the capitalized amount of the remaining lease or similar payments under the relevant lease or other applicable agreement or instrument that would appear on a balance sheet of such Person prepared as of such date in accordance with GAAP if such lease or other agreement or instrument were accounted for as a Capitalized Lease.

“*Average Life*” means, as of the date of determination, with respect to any Indebtedness or Preferred Stock, the quotient obtained by dividing:

(1) the sum of the products of the numbers of years from the date of determination to the dates of each successive scheduled principal payment of such Indebtedness or scheduled redemption or similar payment with respect to such Preferred Stock multiplied by the amount of such payment by

(2) the sum of all such payments.

“*Business Day*” means each day that is not a Legal Holiday.

“*Capital Stock*” means, with respect to any Person, all of the shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person, all of the warrants, options or other rights for the purchase or acquisition from such Person of shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person, all of the securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person or warrants, rights or options for the purchase or acquisition from such Person of such shares (or such other interests), and all of the other ownership or profit interests in such Person (including partnership, member or trust interests therein), whether voting or nonvoting, and whether or not such shares, warrants, options, rights or other interests are outstanding on any date of determination.

“*Capitalized Leases*” means all leases that have been or should be, in accordance with GAAP, recorded as capitalized leases.

“*Cash Equivalents*” means any of the following types of Investments, to the extent owned by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries:

(1) readily marketable obligations issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof having maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof; *provided* that the full faith and credit of the United States of America is pledged in support thereof, or, in the case of a Foreign Subsidiary, readily marketable obligations issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the government, governmental agency or applicable multinational intergovernmental organization of the country of such Foreign Subsidiary or backed by the full faith and credit of the government, governmental agency or applicable multinational intergovernmental organization of the country of such Foreign Subsidiary having maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof;

(2) readily marketable obligations issued by any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision of any such state or any public instrumentality thereof maturing within one year from the date of acquisition thereof and having, at the time of acquisition, the highest rating obtainable from Moody’s or S&P;

Table of Contents

(3) demand deposits, time deposits, Eurodollar time deposits, repurchase agreements or reverse repurchase agreements with, or insured certificates of deposit or bankers' acceptances of, or that are guaranteed by, any commercial bank that (i) is organized under the laws of the United States of America, any state thereof or the District of Columbia or is the principal banking subsidiary of a bank holding company organized under the laws of the United States of America, any state thereof or the District of Columbia, and is a member of the Federal Reserve System, (ii) issues (or the parent of which issues) commercial paper rated as described in clause (4) of this definition and (iii) has combined capital and surplus of at least \$500,000,000, in each case with maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof;

(4) commercial paper issued by any Person organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America and rated at least "Prime-2" (or the then equivalent grade) by Moody's or at least "A-2" (or the then equivalent grade) by S&P, in each case with maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof;

(5) corporate promissory notes or other obligations maturing not more than one year after the date of acquisition which at the time of such acquisition have, or are supported by, an unconditional guaranty from a corporation with similar obligations which have the highest rating obtainable from Moody's or S&P;

(6) Investments, classified in accordance with GAAP as current assets of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, in money market investment programs registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which are administered by financial institutions that have the highest rating obtainable from either Moody's or S&P, and the portfolios of which are limited solely to Investments of the character, quality and maturity described in clauses (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this definition;

(7) other short-term investments utilized by Foreign Subsidiaries in accordance with normal investment practices for cash management in investments of a type analogous to the foregoing; and

(8) solely with respect to any Foreign Subsidiary, non-Dollar denominated (i) certificates of deposit of, bankers acceptances of, or time deposits with, any commercial bank which is organized and existing under the laws of the country in which such Foreign Subsidiary maintains its chief executive office and principal place of business provided such country is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, and whose short-term commercial paper rating from S&P is at least A-1 or the equivalent thereof or from Moody's is at least P-1 or the equivalent thereof (any such bank being an "Approved Foreign Bank") and maturing within 180 days of the date of acquisition and (ii) equivalents of demand deposit accounts which are maintained with an Approved Foreign Bank.

"Change of Control" means:

(1) any event or series of events by which any "person" or "group" (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act, but excluding any employee benefit plan of such person or its Subsidiaries, and any Person acting in its capacity as trustee, agent or other fiduciary or administrator of any such plan) becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the equity securities of the Company entitled to vote for members of the Board of Directors or equivalent governing body of the Company on a fully-diluted basis, or

(2) the Company sells, conveys, transfers or leases (either in one transaction or a series of related transactions) all or substantially all of its assets to, or merges or consolidates with, a Person other than a Subsidiary of the Company, other than a merger or consolidation where (A) the equity securities of the Company entitled to vote for members of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction are converted into or exchanged for equity securities of the surviving or transferee Person constituting a majority of the outstanding equity securities of such surviving or transferee Person entitled to vote for members of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of such surviving or transferee Person (immediately after giving effect to such issuance) and (B) immediately after such transaction, no "person" or "group" (as such terms are used in Sections

[Table of Contents](#)

13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act, but excluding any employee benefit plan of such person or its subsidiaries, and any person or entity acting in its capacity as trustee, agent or other fiduciary or administrator of any such plan) becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the equity securities of the surviving or transferee Person entitled to vote for members of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the surviving or transferee Person on a fully diluted basis.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“Consolidated Coverage Ratio” as of any date of determination means the ratio of:

(1) the aggregate amount of Adjusted EBITDA of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries for the period of the most recent four consecutive fiscal quarters for which financial statements are then publicly available to

(2) Consolidated Interest Expense for such four fiscal quarters; *provided, however*, that:

(A) if the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary has Incurred any Indebtedness since the beginning of such period that remains outstanding on such date of determination, or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Consolidated Coverage Ratio is an Incurrence of Indebtedness, Adjusted EBITDA and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period shall be calculated after giving effect on a pro forma basis to such Indebtedness as if such Indebtedness had been Incurred on the first day of such period and the discharge of any other Indebtedness repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged with the proceeds of such new Indebtedness as if such discharge had occurred on the first day of such period,

(B) if the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary has repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged any Indebtedness since the beginning of such period or if any Indebtedness is to be repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged (in each case other than Indebtedness Incurred under any revolving credit facility or similar arrangement, unless such Indebtedness has been permanently repaid and the related commitment has been terminated and not been replaced) on the date of the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Consolidated Coverage Ratio, Adjusted EBITDA and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period shall be calculated on a pro forma basis as if such discharge had occurred on the first day of such period,

(C) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary shall have made any Asset Disposition, the Adjusted EBITDA for such period shall be reduced by an amount equal to the Adjusted EBITDA, if positive, directly attributable to the assets that are the subject of such Asset Disposition for such period or increased by an amount equal to the Adjusted EBITDA (if negative) directly attributable thereto for such period and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period shall be reduced by an amount equal to the Consolidated Interest Expense directly attributable to any Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged with respect to the Company and its continuing Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with such Asset Disposition for such period or, if the Capital Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary is sold, the Consolidated Interest Expense for such period directly attributable to the Indebtedness of such Restricted Subsidiary to the extent the Company and its continuing Restricted Subsidiaries are no longer liable for such Indebtedness after such sale,

(D) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, by merger or otherwise, shall have made an Investment in any Restricted Subsidiary or any Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary or an acquisition of assets, including any acquisition of assets occurring in connection with a transaction causing a calculation to be made hereunder, which constitutes all or substantially all of an operating unit of a business, Adjusted EBITDA and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period shall be calculated after giving pro forma effect thereto, including the

[Table of Contents](#)

Incurrence of any Indebtedness as if such Investment or acquisition occurred on the first day of such period, and

(E) if since the beginning of such period any Person that subsequently became a Restricted Subsidiary or was merged with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary since the beginning of such period, shall have made any Asset Disposition or any Investment or acquisition of assets that would have required an adjustment pursuant to clause (C) or (D) above if made by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary during such period, Adjusted EBITDA and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period shall be calculated after giving pro forma effect thereto as if such Asset Disposition, Investment or acquisition of assets occurred on the first day of such period.

For purposes of this definition, whenever pro forma effect is to be given to any transaction under this definition, the pro forma calculations shall be determined in good faith by a responsible financial or accounting Officer of the Company and shall comply with the requirements of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC, but may also include, in the case of sales of assets, Investments or acquisitions referred to above, the net reduction in costs that have been realized or are reasonably anticipated to be realized in good faith with respect to such sale of assets, Investment or acquisition within twelve months of the date thereof and that are reasonable and factually supportable, as if all such reductions in costs had been effected as of the beginning of such period, decreased by any incremental expenses incurred or to be incurred during such four-quarter period in order to achieve such reduction in costs, as set forth in an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee that outlines the specific actions taken or to be taken and the net reduction in costs achieved or to be achieved from each such action and that certifies that such cost reductions meet the criteria set forth in this sentence.

If any Indebtedness bears a floating rate of interest and is being given pro forma effect, the interest expense on such Indebtedness shall be calculated as if the rate in effect on the date of determination had been the applicable rate for the entire period, taking into account any Swap Contract applicable to such Indebtedness if such Swap Contract has a remaining term as of the date of determination in excess of 12 months. If the interest on any such Indebtedness may be determined based on rates chosen by the Company, pro forma interest expense may be determined based on such optional rate chosen as the Company may designate.

“*Consolidated Funded Indebtedness*” means, as of any date of determination, for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP and without duplication, all (a) Indebtedness for borrowed money and all obligations evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures, loan agreements or similar instruments, (b) Indebtedness in respect of the deferred purchase price of property or services (which such Indebtedness excludes, for the avoidance of doubt, trade accounts payable or similar obligations to a trade creditor in the ordinary course of business and any contingent earn out obligation or other contingent obligation related to an acquisition or an Investment permitted hereunder), (c) Indebtedness arising under letters of credit (excluding Performance Letters of Credit), (d) all Indebtedness with respect to Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries, (e) Guarantees of the foregoing types of Indebtedness and (f) all Indebtedness of the types referred to in clauses (a) through (e) above of any partnership in which the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary is a general partner; *provided*, that “*Consolidated Funded Indebtedness*” shall exclude all obligations under any Swap Contract.

“*Consolidated Interest Expense*” means, for any period, the total interest expense of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, *plus*, to the extent incurred by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in such period but not included in such interest expense, without duplication:

- (1) interest expense attributable to Capitalized Leases and the interest expense attributable to leases constituting part of a Sale/Leaseback Transaction,
- (2) amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs,
- (3) capitalized interest,
- (4) non-cash interest expense,

Table of Contents

(5) commissions, discounts and other fees and charges attributable to letters of credit and bankers' acceptance financing,

(6) interest accruing on any Indebtedness of any other Person to the extent such Indebtedness is Guaranteed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary,

(7) net payments, if any, under Swap Contracts,

(8) all dividends in respect of all Disqualified Stock of the Company and all Preferred Stock of any of the Subsidiaries of the Company (other than dividends payable solely in Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) or to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary), and

(9) the cash contributions to any employee stock ownership plan or similar trust to the extent such contributions are used by such plan or trust to pay interest or fees to any Person (other than the Company) in connection with Indebtedness Incurred by such plan or trust.

“*Consolidated Leverage Ratio*” means, as of any date of determination, the ratio of (a) Consolidated Funded Indebtedness as of such date to (b) Adjusted EBITDA of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis for the most recently completed four fiscal quarters of the Company. The *Consolidated Leverage Ratio* shall be calculated consistent with the pro forma adjustments contemplated by the definition of Consolidated Coverage Ratio.

“*Consolidated Net Income*” shall mean, for any Person for any period of measurement, the consolidated net income (or net loss) of such Person for such period, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP; provided that in computing such amount for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, there shall be excluded extraordinary gains and extraordinary losses of such Person for such period.

“*Consolidated Senior Secured Indebtedness*” means, at any time, without duplication, the aggregate principal amount of all Consolidated Funded Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries outstanding on such date, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP that, as of such date, is secured by a Lien on any asset of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than liens described in sub item 3(d) of the definition of Permitted Liens).

“*Consolidated Senior Secured Leverage Ratio*” means, as of any date of determination, the ratio of (a) Consolidated Senior Secured Indebtedness as of such date to (b) Adjusted EBITDA of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis for the most recently completed four fiscal quarters of the Company. The Consolidated Senior Secured Leverage Ratio shall be calculated consistent with the pro forma adjustments contemplated by the definition of Consolidated Coverage Ratio.

“*Consolidated Tangible Assets*” means, as of any date of determination, total assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries less goodwill and other intangible assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries as of the most recent fiscal quarter end for which an internal consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries is available, all calculated on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

“*Consolidation*” means the consolidation of the accounts of each of the Restricted Subsidiaries with those of the Company in accordance with GAAP consistently applied; *provided, however*, that “Consolidation” will not include consolidation of the accounts of any Unrestricted Subsidiary, but the interest of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be accounted for as an Investment. The term “*Consolidated*” has a correlative meaning.

“*Control*” means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise. “*Controlling*” and “*Controlled*” have meanings correlative thereto.

“*Credit Facilities*” means, one or more debt facilities (including, without limitation, the Existing Credit Agreement), commercial paper facilities or indentures, in each case with banks or other lenders or a trustee,

Table of Contents

providing for revolving credit loans, term loans, receivables financing (including through the sale of receivables to such lenders or to special purpose entities formed to borrow from such lenders against such receivables), letters of credit or issuances of notes, in each case, as amended, restated, modified, renewed, refunded, replaced or refinanced in whole or in part from time to time.

“*Default*” means any event or condition that constitutes an Event of Default or that, with the giving of any notice, the passage of time, or both, would be an Event of Default.

“*Designated Noncash Consideration*” means the Fair Market Value of non-cash consideration received by the Company or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with an Asset Disposition that is so designated as Designated Noncash Consideration pursuant to an Officers’ Certificate, setting forth the basis of such valuation.

“*Disqualified Stock*” means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock that by its terms, or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or for which it is exchangeable or exercisable, or upon the happening of any event:

(1) matures or is mandatorily redeemable pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise,

(2) is convertible or exchangeable for Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock, excluding Capital Stock convertible or exchangeable solely at the option of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that any such conversion or exchange shall be deemed an Incurrence of Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock, as applicable, or

(3) is redeemable at the option of the holder thereof, in whole or in part,

in the case of each of clauses (1), (2) and (3), on or prior to the date that is one year after the Stated Maturity of the Notes; *provided, however*, that any Capital Stock that would not constitute Disqualified Stock but for provisions thereof giving holders thereof the right to require such Person to repurchase or redeem such Capital Stock upon the occurrence of an “asset sale” or “change of control” occurring prior to the date that is one year after the Stated Maturity of the Notes shall not constitute Disqualified Stock if the “asset sale” or “change of control” provisions applicable to such Capital Stock are not more favorable to the holders of such Capital Stock than the provisions of the covenants described under “—Change of Control” and “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock.”

“*Domestic Restricted Subsidiary*” means a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Foreign Subsidiary.

“*Exchange Notes*” means the new notes.

“*Existing Credit Agreement*” means the senior unsecured revolving credit facility, dated April 7, 2015, among the Company, the guarantors from time to time party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as a lender and the other lenders from time to time party thereto, together with all amendments, modifications, amendments and restatements and supplements thereto.

“*Fair Market Value*” means, with respect to any asset or property, the price that could be negotiated in an arm’s-length, free market transaction, for cash, between a willing seller and a willing and able buyer, neither of whom is under undue pressure or compulsion to complete the transaction, as determined by an Officer in good faith. The Fair Market Value of property or assets other than cash which involves an aggregate amount in excess of \$25,000,000 shall have been determined by the Board of Directors in good faith and evidenced by a Board Resolution.

“*Foreign Subsidiary*” means (i) any Subsidiary that is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the United States, a State thereof or the District of Columbia and any direct or indirect Subsidiary of such Subsidiary, and (ii) any Person substantially all of whose assets consist of equity interests and/or indebtedness of one or more Foreign Subsidiaries and any other assets incidental thereto.

Table of Contents

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as in effect as of the Closing Date, including those set forth in:

- (1) the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants,
- (2) statements and pronouncements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board,
- (3) such other statements by such other entities as approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession, and
- (4) the rules and regulations of the SEC governing the inclusion of financial statements (including pro forma financial statements) in periodic reports required to be filed pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act, including opinions and pronouncements in staff accounting bulletins and similar written statements from the accounting staff of the SEC;

provided, with respect to any reports or financial information required to be delivered pursuant to the covenant described above under “—Certain Covenants —SEC Reports,” such reports or financial information shall be prepared in accordance with GAAP as in effect on the date thereof.

All ratios and computations based on GAAP contained in the Indenture shall be computed in conformity with GAAP.

“*Governmental Authority*” means the government of the United States or any other nation, or of any political subdivision thereof, whether state or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any supra national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

“*Guarantee*” means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of any Person directly or indirectly guaranteeing any Indebtedness or other obligation of any other Person and any obligation, direct or indirect, contingent or otherwise, of such Person:

- (1) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness or other obligation of such other Person (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreement to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take-or-pay, or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise) or
- (2) entered into for purposes of assuring in any other manner the obligee of such Indebtedness or other obligation of the payment thereof or to protect such obligee against loss in respect thereof (in whole or in part);

provided, however, that the term “Guarantee” shall not include endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business. The term “Guarantee” when used as a verb has a corresponding meaning. The term “*Guarantor*” shall mean any Person Guaranteeing any obligation.

The amount of any Guarantee or other contingent liability, to the extent constituting Indebtedness or an Investment, shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the stated or determinable amount of the related primary obligation, or portion thereof, in respect of which such Guarantee is made or, if not stated or determinable, the maximum reasonably anticipated liability in respect thereof as determined by the guaranteeing Person or entity in good faith. For the avoidance of doubt, the stated or determinable amount of any undrawn revolving facility shall be zero.

“*Holder*” means the Person in whose name a Note is registered on the Registrar’s books.

“*Incur*” means to issue, assume, Guarantee, incur or otherwise become liable for; *provided, however*, that: any Indebtedness or Capital Stock of a Person existing at the time such Person becomes a Subsidiary (whether by

Table of Contents

merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise) shall be deemed to be Incurred by such Person at the time it becomes a Subsidiary. The term “*Incurrence*” when used as a noun shall have a correlative meaning. The accretion of principal of a non interest bearing or other discount security or accrual of payment in kind interest shall not be deemed the Incurrence of Indebtedness.

“*Indebtedness*” means, as to any Person at a particular time, without duplication, all of the following, whether or not included as indebtedness or liabilities in accordance with GAAP:

- (1) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money and all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes, loan agreements or other similar instruments;
- (2) the maximum amount of all direct or contingent obligations of such Person arising under letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers’ acceptances, bank guaranties, surety bonds and similar instruments (other than any Guarantees thereof and contingent obligations under or relating to bank guaranties or surety bonds);
- (3) net obligations of such Person under any Swap Contract if and to the extent such obligations would appear as a liability on a balance sheet (excluding the footnotes thereto) of such Person prepared in accordance with GAAP;
- (4) all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred purchase price of property or services (other than trade accounts payable or similar obligations to a trade creditor in the ordinary course of business and other than any contingent earn-out obligation or other contingent obligation related to an acquisition or an Investment permitted hereunder);
- (5) Indebtedness of other Persons secured by a Lien on any asset of such Person, whether or not such Indebtedness is assumed by such Person; *provided, however*, that the amount of Indebtedness of such Person shall be the lesser of (i) the Fair Market Value of such asset at such date of determination and (ii) the amount of such Indebtedness of such other Person;
- (6) all Attributable Indebtedness in respect of Capitalized Leases and Synthetic Lease Obligations of such Person;
- (7) the amount of all obligations of such Person with respect to the redemption, repayment or other repurchase of any Disqualified Stock or, with respect to any Subsidiary of such Person, any Preferred Stock (but excluding, in each case, any accrued dividends); and
- (8) all Guarantees of such Person in respect of any of the foregoing Indebtedness.

For all purposes hereof, the Indebtedness of any Person shall include the Indebtedness of any partnership in which such Person is a general partner. The amount of any net obligation under any Swap Contract on any date shall be deemed to be the Swap Termination Value thereof as of such date. The amount of any Guarantee of Indebtedness shall be determined in accordance with the definition of “*Guarantee*.” Notwithstanding the foregoing, Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries shall not include short-term intercompany payables between or among two or more of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries arising from cash management transactions.

“*Initial 2023 Notes*” means the \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2023 Notes issued on the Issue Date.

“*Initial 2025 Notes*” means the \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2025 Notes issued on the Issue Date.

“*Initial Notes*” means, collectively, the Initial 2023 Notes and the Initial 2025 Notes.

“*Interest*” means, with respect to the Notes, the cash interest (including any Additional Interest) payable on the Notes.

Table of Contents

“*Investment*” means, as to any Person, any direct or indirect acquisition or investment by such Person in another Person, whether by means of (a) the purchase or other acquisition of Capital Stock of another Person, (b) a loan, advance or capital contribution to, Guarantee or assumption of debt of, or purchase or other acquisition of any other debt or interest in, another Person, or (c) the purchase or other acquisition (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of assets of another Person that constitute a business unit. For purposes of covenant compliance, the amount of any Investment at any time outstanding shall be (i) the amount actually invested, without adjustment for subsequent increases or decreases in the value of such Investment, *minus* (ii) the amount of dividends or distributions received in connection with such Investment and any return of capital or repayment of principal received in respect of such Investment that, in each case, is received in cash or Cash Equivalents.

“*Issue Date*” means the date on which the Initial Notes are originally issued under this Indenture.

“*Laws*” means, collectively, all international, foreign, Federal, state and local statutes, treaties, rules, guidelines, regulations, ordinances, codes and administrative or judicial precedents or authorities, including the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the enforcement, interpretation or administration thereof, and all applicable administrative orders, directed duties, requests, licenses, authorizations and permits of, and agreements with, any Governmental Authority, in each case whether or not having the force of law.

“*Legal Holiday*” means a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions are not required by law or regulation to be open in the State of New York.

“*Lien*” means any mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, assignment, deposit arrangement, encumbrance (including any easement, right-of-way or other encumbrance on title to real property), lien (statutory or other), charge, or preference, priority or other security interest or preferential arrangement in the nature of a security interest of any kind or nature whatsoever (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, and any financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing).

“*Material Credit Facility*” means any Credit Facility under which there is outstanding (without duplication) Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor in an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than \$100,000,000 other than, for the avoidance of doubt, any factoring, securitization or vendor finance transactions.

“*Net Available Cash*” from an Asset Disposition means cash consideration received (including any cash payments received by way of deferred payment of principal pursuant to a note or installment receivable or otherwise and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of any securities received as consideration, but only as and when received, but excluding any other consideration received in the form of assumption by the acquiring Person of Indebtedness or other obligations relating to the properties or assets that are the subject of such Asset Disposition or received in any other non-cash form) therefrom, in each case net of:

(1) all legal, title and recording tax expenses, commissions and other fees and expenses incurred, and all Federal, state, provincial, foreign and local taxes required to be paid or accrued as a liability under GAAP, as a consequence of such Asset Disposition,

(2) all payments made on any Indebtedness which is secured by any assets subject to such Asset Disposition, in accordance with the terms of any Lien upon or other security agreement of any kind with respect to such assets, or which must by its terms, or in order to obtain a necessary consent to such Asset Disposition, or by applicable law be repaid out of the proceeds from such Asset Disposition,

(3) all distributions and other payments required to be made to minority interest holders in Subsidiaries or joint ventures as a result of such Asset Disposition,

(4) payments of unassumed liabilities relating to the assets sold at the time of, or within 60 days after, the date of such sale to the extent required by any agreement or contract relating to such liabilities, and

[Table of Contents](#)

(5) appropriate amounts to be provided by the seller as a reserve against any liabilities associated with the property or other assets disposed of in such Asset Disposition and retained by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary after such Asset Disposition, including indemnification obligations associated with such Asset Disposition.

“*Net Cash Proceeds*,” with respect to any issuance or sale of Capital Stock, means the cash proceeds of such issuance or sale net of attorneys’ fees, accountants’ fees, underwriters’ or placement agents’ fees, discounts or commissions and brokerage, consultant and other fees actually incurred in connection with such issuance or sale and net of taxes paid or payable as a result thereof.

“*Officer*” means the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the President, any Vice President, the Treasurer or the Secretary of the Company or of a Subsidiary Guarantor, as appropriate.

“*Officers’ Certificate*” means a certificate signed by two Officers.

“*Opinion of Counsel*” means a written opinion from legal counsel, which counsel shall be reasonably satisfactory to the trustee. The counsel may be an employee of or counsel to the Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor.

“*Pari Passu Indebtedness*” means Indebtedness that ranks equally in right of payment to the Notes, in the case of the Company, or the applicable Subsidiary Guarantee, in the case of any Subsidiary Guarantor (without giving effect to collateral arrangements).

“*Permitted Business*” means the businesses engaged in by the Company and its Subsidiaries on the Issue Date and any Related Business.

“*Permitted Investment*” means an Investment by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in:

- (1) the Company, a Restricted Subsidiary or a Person that will, upon the making of such Investment, become a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (2) another Person if as a result of such Investment such other Person is merged or consolidated with or into, or transfers or conveys all or substantially all its assets to, the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (3) cash or Cash Equivalents or the Notes or the Exchange Notes and Investments made in accordance with the Company’s investment policy, as in effect from time to time;
- (4) receivables owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary if created or acquired in the ordinary course of business and payable or dischargeable in accordance with customary trade terms; *provided, however*, that such trade terms may include such concessionary trade terms as the Company or any such Restricted Subsidiary deems reasonable under the circumstances;
- (5) payroll, travel and similar advances to cover matters that are expected at the time of such advances ultimately to be treated as expenses for accounting purposes and that are made in the ordinary course of business;
- (6) advances to officers, directors and employees of the Company and Restricted Subsidiaries made in the ordinary course of business for travel, entertainment, relocation and analogous ordinary business purposes;
- (7) Swap Contracts otherwise permitted under the Indenture;
- (8) Prepaid expenses, negotiable instruments held for collection, lease, utility, workers’ compensation, performance and other similar deposits in the ordinary course of business;
- (9) Investments to the extent paid for in Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company;

[Table of Contents](#)

(10) Investments acquired by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of a foreclosure by, or other transfer of title to, the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary with respect to a secured Investment;

(11) Investments in joint ventures and other business entities (in each case that are not Subsidiaries of the Company) that are engaged in a Permitted Business, having an aggregate Fair Market Value (measured on the date each such Investment was made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value), when taken together with all other Investments made pursuant to this clause (11) that are at the time outstanding not to exceed the greater of (A) \$250,000,000 and (B) 10% of Consolidated Tangible Assets as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter;

(12) Investments, in any Person, having an aggregate Fair Market Value (measured on the date each such Investment was made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value), when taken together with all other Investments made pursuant to this clause (12) that are outstanding at the time of incurrence thereof not to exceed the greater of (A) \$200,000,000 and (B) 8% of Consolidated Tangible Assets as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter;

(13) Loans, advances and Guarantees permitted by the covenant described under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness;”

(14) Investments consisting of advances to customers or suppliers in the ordinary course of business;

(15) Investments (i) consisting of extensions of credit in the nature of accounts receivable or notes receivable arising from the grant of trade credit in the ordinary course of business, and Investments (including Capital Stock) received in satisfaction or partial satisfaction thereof from financially troubled account debtors to the extent reasonably necessary in order to prevent or limit loss and (ii) received in connection with the satisfaction or enforcement of Indebtedness or claims due or owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, or as security for any such Indebtedness or claim;

(16) Investments in property and other assets owned or used by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business; and

(17) Investments existing on the Issue Date.

“*Permitted Liens*” means:

(1) Liens securing (i) Indebtedness under any Credit Facility permitted by clause (1) of paragraph (b) of the covenant described above under “—Limitation on Indebtedness” and (ii) other Indebtedness permitted to be incurred pursuant to the covenant described above under “—Limitation on Indebtedness;” provided that in the case of any such Indebtedness described in this subclause (ii), such Indebtedness, when aggregated with the amount of Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries which is secured by a Lien, does not cause the Consolidated Senior Secured Leverage Ratio to exceed 2.25 to 1.0; provided, further, that for purposes of this clause (1), at the Company’s option, any revolving credit commitment shall be deemed to be Indebtedness Incurred in the full amount of such commitment on the date such commitment is established (and thereafter, shall be included in “Consolidated Senior Secured Indebtedness” on such basis for purposes of determining the Consolidated Senior Secured Leverage Ratio under this clause (1) to the extent and for so long as such revolving credit commitment remains outstanding) and any subsequent repayment and borrowing under such revolving credit commitment shall be permitted to be secured by a Lien pursuant to this clause (1);

(2) Liens outstanding on the Issue Date (other than Liens referred to in clause (1) above) and any Replacement Liens thereof;

(3) (a) Liens for Taxes, assessments or charges of any Governmental Authority or claims not yet due (or, if failure to pay prior to delinquency but after the due date does not result in additional material amounts being due, which are not yet delinquent) or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which adequate reserves are being maintained in accordance with the provisions of GAAP or equivalent accounting standards in the country of organization, (b) statutory Liens of

Table of Contents

landlords and Liens of carriers, warehousemen, mechanics, materialmen, customs and revenue authorities and other Liens imposed by law and created in the ordinary course of business for amounts not yet due (or, if failure to pay prior to delinquency but after the due date does not result in additional material amounts being due, which are not yet delinquent) or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which adequate reserves or other appropriate provisions are being maintained in accordance with the provisions of GAAP or equivalent accounting standards in the Country of origin, (c) Liens (other than any Lien imposed under ERISA) incurred or deposits made in the ordinary course of business (including, without limitation, surety bonds and appeal bonds and Liens securing obligations under indemnity agreements for surety bonds) or other Liens in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and other types of social security benefits; Liens deemed to exist in connection with Investments in repurchase agreements permitted under subsection (3) of the definition of Investments; Liens of a collection bank arising under Section 4-210 of the Uniform Commercial Code on items in the course of collection; pledges and deposits in the ordinary course of business securing liability for reimbursement or indemnification obligations of insurance carriers providing property, casualty or liability insurance to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, (d) Liens consisting of any right of offset, or any statutory or consensual banker's lien, on bank deposits or securities accounts maintained in the ordinary course of business so long as such bank deposits or securities accounts are not established or maintained for the purpose of providing such right of offset or banker's lien, (e) easements (including, without limitation, reciprocal easement agreements and utility agreements), rights-of-way, covenants, consents, reservations, encroachments, variations and other restrictions, charges or encumbrances (whether or not recorded), which do not interfere materially and adversely with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (f) building restrictions, zoning laws, entitlements, conservation and environmental restrictions and other similar statutes, laws, rules, regulations, ordinances and restrictions, now or at any time hereafter adopted by any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction, (g) licenses, sublicenses, leases or subleases granted to third parties and not interfering in any material respect with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (h) any (A) interest or title of a lessor or sublessor under any lease not prohibited by the Indenture, (B) Lien or restriction that the interest or title of such lessor or sublessor may be subject to, or (C) subordination of the interest of the lessee or sublessee under such lease to any Lien or restriction referred to in the preceding subclause (B), so long as the holder of such Lien or restriction agrees to recognize the rights of such lessee or sublessee under such lease, (i) Liens in favor of customs and revenue authorities arising as a matter of Law to secure payment of customs duties in connection with the importation of goods and (j) Liens in favor of any Governmental Authority on deposit accounts in connection with auctions conducted on behalf of such Governmental Authorities in the ordinary course of business; *provided* that such Liens apply only to the amounts actually obtained from auctions conducted on behalf of such Governmental Authorities;

(4) any attachment or judgment Lien not otherwise constituting an Event of Default under clause (7) of "Defaults" in existence less than sixty (60) days after the entry thereof or with respect to which (i) execution has been stayed, (ii) payment is covered in full by insurance, or (iii) the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries shall in good faith be prosecuting an appeal or proceedings for review and shall have set aside on its books such reserves as may be required by GAAP with respect to such judgment or award;

(5) Liens securing Indebtedness permitted under clause (b)(8) of the covenant described under "—Limitation on Indebtedness;" *provided* that (i) such Liens do not at any time encumber any property other than the property financed by such Indebtedness and the products and proceeds thereof and (ii) the Indebtedness secured thereby does not exceed the purchase price of the property being acquired on the date of acquisition;

(6) Liens (i) on assets of any Restricted Subsidiary which are in existence at the time that such Restricted Subsidiary is acquired after the Issue Date, and (ii) on assets of any Loan Party (as defined in the Existing Credit Agreement) or any Restricted Subsidiary which are in existence at the time that such assets are acquired after the Issue Date, and, in each case, any Replacement Liens thereof; *provided* that such

Table of Contents

Liens (A) are not incurred or created in anticipation of such transaction and (B) attach only to the acquired assets or the assets of such acquired Restricted Subsidiary and the proceeds and products of such assets (and the proceeds and products thereof);

(7) Liens securing Swap Contracts of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries permitted to be incurred under the Indenture;

(8) Liens on property necessary to defease Indebtedness that was not incurred in violation of the Indenture;

(9) Liens arising out of conditional sale, title retention, consignment or similar arrangements for the sale or purchase of goods entered into by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;

(10) Liens securing the Notes or the Exchange Notes and the Guarantees thereof;

(11) any pledge of the Capital Stock of an Unrestricted Subsidiary to secure Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary; and

(12) other Liens securing obligations outstanding in aggregate amount not to exceed \$175,000,000.

“*Permitted Securities*” means, with respect to any Asset Disposition, Voting Stock of a Person primarily engaged in a Permitted Business; provided that after giving effect to the Asset Disposition such Person shall become a Restricted Subsidiary.

“*Person*” means any natural person, corporation, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association, company, partnership, Governmental Authority or other entity.

“*Preferred Stock*,” as applied to the Capital Stock of any Person, means Capital Stock of any class or classes (however designated) that is preferred as to the payment of dividends, or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation or dissolution of such Person, over shares of Capital Stock of any other class of such Person.

“*Qualified Equity Offering*” means an offering for cash by the Company of its common stock.

“*Receivable*” means any Indebtedness and other payment obligations owed to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, whether constituting an account, chattel paper, payment intangible, instrument or general intangible, in each case arising in connection with (a) the sale of goods or the rendering of service or (b) the lease, license, rental or use of equipment, facilities or software, including the obligation to pay any finance charges, fees and other charges with respect thereto.

“*Refinance*” means, in respect of any Indebtedness, to refinance, extend, renew, refund, repay, prepay, redeem, defease or retire, or to issue other Indebtedness in exchange or replacement for, such Indebtedness. “*Refinanced*” and “*Refinancing*” shall have correlative meanings.

“*Refinancing Indebtedness*” means Indebtedness that is Incurred to Refinance any Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary Incurred in compliance with the Indenture; *provided, however*, that:

(1) the Refinancing Indebtedness has a Stated Maturity no earlier than the Stated Maturity of the Indebtedness being Refinanced,

(2) the Refinancing Indebtedness has an Average Life at the time such Refinancing Indebtedness is Incurred that is equal to or greater than the Average Life of the Indebtedness being Refinanced,

(3) such Refinancing Indebtedness is Incurred in an aggregate principal amount (or if issued with original issue discount, an aggregate issue price) that is equal to or less than the aggregate principal amount

Table of Contents

(or if issued with original issue discount, the aggregate accreted value) then outstanding of the Indebtedness being Refinanced (*plus* all accrued interest thereon and the amount of any reasonably determined premium necessary to accomplish the Refinancing and such reasonable expenses incurred in connection therewith), and

(4)(A) if the Indebtedness being Refinanced is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or any Subsidiary Guarantee, such Refinancing Indebtedness is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or the Subsidiary Guarantee at least to the same extent as the Indebtedness being Refinanced and (B) if the Indebtedness being Refinanced is *pari passu* in right of payment with the Notes or any Subsidiary Guarantee, such Refinancing Indebtedness is *pari passu* with or subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or such Subsidiary Guarantee; *provided* further, however, that Refinancing Indebtedness shall not include:

- (i) Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor that Refinances Indebtedness of the Company, or
- (ii) Indebtedness of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary that Refinances Indebtedness of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

“*Registration Rights Agreement*” means the Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 19, 2015, among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the initial purchasers of the Notes.

“*Related Business*” means any business reasonably similar, incidental, complementary or related to, or a reasonable extension, development or expansion of, or necessary to, the businesses of the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries as may evolve from time to time and reasonable extensions thereof.

“*Replacement Lien*” means, with respect to any Lien, any modifications, replacements, refinancings, renewals or extensions of such Lien, *provided* that (A) the property covered thereby is not increased other than the addition of proceeds, products, accessions and improvements to such property on customary terms, (B) the amount of Indebtedness, if any, secured thereby is not increased unless permitted under the caption “—Limitation on Indebtedness” and (C) any modification, replacement, refinancing, renewal or extension of the Indebtedness, if any, secured or benefited thereby is permitted by clause (b)(4) under the caption “—Limitation on Indebtedness.”

“*Restricted Subsidiary*” means any Subsidiary of the Company that is not an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

“*Sale/Leaseback Transaction*” means an arrangement relating to property now owned or hereafter acquired by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary whereby the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary transfers such property to a Person and the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary leases it from such Person, other than leases between the Company and a Restricted Subsidiary or between Restricted Subsidiaries.

“*Secured Indebtedness*” means any Indebtedness of the Company secured by a Lien. “*Secured Indebtedness*” of a Subsidiary Guarantor has a correlative meaning.

“*Significant Subsidiary*” means, any Restricted Subsidiary that would be a “*Significant Subsidiary*” of the Company within the meaning of Rule 1-02 under Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC.

“*Significant Subsidiary Guarantor*” means a Significant Subsidiary that is a Subsidiary Guarantor.

“*Stated Maturity*” means, with respect to any Indebtedness, the date specified in such security as the fixed date on which the final payment of principal of such Indebtedness is due and payable, including pursuant to any mandatory redemption provision (but excluding any provision providing for the repurchase of such Indebtedness at the option of the holder thereof upon the happening of any contingency beyond the control of the issuer unless such contingency has occurred).

Table of Contents

“*Subordinated Obligation*” means any Indebtedness of the Company (whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter Incurred) that is subordinate or junior in right of payment to the Notes of each series pursuant to a written agreement. “*Subordinated Obligation*” of a Subsidiary Guarantor has a correlative meaning.

“*Subsidiary*” of any Person means any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof is at the time owned, directly or indirectly, by:

- (1) such Person,
- (2) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or
- (3) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person.

“*Subsidiary Guarantee*” means each Guarantee of the obligations with respect to the Notes of each series issued by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company pursuant to the terms of this Indenture.

“*Subsidiary Guarantor*” means any Restricted Subsidiary that provides a Subsidiary Guarantee and its successors and assigns until released from its obligations under its Subsidiary Guarantee in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

“*Swap Contract*” means (a) any and all rate swap transactions, basis swaps, credit derivative transactions, forward rate transactions, commodity swaps, commodity options, forward commodity contracts, equity or equity index swaps or options, bond or bond price or bond index swaps or options or forward bond or forward bond price or forward bond index transactions, interest rate options, forward foreign exchange transactions, cap transactions, floor transactions, collar transactions, currency swap transactions, cross-currency rate swap transactions, currency options, spot contracts, or any other similar transactions or any combination of any of the foregoing (including any options to enter into any of the foregoing), whether or not any such transaction is governed by or subject to any master agreement, and (b) any and all transactions of any kind, and the related confirmations, which are subject to the terms and conditions of, or governed by, any form of master agreement published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., any International Foreign Exchange Master Agreement, or any other master agreement (any such master agreement, together with any related schedules, a “Master Agreement”), including any such obligations or liabilities under any Master Agreement.

“*Swap Termination Value*” means, in respect of any one or more Swap Contracts, after taking into account the effect of any legally enforceable netting agreement relating to such Swap Contracts, (a) for any date on or after the date such Swap Contracts have been closed out and termination value(s) determined in accordance therewith, such termination value(s), and (b) for any date prior to the date referenced in clause (a), the amount(s) determined as the mark-to-market value(s) for such Swap Contracts, as determined based upon one or more mid-market or other readily available quotations provided by any recognized dealer in such Swap Contracts.

“*Synthetic Lease Obligation*” means the monetary obligation of a Person under a so-called synthetic, off-balance sheet or tax retention lease.

“*Taxes*” means all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, duties, deductions, withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees or other charges imposed by any Governmental Authority, including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto.

“*Transactions*” means the issuance and sale of the Notes and the payment of fees and expenses in connection therewith.

“*Treasury Rate*” means (x) with respect to the 2023 Notes, the yield to maturity at the time of computation of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent

[Table of Contents](#)

Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) which has become publicly available at least two Business Days prior to the date fixed for redemption (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source for similar market data)) most nearly equal to the then remaining term of the 2023 Notes to December 1, 2018; *provided, however*, that if the then remaining term of the 2023 Notes to December 1, 2018 is not equal to the constant maturity of a United States Treasury security for which a weekly average yield is given, the Treasury Rate will be obtained by linear interpolation (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth of a year) from the weekly average yields of United States Treasury securities for which such yields are given, except that if the then remaining term of the 2023 Notes to December 1, 2018 is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used and (y) with respect to the 2025 Notes, the yield to maturity at the time of computation of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) which has become publicly available at least two Business Days prior to the date fixed for redemption (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source for similar market data)) most nearly equal to the then remaining term of the 2025 Notes to December 1, 2020; *provided, however*, that if the then remaining term of the 2025 Notes to December 1, 2020 is not equal to the constant maturity of a United States Treasury security for which a weekly average yield is given, the Treasury Rate will be obtained by linear interpolation (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth of a year) from the weekly average yields of United States Treasury securities for which such yields are given, except that if the then remaining term of the 2025 Notes to December 1, 2020 is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used. In each case, the Company or its agent shall obtain the Treasury Rate.

“*Trustee*” means the party named as such in the Indenture until a successor replaces it and, thereafter, means the successor.

“*Trust Officer*” means any officer having direct responsibility for the administration of the Indenture and the Notes, or any other officer to whom a particular matter relating to the Indenture is referred because of such person’s knowledge and familiarity with the subject.

“*Unrestricted Subsidiary*” means:

- (1) any Subsidiary of the Company that at the time of determination shall be designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary by the Board of Directors or an Officer in the manner provided below, and
- (2) any Subsidiary of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

The Board of Directors or an Officer may designate any Subsidiary of the Company, including any newly acquired or newly formed Subsidiary of the Company, to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary unless such Subsidiary or any of its Subsidiaries owns any Capital Stock or Indebtedness of, or owns or holds any Lien on any property of, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that either:

- (A) the Subsidiary to be so designated has total Consolidated assets of \$100,000 or less or
- (B) if such Subsidiary has Consolidated assets greater than \$100,000, then such designation would be permitted under the covenant described under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Restricted Payments.”

The Board of Directors or an Officer may designate any Unrestricted Subsidiary to be a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that immediately after giving effect to such designation:

- (x) the Company could Incur \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness under paragraph (a) of the covenant described under “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Indebtedness” or the Company would have a Consolidated Coverage Ratio equal to or greater than the Consolidated Coverage Ratio of the Company immediately prior to such transaction, and
- (y) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing.

[Table of Contents](#)

Any such designation of a Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary or Unrestricted Subsidiary by the Board of Directors or an Officer shall be evidenced to the Trustee by filing with the Trustee (i) a copy of the Board Resolution (if applicable) giving effect to such designation and (ii) an Officers' Certificate (a) certifying that such designation complied with the foregoing provisions and (b) giving the effective date of the designation, and the filing with the Trustee shall occur after the end of the fiscal quarter of the Company in which such designation is made within the time period for which reports are to be required to be provided under “—Certain Covenants—SEC Reports.”

“*U.S. Government Obligations*” means direct obligations (or certificates representing an ownership interest in such obligations) of the United States of America (including any agency or instrumentality thereof) for the payment of which the full faith and credit of the United States of America is pledged and which are not callable or redeemable at the issuer's option.

“*Voting Stock*” of a Person means all classes of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) of such Person then outstanding and normally entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or Trustees thereof.

BOOK ENTRY; DELIVERY AND FORM

New notes will be offered and exchanged in minimum principal amounts of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. We will issue each series of new notes in the form of one or more permanent global notes in fully registered, book-entry form without interest coupons, which we refer to as the “global notes.”

Each such global note will be deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC, as depository, and registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee). Investors may elect to hold their interests in the global notes through either DTC (in the United States), or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as the operator of the Euroclear System (“Euroclear”), or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme, Luxembourg (“Clearstream”), if they are participants in those systems, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in those systems. Each of Euroclear and Clearstream will appoint a DTC participant to act as its depository for the interests in the global notes that are held within DTC for the account of each settlement system on behalf of its participants.

Depository Procedures

The following description of the operations and procedures of DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream are provided solely as a matter of convenience. These operations and procedures are solely within the control of the respective settlement systems and are subject to changes by them. We take no responsibility for these operations and procedures and urge investors to contact the system or their participants directly to discuss these matters.

DTC has advised us that DTC is a limited-purpose trust company created to hold securities for its participating organizations (collectively, the “participants”) and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of transactions in those securities between participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of its participants. The participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. Access to DTC’s system is also available to other entities such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly (collectively, the “indirect participants”). Persons who are not participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through the participants or the indirect participants. The ownership interests in, and transfers of ownership interests in, each security held by or on behalf of DTC are recorded on the records of the participants and indirect participants.

DTC has also advised us that, pursuant to procedures established by it:

(1) upon deposit of the global notes, DTC will credit the accounts of participants designated by the initial purchasers with portions of the principal amount of the global notes; and

(2) ownership of these interests in the global notes will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to the participants) or by the participants and the indirect participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial interest in the global notes).

Investors who are participants in DTC’s system may hold their interests in the global notes directly through DTC. Investors who are not participants may hold their interests in the global notes indirectly through organizations (including Euroclear and Clearstream) which are participants in such system. All interests in a global note, including those held through Euroclear or Clearstream, may be subject to the procedures and requirements of DTC. Those interests held through Euroclear or Clearstream may also be subject to the procedures and requirements of such systems.

Except as described below, owners of interests in the global notes will not have new notes registered in their names, will not receive physical delivery of new notes in certificated form and will not be considered the registered owners or “Holders” thereof under the Indenture for any purpose.

Table of Contents

Payments in respect of the principal of, premium, if any, interest, and additional interest on the old notes, if any, on a global note registered in the name of DTC or its nominee will be payable to DTC or its nominee in its capacity as the registered Holder under the Indenture. Under the terms of the Indenture, we and the trustee will treat the persons in whose names the new notes, including the global notes, are registered as the owners thereof for the purpose of receiving payments and for all other purposes. Consequently, neither we, the trustee nor any agent of ours or the trustee has or will have any responsibility or liability for:

(1) any aspect of DTC's records or any participant's or indirect participant's records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interest in the global notes or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any of DTC's records relating to the identity of the participants to whose accounts the global notes are credited or any participant's or indirect participant's records relating to the beneficial ownership interests in the global notes; or

(2) any other matter relating to the actions and practices of DTC or any of its participants or indirect participants.

DTC has advised us that its current practice, upon receipt of any payment in respect of securities such as the new notes (including principal and interest), is to credit the accounts of the relevant participants with the payment on the payment date unless DTC has reason to believe it will not receive payment on such payment date. Each relevant participant is credited with an amount proportionate to its interest in the principal amount of the relevant security as shown on the records of DTC. Payments by the participants and the indirect participants to the beneficial owners of new notes will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of the participants or the indirect participants and will not be the responsibility of DTC, the trustee or us. Neither we nor the trustee will be liable for any delay by DTC or any of its participants in identifying the beneficial owners of the new notes, and we and the trustee may conclusively rely on, and will be protected in relying on, instructions from DTC or its nominee for all purposes.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected in accordance with DTC's procedures, and transfers between participants in Euroclear and Clearstream will be effected in accordance with their respective rules and operating procedures.

Cross-market transfers between the participants in DTC, on the one hand, and Euroclear or Clearstream participants, on the other hand, will be effected through DTC in accordance with DTC's rules on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by its respective depository; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by the counterparty in such system in accordance with the rules and procedures and within the established deadlines (Brussels time) of such system. Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its respective depository to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving interests in the relevant global note in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Euroclear and Clearstream participants may not deliver instructions directly to the depositories for Euroclear or Clearstream.

DTC has advised us that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a Holder of new notes only at the direction of one or more participants to whose account DTC has credited the interests in the global notes and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate principal amount of the new notes as to which such participant or participants have given such direction.

Although DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream have agreed to the foregoing procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in the global notes among participants in DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, they are under no obligation to perform or to continue to perform such procedures, and may discontinue such procedures at any time. Neither we nor the trustee nor any of our respective agents will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream or their respective participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

Exchange of Global Notes for Certificated Notes

A global note is exchangeable for definitive notes in registered certificated form (“certificated notes”), if (a) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository for the global notes; (b) DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act, and in each case of (a) or (b) we fail to appoint a successor depository within 90 days after becoming aware of such condition; or (c) we, at our option, notify the trustee that we elect to cause the issuance of definitive notes in exchange for global notes.

In all cases, certificated notes delivered in exchange for any global note or beneficial interests in global notes will be registered in the names, and issued in any approved denominations, requested by or on behalf of the depository (in accordance with its customary procedures).

Same Day Settlement and Payment

The new notes represented by the global notes are expected to trade in DTC’s Same-Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. We expect that secondary trading in any certificated notes will also be settled in immediately available funds.

We expect that, because of time zone differences, the securities account of a Euroclear or Clearstream participant purchasing an interest in a global note from a participant in DTC will be credited, and any such crediting will be reported to the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream participant, during the securities settlement processing day (which must be a business day for Euroclear and Clearstream) immediately following the settlement date of DTC. DTC has advised us that cash received in Euroclear or Clearstream as a result of sales of interests in a global note by or through a Euroclear or Clearstream participant to a participant in DTC will be received with value on the settlement date of DTC but will be available in the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream cash account only as of the business day for Euroclear or Clearstream following DTC’s settlement date.

MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the exchange of old notes for new notes. This discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, administrative pronouncements and judicial decisions, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. The following relates only to new notes that are acquired in this offering in exchange for old notes originally acquired at their initial offering for an amount of cash equal to their issue price. Unless otherwise indicated, this summary addresses only the U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to investors who hold the old notes and the new notes as "capital assets" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code.

This summary does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to a particular holder in light of the holder's individual circumstances or to holders subject to special rules under U.S. federal income tax laws, such as banks and other financial institutions, insurance companies, real estate investment trusts, regulated investment companies, tax-exempt organizations, entities and arrangements classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes and other pass-through entities, dealers in securities or currencies, traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting, persons liable for U.S. federal alternative minimum tax, U.S. holders whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, U.S. expatriates, and persons holding new notes as part of a "straddle," "hedge," "conversion transaction," or other integrated investment. The discussion does not address any foreign, state, local or non-income tax consequences of the exchange of old notes for new notes.

This discussion is for general purposes only and is not intended to be, and should not be construed to be, legal or tax advice to any particular holder. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to their particular situations and the consequences under U.S. federal estate or gift tax laws, as well as foreign, state, or local laws and tax treaties, and the possible effects of changes in tax laws.

The exchange of old notes for new notes pursuant to the exchange offer will not be a taxable transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Holders of old notes will not realize any taxable gain or loss as a result of such exchange and will have the same adjusted issue price, tax basis, and holding period in the new notes as they had in the old notes immediately before the exchange. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of the new notes will generally be the same as those applicable to the old notes.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Any broker-dealer who holds old notes that were acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (other than old notes acquired directly from the Company) may exchange such old notes pursuant to the exchange offer. Such broker-dealer may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act and must comply with the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resales of the new notes received by such broker-dealer in the exchange offer. Accordingly, each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account in connection with the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such new notes. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by such broker-dealers during the period referred to below in connection with such resales. We have agreed that this prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by such broker-dealers in connection with resales of such new notes for a period ending 20 business days after the date on which the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part is declared effective, or, if earlier, the date on which a broker-dealer is no longer required to deliver a prospectus in connection with market-making or other trading activities. In addition, until _____, 2016, all dealers effecting transactions in the new notes may be required to deliver a prospectus.

We and the Guarantors will not receive any proceeds from the issuance of new notes in the exchange offer or from any sale of new notes by broker-dealers. New notes received by broker-dealers for their own accounts may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions, through the writing of options on the new notes or a combination of such methods of resale, at market prices prevailing at the time of resale, at prices relating to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. Any such resale may be made directly to purchasers or to or through brokers or dealers who may receive compensation in the form of commissions or concessions from any such broker-dealer and/or the purchasers of any such new notes. As indicated above, any broker-dealer that resells new notes that were received by it for its own account in connection with the exchange offer and any broker or dealer that participates in a distribution of such new notes may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and any profit on any such resale of new notes may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act. The Letter of Transmittal states that by acknowledging that it will deliver and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act.

For a period of 20 business days after the date on which the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part is declared effective, we will promptly send additional copies of this prospectus and any amendment or supplement to this prospectus to any broker-dealer that requests such documents in the Letter of Transmittal. We have agreed to pay all expenses incident to the exchange offer, other than commissions or concessions of any brokers or dealers and will indemnify the holders of the new notes (including any broker-dealers) against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with this exchange offer will be passed upon for us by Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP. Certain matters of Oregon and Texas law will be passed upon for us by Perkins Coie LLP.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Qorvo, Inc. as of April 2, 2016 and March 28, 2015 and for each of the years in the two-year period ended April 2, 2016, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016 have been incorporated by reference herein in reliance on the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The audit report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016, expresses an opinion that Qorvo, Inc. did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016 because of the effect of a material weakness on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria and contains an explanatory paragraph that states:

A material weakness related to insufficient complement of knowledgeable tax and accounting personnel; an ineffective risk assessment process to assess the changes in the regulatory environment, the organization and personnel impacting the Company's financial reporting of income taxes; and ineffective process level controls and monitoring activities over the completeness, existence, accuracy, valuation and presentation of the income tax provision, including deferred tax assets, valuation allowances, and tax uncertainties has been identified and included in management's assessment.

The consolidated financial statements of Qorvo, Inc., appearing in Qorvo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 20, 2016, for the fiscal year ended March 29, 2014, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon, included therein, and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We make available, free of charge through our website (<http://www.qorvo.com>), our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, proxy and information statements, and amendments to such reports filed or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a), 14 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file these reports with, or furnish them to, the SEC. In addition, such reports are also available free of charge through the SEC's website (<http://www.sec.gov>). You may read and copy these materials at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The reference to our website address is for informational purposes only and shall not, under any circumstances, be deemed to incorporate the information available at or through such website address into this prospectus.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" information into this prospectus, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring to other documents. We hereby incorporate by reference the following documents or information filed with the SEC:

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 2, 2016 (excluding Part II, Item 8 thereof, which, for the purposes of this prospectus, are superseded by the Part II, Item 8 included in Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 20, 2016);
- our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 18, 2016, April 28, 2016, May 19, 2016, May 26, 2016, and July 20, 2016;
- our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on June 22, 2016;
- all filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of the initial registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part and prior to effectiveness of the registration statement; and
- all filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act subsequent to the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the securities made under this prospectus.

Provided, however, that we are not incorporating by reference any documents or information, including parts of documents that we file with the SEC, that are deemed to be furnished and not filed with the SEC. Unless specifically stated to the contrary, none of the information we disclose under Items 2.02 or 7.01 of any Current Report on Form 8-K that we may from time to time furnish to the SEC will be incorporated by reference into, or otherwise included in, this prospectus.

Any statement contained herein or in any document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document that also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or replaces such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed to constitute a part of this prospectus, except as so modified or superseded.

[Table of Contents](#)

We will provide, without charge, to each person to whom a copy of this prospectus has been delivered, including any beneficial owner, a copy of any and all of the documents referred to herein that are summarized and incorporated by reference in this prospectus, if such person makes a written or oral request directed to:

Qorvo, Inc.
Attention: Corporate Secretary
7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, North Carolina 27409
(336) 664-1233

In order to ensure timely delivery, you must request the information no later than , 2016, which is five business days before the expiration of the exchange offer.

\$1,000,000,000



Exchange Offer:

**New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and Guarantees,
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933
for
\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and Guarantees**

**New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 and Guarantees,
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933
for
\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 and Guarantees**

, 2016

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 20. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Delaware Corporations

Pursuant to the Delaware General Corporation Law, or the DGCL, a corporation may not indemnify any director, officer, employee or agent made or threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed proceeding unless such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal proceedings, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

In the case of a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor (e.g., a stockholder derivative suit), a corporation may indemnify an officer, director, employee or agent if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation; provided, however, that no person adjudged to be liable to the corporation may be indemnified unless, and only to the extent that, the Delaware Court of Chancery or the court in which such action or suit was brought determines upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability, in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which such court deems proper. A director, officer, employee or agent who is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in defense of any proceeding subject to the DGCL's indemnification provisions must be indemnified by the corporation for reasonable expenses incurred therein, including attorneys' fees.

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws, all as in effect on the date hereof, of each of Qorvo, Qorvo US, Inc., and Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc. provide for indemnification of each respective entity's directors, officers, employees and agents to the extent and under the circumstances permitted under the DGCL. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect directors and officers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of each entity's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, as in effect on the date hereof, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to this registration statement.

California Corporations

Pursuant to the California Corporations Code, a California corporation may indemnify any persons who are, or are threatened to be made, parties to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding (other than an action by or in the right of such corporation), by reason of the fact that such person was an officer, director, employee or agent of such corporation. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorney's fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided that such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and the Bylaws of Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company ("Premier"), as well as the Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo California, Inc. ("Qorvo California"), each as in effect on the date hereof, provide for indemnification of each respective entity's directors, officers, employees and agents to the fullest extent permitted under the California Corporations Code. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect directors and officers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of Premier's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws and Qorvo California's Articles of Incorporation, each as in effect on the date hereof, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to this registration statement.

North Carolina Corporations

Pursuant to the North Carolina Business Corporation Act, a North Carolina corporation may, with certain exceptions, indemnify its officers, directors, employees and agents who were, are, or are threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed legal action, suit or proceeding because of the fact that such person was an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation. This indemnity may include the obligation to pay any judgment, settlement, penalty, fine (including an excise tax assessed with respect to an employee benefit plan) and reasonable expenses incurred in connection with a proceeding (including counsel fees), but no such indemnification may be granted unless such officer, director, employee or agent (1) conducted himself in good faith, (2) reasonably believed (a) that any action taken in his official capacity with the corporation was in the best interests of the corporation or (b) that in all other cases his conduct at least was not opposed to the corporation's best interests, and (3) in the case of any criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. A corporation may not indemnify an officer, director, employee or agent in this manner in connection with a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation in which the person was adjudged liable to the corporation or in connection with a proceeding in which a person was adjudged liable on the basis of having received an improper personal benefit.

A North Carolina corporation may also indemnify or agree to indemnify any of its officers, directors, employees and agents against liability and expenses (including attorney's fees) in any proceeding (including proceedings brought by or on behalf of the corporation) arising out of their status as such or their activities in such capacities, except for any liabilities or expenses incurred on account of activities that were, at the time taken, known or believed by the person to be clearly in conflict with the best interests of the corporation.

The North Carolina Business Corporation Act also requires a corporation, unless its articles of incorporation provide otherwise, to indemnify an officer or director who has been wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which such officer or director was a party. Unless prohibited by the articles of incorporation, an officer or director may also make application and obtain court-ordered indemnification if the court determines that such officer or director is fairly and reasonably entitled to such indemnification.

The Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo International Holding, Inc. ("Qorvo International"), as in effect on the date hereof, provide that to the full extent from time to time permitted by law, no director shall be personally liable in any action for monetary damages for breach of his or her duty as a director, whether such action is brought by or in the right of Qorvo International or otherwise. The Bylaws of Qorvo International, as in effect on the date hereof, provide that any officer or director of Qorvo International shall have the right to be indemnified by Qorvo International to the fullest extent from time to time permitted by law. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect directors and officers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of Qorvo International's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, as in effect on the date hereof, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to this registration statement.

North Carolina Limited Liability Companies

Pursuant to the North Carolina Limited Liability Company Act, a limited liability company shall indemnify a person who is wholly successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any proceeding to which the person was a party because the person is or was a member, manager, or other company official if the person also is or was an interest owner at the time to which the claim relates, acting within the person's scope of authority as a manager, member, or other company official against expenses incurred by the person in connection with the proceeding. A limited liability company shall reimburse a person who is or was a member for any payment made and indemnify the person for any obligation, including any judgment, settlement, penalty, fine, or other cost, incurred or borne in the authorized conduct of the limited liability company's business or preservation of such business or property, whether acting in the capacity of a manager, member, or other company official if, in making the payment or incurring the obligation, except as otherwise modified or eliminated by the limited

[Table of Contents](#)

liability company's operating agreement and subject to other applicable law, the person discharged its duties (1) in good faith, (2) with the care an ordinary prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances, and (3) subject to the operating agreement, in a manner the manager believed to be in the best interests of the limited liability company.

The operating agreement of RFMD, LLC provides that RFMD, LLC shall indemnify its managers in connection with their service as managers to the fullest extent permitted or required by the North Carolina Limited Liability Company Act. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect managers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the operating agreement of RFMD, LLC, as in effect on the date hereof, which is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to this registration statement.

Florida Corporations

Pursuant to the Florida Business Corporation Act, or the FBCA, a corporation shall have the power to indemnify any person who was or is a party to any proceeding (other than an action by, or in the right of, the corporation), by reason of the fact that he or she is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation, if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

The FBCA further provides that a corporation shall have the power to indemnify any person who was or is a party to any proceeding by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he or she is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation, against expenses and amounts paid in settlement not exceeding, in the judgment of the board of directors, the estimated expense of litigating the proceeding to conclusion, actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such proceeding, including any appeal thereof. Such indemnification shall be authorized if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification shall be made in this manner in respect of any claim, issue, or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable unless, and only to the extent that, the court in which such proceeding was brought, or any other court of competent jurisdiction, shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which such court shall deem proper.

The FBCA also provides that to the extent that an officer, director, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any proceeding described above, he or she shall be indemnified against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection therewith.

In addition, the FBCA also provides that a director is not personally liable for monetary damages to the corporation or any other person for any statement, vote, decision, or failure to act regarding corporate management or policy unless: (1) the director breached or failed to perform his or her duties as a director and (2) the director's breach of, or failure to perform, those duties constitutes: (a) a violation of the criminal law, unless the director had reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was lawful or had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful, (b) a transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit, either directly or indirectly, (c) a circumstance under which certain liability provisions for unlawful distribution are applicable, (d) in a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor or by or in the right of a shareholder, conscious disregard for the best interest of the corporation, or willful misconduct, or (e) in a proceeding by or in the right of someone other than the corporation or a shareholder, recklessness or an act or omission which was committed in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property.

The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of Qorvo Florida, Inc. ("Qorvo Florida") provide that Qorvo Florida shall indemnify its directors, officers, employees and agents to the extent permitted

[Table of Contents](#)

by the FBCA. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect directors and officers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of Qorvo Florida's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, as in effect on the date hereof, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to this registration statement.

Texas Limited Liability Companies

Pursuant to the Texas Business Organizations Code, a limited liability company may (1) indemnify its members, managers, officers, or assignees of a membership interest in the limited liability company, (2) pay in advance or reimburse expenses incurred by such persons, and (3) purchase or procure or establish and maintain insurance or another arrangement to indemnify or hold harmless such persons. The Texas Business Organizations Code also permits the governing documents of a limited liability company to include other provisions relating to indemnification, advancement of expenses, or insurance or another arrangement to indemnify or hold harmless a governing person.

The Amended and Restated Company Agreement of Qorvo Texas, LLC ("Qorvo Texas") provides that Qorvo Texas shall indemnify and hold harmless its member and manager, and each member, officer, equity holder, employee or agent thereof to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, except to the extent of any damages that shall ultimately be determined by final judicial decision from which there is no further right of appeal to have resulted from fraud, willful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of such person or entity. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect the manager entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the Amended and Restated Company Agreement of Qorvo Texas, LLC, as in effect on the date hereof, which is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to this registration statement.

Oregon Corporations

Pursuant to the Oregon Business Corporation Act, or the OBCA, a corporation shall indemnify an officer or director who was wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which the officer or director was a party because of such status as an officer or director, unless limited by the articles of incorporation. A corporation may indemnify an officer or director against liability incurred in a proceeding to which the individual was made a party because the individual is or was an officer or director, if it is determined as provided in the OBCA that the officer or director acted in good faith and with a reasonable belief that actions were taken in the best interests of the corporation or at least not adverse to the corporation's best interests and, if in a criminal proceeding, the individual had no reasonable cause to believe the conduct in question was unlawful. Under the OBCA, corporations may not indemnify an officer or director in connection with a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation in which the officer or director was judged liable to the corporation or a proceeding that charged the officer or director for improperly receiving a personal benefit. The OBCA also permits an officer or director who is a party to a proceeding to apply to the courts for indemnification, unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, and the court may order indemnification under certain circumstances set forth in the OBCA. The OBCA further provides that a corporation may in its articles of incorporation or bylaws or by resolution provide indemnification in addition to that provided by statute, subject to certain conditions set forth in the OBCA.

The Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Oregon, Inc. ("Qorvo Oregon") provide that a director of Qorvo Oregon shall be indemnified to the fullest extent that the OBCA permits the limitation or elimination of the liability of directors. The Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Oregon further provide that to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, Qorvo Oregon: (1) shall indemnify any person who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action, suit or proceeding (including an action, suit or proceeding brought by or in the right of the corporation), by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director of the corporation, and (2) may indemnify any person who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action, suit or proceeding (including an action, suit or proceeding by or in the right of the corporation), by reason of the fact that the person is or was an officer,

[Table of Contents](#)

employee or agent of Qorvo Oregon. Qorvo has purchased and maintains insurance to protect directors and officers entitled to indemnification in accordance with the foregoing. The foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of Qorvo Oregon's Articles of Incorporation, as in effect on the date hereof, which are incorporated by reference as an exhibit to this registration statement.

ITEM 21. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

See Exhibit Index, which is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 22. Undertakings.

The undersigned Registrants hereby undertake:

- (a) to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (1) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
 - (2) to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement;
 - (3) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (b) that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof;
- (c) to remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering;
- (d) that, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. *Provided, however,* that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use;
- (e) that, for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold

Table of Contents

to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (1) any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
 - (2) any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
 - (3) the portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - (4) any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser;
- (f) that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the Registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof;
- (g) to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Items 4, 10(b), 11, or 13 of this Form, within one business day of receipt of such request and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of the registration statement through the date of responding to the request; and
- (h) to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning a transaction, and the company being acquired involved therein, that was not the subject of and included in the registration statement when it became effective.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth
Name: Robert A. Bruggeworth
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth and Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth</u> Robert A. Bruggeworth	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Gina B. Harrison</u> Gina B. Harrison	Vice President and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Ralph G. Quinsey</u> Ralph G. Quinsey	Chairman of the Board of Directors	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Daniel A. DiLeo</u> Daniel A. DiLeo	Director	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffery R. Gardner</u> Jeffery R. Gardner	Director	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Charles Scott Gibson</u> Charles Scott Gibson	Director	July 20, 2016

[Table of Contents](#)

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<hr/> <i>/s/ John R. Harding</i> John R. Harding	Director	July 20, 2016
<hr/> <i>/s/ David H. Y. Ho</i> David H. Y. Ho	Director	July 20, 2016
<hr/> <i>/s/ Roderick D. Nelson</i> Roderick D. Nelson	Director	July 20, 2016
<hr/> <i>/s/ Walden C. Rhines</i> Walden C. Rhines	Director	July 20, 2016
<hr/> <i>/s/ Walter H. Wilkinson, Jr.</i> Walter H. Wilkinson, Jr.	Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company, in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo International Holding, Inc.

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo International Holding, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo International Holding, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo International Holding, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary, and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

RFMD, LLC

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, Manager

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and managers of RFMD, LLC hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of RFMD, LLC, in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable RFMD, LLC to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	Manager (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Manager (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Manager	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo Florida, Inc.

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo Florida, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo Florida, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo Florida, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo California, Inc.

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President and
Chief Financial Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo California, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo California, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo California, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President, Chief Financial Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo US, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth
Robert A. Bruggeworth, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo US, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo US, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo US, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth</u> Robert A. Bruggeworth	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	Vice President and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo Texas, LLC

By: /s/ James L. Klein
James L. Klein, Manager

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and manager of Qorvo Texas, LLC hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo Texas, LLC, in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo Texas, LLC to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ James L. Klein</u> James L. Klein	Manager (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Greensboro, State of North Carolina, on July 20, 2016.

Qorvo Oregon, Inc.

By: /s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, President

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Qorvo Oregon, Inc. hereby severally constitute and appoint Robert A. Bruggeworth or Mark J. Murphy, and each of them, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, the registration statement on Form S-4 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement, to file the same, and generally to do all such things in our name and on our behalf in our capacities as officers and directors of Qorvo Oregon, Inc., in connection with the transaction contemplated by said registration statement, to enable Qorvo Oregon, Inc. to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys-in-fact to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Mark J. Murphy</u> Mark J. Murphy	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ David Youngdahl</u> David Youngdahl	Treasurer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	July 20, 2016
<u>/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland</u> Jeffrey C. Howland	Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 20, 2016

EXHIBIT INDEX

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Qorvo, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on February 3, 2015)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Qorvo, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 19, 2016)
- 3.3 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.
- 3.4 Bylaws of Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.
- 3.5 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company
- 3.6 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Premier Devices—A Sirenza Company
- 3.7 Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo International Holding, Inc.
- 3.8 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo International Holding, Inc.
- 3.9 Bylaws of Qorvo International Holding, Inc.
- 3.10 Articles of Organization of RFMD, LLC
- 3.11 Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of RFMD, LLC
- 3.12 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Florida, Inc.
- 3.13 Articles of Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Florida, Inc.
- 3.14 Articles of Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Florida, Inc.
- 3.15 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Qorvo Florida, Inc.
- 3.16 Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo California, Inc.
- 3.17 Certificate of Amendment No. 1 to the Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo California, Inc.
- 3.18 Certificate of Amendment No. 2 to the Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo California, Inc.
- 3.19 Bylaws of Qorvo California, Inc.
- 3.20 Certificate of Merger, filed December 31, 2014, of Qorvo US, Inc.
- 3.21 Certificate of Merger, filed April 5, 2016, of Qorvo US, Inc.
- 3.22 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Qorvo US, Inc.
- 3.23 Certificate of Formation of Qorvo Texas, LLC
- 3.24 Certificate of Amendment No. 1 to the Certificate of Formation of Qorvo Texas, LLC
- 3.25 Certificate of Amendment No. 2 to the Certificate of Formation of Qorvo Texas, LLC
- 3.26 Amended and Restated Company Agreement of Qorvo Texas, LLC
- 3.27 Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
- 3.28 Articles of Amendment No. 1 to Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
- 3.29 Articles of Amendment No. 2 to Articles of Incorporation of Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
- 3.30 Bylaws of Qorvo Oregon, Inc.
- 4.1 Indenture, dated as of November 19, 2015, among Qorvo, Inc., the Guarantors party thereto, and MUFG Union Bank, N.A. as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2015)

[Table of Contents](#)

4.2	Form of 6.750% Senior Note due 2023 (included in Exhibit 4.1)
4.3	Form of 7.000% Senior Note due 2025 (included in Exhibit 4.1)
4.4	Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 19, 2015, by and among Qorvo, Inc. the Guarantors named therein and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as representative of the several Initial Purchasers named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2015)
5.1	Opinion of Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP
5.2	Opinion of Perkins Coie LLP
5.3	Opinion of Perkins Coie LLP
12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
21.1	Subsidiaries of Qorvo, Inc.
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
23.2	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
23.3	Consent of Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1)
23.4	Consent of Perkins Coie LLP (included in Exhibits 5.2 and 5.3)
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on signature pages of the registration statement)
25.1	Statement of Eligibility on Form T-1 of MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as the Trustee under the Indenture
99.1	Form of Letter of Transmittal
99.2	Form of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery
99.3	Form of Letter to Brokers, Dealers, Commercial Banks, Trust Companies and Other Nominees
99.4	Form of Letter to Clients

AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

OF

AMALFI SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

I.

The name of this Corporation is Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.

II.

The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware is: Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, Delaware 19801 and the name of its registered agent at that address is The Corporation Trust Company.

III.

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IV.

The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation is authorized to issue is One Thousand (1,000) and each such share shall have a par value of \$.0001. All such shares are of one class and are designated "Common Stock".

V.

The number of directors which shall constitute the whole Board of Directors shall be fixed by, or in the manner provided in, the Bylaws of the Corporation.

VI.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by statute, the Board of Directors is expressly authorized to make, repeal, alter, amend and rescind the Bylaws of the Corporation.

VII.

Election of directors at an annual or special meeting of stockholders need not be by written ballot unless the Bylaws of the Corporation shall so provide.

VIII.

No director shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director; provided that this Article VIII shall not eliminate or limit the liability of a director (i) for any breach of such director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law, (iii) under Section 174 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, or (iv) for any transaction from which such director derives an improper personal benefit. If the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware as so amended.

IX.

The Corporation shall, to the fullest extent permitted by the provisions of Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same may be amended and supplemented, indemnify any and all persons whom it shall have power to indemnify under said section from and against any and all of the expenses, liabilities, or other matters referred to in or covered by said section, and the indemnification provided for herein shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any Bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee, or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such person.

BYLAWS
OF
AMALFI SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.
(a Delaware corporation)

INDEX

	Page
ARTICLE I	OFFICES
	1
ARTICLE II	STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS
	1
2.1	Date, Time and Place of Meetings
	1
2.2	Annual Meetings
	1
2.3	Special Meetings
	1
2.4	Notice of Meetings
	1
2.5	Voting Entitlement of Shares
	1
2.6	Vote Required
	2
2.7	Record Date
	2
2.8	Quorum
	2
2.9	List of Stockholders
	2
2.10	Action Without Meeting
	3
2.11	Adjournment of Meetings
	3
ARTICLE III	BOARD OF DIRECTORS
	3
3.1	Powers
	3
3.2	Number and Tenure
	3
3.3	Election of Directors
	3
3.4	Qualification
	3
3.5	Compensation
	3
3.6	Meetings
	4
3.7	Voting and Quorum
	4
3.8	Committees
	4
3.9	Remote Participation in a Meeting
	4
3.10	Action Without Meeting
	4
ARTICLE IV	NOTICES
	5
4.1	Notice
	5
4.2	Waiver of Notice
	5

ARTICLE V	OFFICERS	5
5.1	Titles and Election	5
5.2	Powers and Duties	6
5.3	Delegation of Authority	7
5.4	Compensation	7
ARTICLE VI	RESIGNATIONS, VACANCIES AND REMOVALS	7
6.1	Resignations	7
6.2	Vacancies	8
6.3	Removals	8
ARTICLE VII	CAPITAL STOCK	8
7.1	Certificates of Stock	8
7.2	Transfer of Stock	8
7.3	Record of Stockholders	9
7.4	Lost Certificates	9
ARTICLE VIII	FISCAL YEAR, BANK DEPOSITS, CHECKS, ETC	9
8.1	Fiscal Year	9
8.2	Bank Deposit, Checks, Etc	9
ARTICLE IX	BOOKS AND RECORDS	9
9.1	Place of Keeping Books	9
9.2	Examination of Books	10
ARTICLE X	POWERS OF ATTORNEY	10
ARTICLE XI	INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE	10
11.1	Indemnification of Directors, Officers, Employees and Agents	10
11.2	Insurance	10
ARTICLE XII	GENERAL PROVISIONS	10
12.1	Amendment or Repeal of Bylaws	10
12.2	Stockholder Proposals	11
12.3	Seal	11
12.4	Voting Shares in Subsidiaries	11

AMALFI SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

BYLAWS

ARTICLE I
OFFICES

Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc. (the "Corporation") shall at all times maintain a registered office in the State of Delaware and a registered agent at that address but may have other offices located in or outside of the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE II
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS

2.1 Date, Time and Place of Meetings. All meetings of stockholders shall be held on such date and at such time and place in or outside of the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or as may be designated in the notice of meeting or waiver of notice thereof, subject to any provisions of the laws of the State of Delaware.

2.2 Annual Meetings. The annual meeting of stockholders of the Corporation shall be held each year for the purposes of electing directors and transacting such other business as properly may be brought before the meeting.

2.3 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer or President, or the holder or holders of not less than 15% of all the shares of stock entitled to vote on the issue proposed to be considered at the meeting if such holder or holders sign, date and deliver to the Corporation's Secretary, one or more written demands for the meeting describing the purposes or purposes for which it to be held. Such request may be submitted by electronic transmission.

2.4 Notice of Meetings. Written notice of the time, place and specific purposes of such meeting shall be delivered to each stockholder entitled to vote at the meeting at the address of such stockholder as it appears on the records of the Corporation, not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the scheduled date thereof, unless such notice is waived as provided in Article IV of these Bylaws.

2.5 Voting Entitlement of Shares. Unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, each stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote for each share standing in his or her name on the books of the Corporation as of the record date. A stockholder may vote his or her shares in person or by proxy. An appointment of proxy is effective when received by the Secretary of the Corporation or other officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes and is valid for eleven (11) months unless a longer period is expressly provided in the appointment.

2.6 Vote Required. When a quorum exists, action on a matter (other than the election of directors) by a voting group is approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the Certificate of Incorporation, a bylaw adopted by the stockholders under applicable law, or express provision of law requires a greater number of affirmative votes. Unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote.

2.7 Record Date. The Board of Directors, in order to determine the stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of the stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, or to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment or any rights, or to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purpose of any other lawful action, shall fix a record date that may not be more than sixty (60) days before the meeting or action requiring a determination of stockholders. Only such stockholders as shall be stockholders of record on the date fixed shall be entitled to such notice of or to vote at such meeting or any adjournment thereof, or to receive payment of any such dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or to exercise any such rights in respect of stock, or to take any such other lawful action, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any stock on the books of the Corporation after any such record date is fixed as aforesaid. The record date shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting except that the Board of Directors shall fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than 120 days after the date fixed for the original meeting.

2.8 Quorum. At any meeting of stockholders, a majority of the number of shares of stock outstanding and entitled to vote thereat, presented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller interest may adjourn any meeting from time to time, and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice, subject to such limitations as may be imposed under the Delaware General Corporation Law.

2.9 List of Stockholders. At least ten (10) days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order and showing the address of and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder, shall be prepared by the Secretary or the transfer agent in charge of the stock ledger of the Corporation. Such list shall be open for examination by any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present. The stock ledger shall represent conclusive evidence as to who are the stockholders entitled to examine such list or the books of the Corporation or to vote in person or by proxy at such meeting.

2.10 Action Without Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken at a stockholders' meeting may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by persons who would be entitled to vote at a meeting the shares having voting power to cast not less than a minimum number (or numbers, in the case of voting by groups) of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take the action at a meeting at which all stockholders entitled to vote were present and voted. The action must be evidenced by one or more written consents bearing the date of signature and describing the action taken, signed by stockholders entitled to take action without a meeting and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate record. Written consent to any action may be transmitted electronically.

2.11 Adjournment of Meetings. The holders of a majority of the voting shares represented at the meeting, or Chairman or the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer or President, whether or not a quorum is present, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified. If after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting.

ARTICLE III
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1 Powers. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be carried on by or under the direction of the Board of Directors, which shall have all the powers authorized by the Delaware General Corporation Law, subject to such limitations as may be provided by the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws.

3.2 Number and Tenure. The Board of Directors shall consist of at least one (1) and not more than eleven (11) members, the exact number to be established by resolution of the Board.

3.3 Election of Directors. Directors shall be elected at each annual meeting of stockholders, each director so elected to serve until the election and qualification of his or her successor or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office. Directors need not be stockholders, nor need they be residents of the State of Delaware.

3.4 Qualification. Directors shall be natural persons who have attained the age of 18 years but need not be residents of the State of Delaware or stockholders of the Corporation.

3.5 Compensation. The Board of Directors, or a committee thereof, may from time to time by resolution authorize the payment of fees or other compensation to the directors for services rendered to the Corporation, including, but not limited to, fees for serving as members of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof and for attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, and may determine the amount of such fees and compensation. Directors shall in any event be paid their reasonable travel and other expenses for attendance at all meetings of the Board of Directors or committees thereof. Nothing herein

contained shall be construed to preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor in amounts authorized or otherwise approved from time to time by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof.

3.6 Meetings. The Board of Directors shall meet at least annually. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee may be held between annual meetings without notice at such time and at such place, in or outside the State of Delaware, as from time to time shall be determined by the Board or committee, as the case may be. Any director may call a special meeting of the directors at any time by giving each director two (2) days notice of the date, time and place of the meeting. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting need be specified in the notice or any waiver of notice.

3.7 Voting and Quorum. At all meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, a majority of the number of directors then holding office, or if no number has been set, a majority of the number in office immediately before the meeting begins, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business unless the Certificate of Incorporation or applicable law requires a greater number or specifically provides otherwise. The affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum at the time of such act shall be the act of the Board or of the committee, except as might otherwise specifically provided by statute, or by the Certificate of Incorporation, or by these Bylaws.

3.8 Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the entire Board of Directors, provide for committees of two or more directors and shall elect the members thereof to serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors and may designate one of such members to act as chairman thereof. The Board of Directors may at any time change the membership of any committee, fill vacancies in it, designate alternate members to replace any absent or disqualified members at any meeting of such committee or dissolve it. During the intervals between the meetings of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors (if one shall have been constituted) shall possess and may exercise any or all of the powers of the Board of Directors in the management or direction of the business and affairs of the Corporation and under these Bylaws to the extent authorized by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board of Directors and subject to such limitations as may be imposed by the Delaware General Corporation Law.

3.9 Remote Participation in a Meeting. Unless otherwise restricted by the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, any meeting of the Board of Directors may be conducted by the use of any means of communication by which all directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A director participating in the meeting by this means is deemed to be present at the meeting.

3.10 Action Without Meeting. Unless the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws provide otherwise, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all the members of the Board of Directors or committee, as the case may be. The action must be evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken and signed by each director, and filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors or committee or filed with the corporate records. Consent may be given electronically.

ARTICLE IV
NOTICES

4.1 Notice. Whenever, under the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or of these Bylaws or by law, notice is required to be given to any director or stockholder, such notice shall be in writing unless oral notice is reasonable under the circumstances. Notice may be communicated in person; by telephone, or electronic transmission; by mail or private carrier; or by such other method as is expressly permitted by law. If these forms of personal notice are impracticable, notice may be communicated by a newspaper of general circulation in the area where published, or by radio, television, or other form of public broadcast communication. Unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, these Bylaws or by law, notice by electronic transmission shall be deemed to be notice in writing.

4.2 Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given under provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or of these Bylaws or by law, a waiver thereof, signed by the person entitled to notice and delivered to the Corporation for inclusion in the minutes for filing with the corporate records, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. A stockholder's attendance at a meeting (1) waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting, unless the stockholder at the beginning of the meeting objects to the holding the meeting or transaction business at the meeting; and (2) waives objection to consideration of a particular matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose or purposes described in the meeting notice, unless the stockholder objects to considering the matter. Neither the business to be transacted nor the purpose of any regular or special meeting of the stockholders, directors or committee of directors need be specified in the waiver of notice.

ARTICLE V
OFFICERS

5.1 Titles and Election.

(a) The officers of the Corporation shall be the President, the Secretary and the Treasurer (or equivalents thereof), all of whom shall initially be elected as soon as convenient by the Board of Directors and thereafter, in the absence of earlier resignations or removals, shall be elected at the first meeting of the Board of Directors following each annual meeting of stockholders. Each officer shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors except as may otherwise be approved by the Board of Directors, or until his or her earlier resignation, removal under these Bylaws or other termination of his or her employment. Any person may hold more than one office if the duties can be adequately performed by the same person and to the extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law.

(b) The Board of Directors, in its discretion, may also at any time elect or appoint a Chairman of the Board of Directors, a Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer,

Executive Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents and one or more Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers and such other officers as it may deem advisable (collectively, with the officers described in Section 5.1, referred to as, "Executive Officers"), each of whom shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors, except as may otherwise be approved by the Board of Directors, or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement, removal or other termination of employment, and shall have such authority and shall perform such duties as may be prescribed or determined from time to time by the Board of Directors or in case of officers other than the Chairman of the Board, if not prescribed or determined by the Board of Directors, as the Chief Executive Officer or the then senior executive officer may prescribe or determine.

5.2 Powers and Duties. Each officer has the authority and shall perform the duties set forth below or, to the extent consistent with these Bylaws, the duties prescribed by the Board of Directors or by direction of an officer authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the duties of other officers.

(a) Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, if one is elected, shall be a director and, when present, shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors.

(b) Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer, if one is appointed, shall be charged with general supervision of the management and policy of the Corporation and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may prescribe from time to time. The Chief Executive Officer shall (subject to the presence of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, if one exists) preside at all meetings of the stockholders and, if he is a director, of the Board of Directors.

(c) President. The President shall exercise the powers and authority and perform all of the duties commonly incident to his or her office and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall specify from time to time. In the absence or disability of the Chief Executive Officer, the President may, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, exercise the powers and perform the duties pertaining to the office of the Chief Executive Officer.

(d) Executive Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents. The Executive Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents shall perform such duties as may be assigned to them from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer or President if the Board of Directors does not do so. In the absence or disability of the Chief Executive Officer, the Executive Vice Presidents in order of seniority, or if none, the Vice Presidents in order of seniority, may, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, shall exercise the powers and perform the duties pertaining to the office of the Chief Executive Officer, in order of seniority shall exercise the powers and perform the duties of the office of the Chief Executive Officer.

(e) Secretary. The Secretary or in his or her absence an Assistant Secretary shall keep the minutes of all meetings of stockholders and of the Board of Directors and any committee thereof, give and serve all notices, attend to such correspondence as may be assigned

to him or her, keep in safe custody the seal of the Corporation (if any), and affix such seal (if any) to all such instruments properly executed as may require it, shall perform all of the duties commonly incident to his or her office and shall have such other duties and powers as may be prescribed or determined from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer or President if the Board of Directors does not do so.

(f) Treasurer. The Treasurer or in his or her absence an Assistant Treasurer, subject to the order of the Board of Directors, shall have the care and custody of the monies, funds, securities, valuable papers and documents of the Corporation (other than his or her own bond, if any, which shall be in the custody of the Chief Executive Officer), and shall have, under the supervision of the Board of Directors, all the powers and duties commonly incident to his or her office. The Treasurer shall deposit all funds of the Corporation in such bank or banks, trust company or trust companies, or with such firm or firms doing a banking business as may be designated by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer if the Board of Directors does not do so. The Treasurer may endorse for deposit or collection all checks, notes and similar instruments payable to the Corporation or to its order. The Treasurer shall keep accurate books of account of the Corporation's transactions, which shall be the property of the Corporation, and together with all of the property of the Corporation in the Treasurer's possession, shall be subject at all times to the inspection and control of the Board of Directors. The Treasurer shall be subject in every way to the order of the Board of Directors, and shall render to the Board of Directors and/or the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, whenever they may require it, an account of all the Treasurer's transactions and of the financial condition of the Corporation. In addition to the foregoing, the Treasurer shall have such duties as may be prescribed or determined from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer if the Board of Directors does not do so.

(g) Assistant Secretaries and Treasurers. Assistants to the Secretary and Treasurer may be appointed by the Chief Executive Officer or elected by the Board of Directors and shall perform such duties and have such powers as shall be delegated to them by the Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Directors.

5.3 Delegation of Authority. The Board of Directors may at any time delegate the powers and duties of any officer for the time being to any other officer, director or employee.

5.4 Compensation. The compensation of the officers of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors or a committee thereof, and the fact that any officer is a director shall not preclude such officer from receiving compensation or from voting upon the resolution providing the same.

ARTICLE VI RESIGNATIONS, VACANCIES AND REMOVALS

6.1 Resignations. Any director or officer may resign at any time by giving written notice thereof to the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or the Secretary. Any such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein or, if the time be not specified, upon receipt thereof; and unless otherwise specified therein or in these Bylaws, the acceptance of any resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

6.2 Vacancies.

(a) Directors. Any vacancy in the Board of Directors caused by reason of death, disqualification, incapacity, resignation, removal, increase in the authorized number of directors or otherwise, shall be filled by the majority vote of the Board of Directors. If there are no directors any vacancy shall be filled by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of all outstanding shares entitled to be voted at an election of directors.

(b) Officers. The Board of Directors may at any time or from time to time fill any vacancy among the officers of the Corporation no matter how such vacancy is created, whether by expansion of the number, resignation, death, disability or otherwise.

6.3 Removals.

(a) Directors. Except as may otherwise be provided by the Delaware General Corporation Law or the Certificate of Incorporation, any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of all outstanding shares entitled to be voted at an election of directors subject to any voting provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation.

(b) Officers. Subject to the provisions of any validly existing agreement, the Board of Directors may at any meeting remove from office any officer, with or without cause, and may appoint a successor.

ARTICLE VII CAPITAL STOCK

7.1 Certificates of Stock. Every stockholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates for shares of the capital stock of the Corporation in such form as may be prescribed or authorized by the Board of Directors, duly numbered and setting forth the number and kind of shares represented thereby. Such certificates shall be signed by any two (2) officers of the Corporation. Any or all of such signatures may be in facsimile.

In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed on a certificate has ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before the certificate has been issued, such certificate may nevertheless be issued and delivered by the Corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

7.2 Transfer of Stock. Shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be transferable only upon the books of the Corporation upon the surrender of the certificate or certificates properly assigned and endorsed for transfer. If the Corporation has a transfer agent or registrar acting on its behalf, the signature of any officer or representative thereof may be in facsimile.

The Board of Directors may appoint a transfer agent and one or more co-transfer agents and a registrar and one or more co-registrars and may make or authorize such agents to make all such rules and regulations deemed expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of shares of stock not otherwise inconsistent with these Bylaws or the Certificate of Incorporation.

7.3 Record of Stockholders. The Corporation or an agent designated by the Board of Directors shall maintain a record of the Corporation's stockholders in a form that permits preparation of a list of names and addresses of all stockholders, in alphabetical order by class or shares showing the number and class of shares held by each stockholder.

7.4 Lost Certificates. In the event that a share certificate is lost, stolen or destroyed, the Board of Directors may direct that a new certificate be issued in place of such certificate. When authorizing the issue of a new certificate, the Board of Directors may require such proof of a loss as it may deem appropriate as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, including a requirement that the owner of such lost, stolen or destroyed certificate, or his legal representative, advertise the same in such a manner as the Board of Directors shall require and/or that he or she gives the Corporation a bond in such sum as the Board of Directors may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the Corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed.

ARTICLE VIII
FISCAL YEAR, BANK DEPOSITS, CHECKS, ETC.

8.1 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

8.2 Bank Deposit, Checks, Etc. The funds of the Corporation shall be deposited in the name of the Corporation or of any division thereof in such banks or trust companies in the United States or elsewhere as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors or by such officer or officers as the Board of Directors may authorize to make such designations.

All checks, drafts or other orders for the withdrawal of funds from any bank account shall be signed by such person or persons as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. The signatures on checks, drafts or other orders for the withdrawal of funds may be in facsimile if authorized in the designation.

ARTICLE IX
BOOKS AND RECORDS

9.1 Place of Keeping Books. The books and records of the Corporation may be kept within or outside of the State of Delaware.

9.2 Examination of Books. Except as may otherwise be provided by the Delaware General Corporation Law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the Board of Directors shall have the power to determine from time to time whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions any of the accounts, records and books of the Corporation are to be open to the inspection of any stockholder. No stockholder shall have any right to inspect any account or book or document of the Corporation except as prescribed by law or authorized by express resolution of the stockholders or of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE X
POWERS OF ATTORNEY

The Board of Directors may authorize one or more of the officers of the Corporation to execute powers of attorney delegating to named representatives or agents power to represent or act on behalf of the Corporation, with or without the power of substitution.

In the absence of any action by the Board of Directors, any officer of the Corporation may execute, for and on behalf of the Corporation, waivers of notice of meetings of stockholders and proxies, or may vote shares directly, for such meetings of any company in which the Corporation may hold voting securities.

ARTICLE XI
INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

11.1 Indemnification of Directors, Officers, Employees and Agents. The Corporation may indemnify and advance expenses to members of the Board of Directors, officers, employees or agents of the Corporation to the extent permitted by the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws or by law.

11.2 Insurance. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance, at its expense, on behalf of an individual who is a member of the Board of Directors, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or who, while a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, serves at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee, partner or agent of another foreign or domestic Corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other entity, against liability asserted against or incurred by him or her in that capacity or arising from his or her status as a director, officer, employee or agent, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify or advance expenses to him or her against the same liability under this Article XI.

ARTICLE XII
GENERAL PROVISIONS

12.1 Amendment or Repeal of Bylaws. These Bylaws may be amended or repealed and new Bylaws may be adopted by the stockholders of the Corporation, or in certain instances as prescribed under section 109 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. Unless the stockholders have fixed a greater quorum or voting requirement, these Bylaws also may be altered, amended

or repealed and new Bylaws may be adopted by a majority vote of all the shares voted at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders. A bylaw that fixes a greater quorum or voting requirement for the Board of Directors may be adopted only by the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares entitled to be cast.

12.2 Stockholder Proposals. Should the Company have more than one stockholder, any stockholder who intends to propose that any provision of these Bylaws be amended by action of the stockholders shall notify the Secretary of the Corporation in writing of the amendment or amendments which such stockholder intends to propose not later than one hundred eighty (180) days prior to a request by such stockholder to call a special meeting for such purpose or, if such proposal is intended to be made at an annual meeting of stockholders, not later than the latest date permitted for submission of stockholder proposals by Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such notice to the Secretary shall include the text of the proposed amendment or amendments and a brief statement of the reason or reasons why such stockholder intends to make such proposal.

12.3 Seal. The Corporation may have a seal, which shall be in such form as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine. In the event that the use of the seal is required, the signature of an officer of the Corporation followed by the word "Seal" enclosed in parenthesis, shall be deemed the seal of the Corporation.

12.4 Voting Shares in Subsidiaries. In the absence of other arrangements by the Board of Directors, shares of stock issued by another corporation and owned or controlled by the Corporation, whether in a fiduciary capacity or otherwise, may be voted by the Chief Executive Officer, the President or any Executive Vice President, in absence of action by the Chief Executive Officer or President, in the same order as they preside in the absence of the President, or, in the absence of action by the President or any Executive Vice President, by any other officer of the Corporation, and such person may execute the aforementioned powers by executing proxies and written waiver and consents on behalf of the Corporation.

AMENDED AND RESTATED
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF
PREMIER DEVICES – A SIRENZA COMPANY

Article I

The name of this Corporation is “Premier Devices – A Sirenza Company”

Article II

The purpose of this Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the General Corporation Law of California other than the banking business, the trust company business or the practice of a profession permitted to be incorporated by the California Corporations Code.

Article III

This Corporation is authorized to issue one class of shares of stock, designated as “Common Stock”. The total number of shares of Common Stock this Corporation shall have the authority to issue is One Thousand (1,000) shares of Common Stock, having a par value of \$0.001 per share.

Article IV

1. Limitation of Directors’ Liability. The liability of the directors of the Corporation for monetary damages shall be eliminated to the fullest extent permissible under California law.

2. Indemnification of Corporate Agents. The Corporation is authorized to indemnify the directors and officers of the Corporation to the fullest extent permissible under California law.

3. Repeal or Modification. Unless applicable law otherwise provides, any amendment, repeal or modification of the foregoing provisions of this Article IV by the shareholders of the Corporation shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation under this Article IV existing at the time of such amendment, repeal or modification.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS
OF
PREMIER DEVICES – A SIRENZA COMPANY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ARTICLE I CORPORATE OFFICES	1
1.1 PRINCIPAL OFFICE	1
1.2 OTHER OFFICES	1
ARTICLE II MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS	1
2.1 PLACE OF MEETINGS	1
2.2 ANNUAL MEETING	1
2.3 SPECIAL MEETING	2
2.4 NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS	2
2.5 MANNER OF GIVING NOTICE; AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE	3
2.6 QUORUM	3
2.7 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE	3
2.8 VOTING	4
2.9 VALIDATION OF MEETINGS; WAIVER OF NOTICE; CONSENT	5
2.10 SHAREHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING	5
2.11 RECORD DATE FOR SHAREHOLDER NOTICE; VOTING; GIVING CONSENTS	6
2.12 PROXIES	6
2.13 INSPECTORS OF ELECTION	7
ARTICLE III DIRECTORS	8
3.1 POWERS	8
3.2 NUMBER, TERM AND QUALIFICATION	8
3.3 REMOVAL	8
3.4 RESIGNATION AND VACANCIES	8
3.5 PLACE OF MEETINGS; MEETINGS BY TELEPHONE	9
3.6 REGULAR MEETINGS	9
3.7 SPECIAL MEETINGS; NOTICE	9
3.8 QUORUM	10
3.9 WAIVER OF NOTICE	10
3.10 ADJOURNMENT	10
3.11 NOTICE OF ADJOURNMENT	10
3.12 BOARD ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING	11
3.13 FEES AND COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS	11
3.14 APPROVAL OF LOANS TO OFFICERS	11
ARTICLE IV COMMITTEES	11
4.1 COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS	11
4.2 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF COMMITTEES	12

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	<u>Page</u>
ARTICLE V OFFICERS	13
5.1 OFFICERS	13
5.2 ELECTION OF OFFICERS	13
5.3 SUBORDINATE OFFICERS	13
5.4 REMOVAL AND RESIGNATION OF OFFICERS	13
5.5 VACANCIES IN OFFICES	13
5.6 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	14
5.7 PRESIDENT	14
5.8 VICE PRESIDENTS	14
5.9 SECRETARY	14
5.10 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	15
ARTICLE VI INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHER AGENTS	15
6.1 INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	15
6.2 INDEMNIFICATION OF OTHERS	15
6.3 PAYMENT OF EXPENSES IN ADVANCE	16
6.4 INDEMNITY NOT EXCLUSIVE	16
6.5 INSURANCE INDEMNIFICATION	16
6.6 CONFLICTS	16
ARTICLE VII RECORDS AND REPORTS	17
7.1 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF SHARE REGISTER	17
7.2 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF BYLAWS	17
7.3 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF OTHER CORPORATE RECORDS	18
7.4 INSPECTION BY DIRECTORS	18
7.5 ANNUAL REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS; WAIVER	18
7.6 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	18
7.7 REPRESENTATION OF SHARES OF OTHER CORPORATIONS	19
ARTICLE VIII GENERAL MATTERS	19
8.1 RECORD DATE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN NOTICE AND VOTING	19
8.2 CHECKS; DRAFTS; EVIDENCES OF INDEBTEDNESS	20
8.3 CORPORATE CONTRACTS AND INSTRUMENTS: HOW EXECUTED	20
8.4 CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES	20
8.5 LOST CERTIFICATES	20
8.6 CONSTRUCTION; DEFINITIONS	21

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

		<u>Page</u>
ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS		21
9.1	AMENDMENT BY SHAREHOLDERS	21
9.2	AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS	21

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

PREMIER DEVICES – A SIRENZA COMPANY

ARTICLE I

CORPORATE OFFICES

1.1 PRINCIPAL OFFICE

The board of directors shall fix the location of the principal executive office of the corporation at any place within or outside the State of California. If the principal executive office is located outside such state and the corporation has one or more business offices in such state, then the board of directors shall fix and designate a principal business office in the State of California.

1.2 OTHER OFFICES

The board of directors may at any time establish branch or subordinate offices at any place or places where the corporation is qualified to do business.

ARTICLE II

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

2.1 PLACE OF MEETINGS

Meetings of shareholders shall be held at any place within or outside the State of California designated by the board of directors. In the absence of any such designation, shareholders' meetings shall be held at the principal executive office of the corporation.

2.2 ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held each year on a date and at a time designated by the board of directors. In the absence of such designation, the annual meeting of shareholders shall be held on the second Tuesday of May in each year at 10:00 a.m.. However, if such day falls on a legal holiday, then the meeting shall be held at the same time and place on the next succeeding full business day. At the meeting, directors shall be elected, and any other proper business may be transacted.

2.3 SPECIAL MEETING

A special meeting of the shareholders may be called at any time by the board of directors, or by the chairman of the board, or by the president, or by one or more shareholders holding shares in the aggregate entitled to cast not less than ten percent (10%) of the votes at that meeting.

If a special meeting is called by any person or persons other than the board of directors or the president or the chairman of the board, then the request shall be in writing, specifying the time of such meeting and the general nature of the business proposed to be transacted, and shall be delivered personally or sent by registered mail or by telegraphic or other facsimile transmission to the chairman of the board, the president, any vice president or the secretary of the corporation. The officer receiving the request shall cause notice to be promptly given to the shareholders entitled to vote, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2.4 and 2.5 of these bylaws, that a meeting will be held at the time requested by the person or persons calling the meeting, so long as that time is not less than thirty-five (35) nor more than sixty (60) days after the receipt of the request. If the notice is not given within twenty (20) days after receipt of the request, then the person or persons requesting the meeting may give the notice. Nothing contained in this paragraph of this Section 2.3 shall be construed as limiting, fixing or affecting the time when a meeting of shareholders called by action of the board of directors may be held.

2.4 NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

All notices of meetings of shareholders shall be sent or otherwise given in accordance with Section 2.5 of these bylaws not less than ten (10) (or, if sent by third-class mail pursuant to Section 2.5 of these bylaws, thirty (30)) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting. The notice shall specify the place, date, and hour of the meeting and (i) in the case of a special meeting, the general nature of the business to be transacted (no business other than that specified in the notice may be transacted) or (ii) in the case of the annual meeting, those matters which the board of directors, at the time of giving the notice, intends to present for action by the shareholders (but subject to the provisions of the next paragraph of this Section 2.4 any proper matter may be presented at the meeting for such action). The notice of any meeting at which directors are to be elected shall include the name of any nominee or nominees who, at the time of the notice, the board intends to present for election.

If action is proposed to be taken at any meeting for approval of (i) a contract or transaction in which a director has a direct or indirect financial interest, pursuant to Section 310 of the Corporations Code of California (the "Code"), (ii) an amendment of the articles of incorporation, pursuant to Section 902 of the Code, (iii) a reorganization of the corporation, pursuant to Section 1201 of the Code, (iv) a voluntary dissolution of the corporation, pursuant to Section 1900 of the Code, or (v) a distribution in dissolution other than in accordance with the rights of outstanding preferred shares, pursuant to Section 2007 of the Code, then the notice shall also state the general nature of that proposal.

2.5 MANNER OF GIVING NOTICE; AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE

Written notice of any meeting of shareholders shall be given either (i) personally or (ii) by first-class mail or (iii) by third-class mail but only if the corporation has outstanding shares held of record by five hundred (500) or more persons (determined as provided in Section 605 of the Code) on the record date for the shareholders' meeting, or (iv) by telegraphic or other written communication. Notices not personally delivered shall be sent charges prepaid and shall be addressed to the shareholder at the address of that shareholder appearing on the books of the corporation or given by the shareholder to the corporation for the purpose of notice. If no such address appears on the corporation's books or is given, notice shall be deemed to have been given if sent to that shareholder by mail or telegraphic or other written communication to the corporation's principal executive office, or if published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where that office is located. Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time when delivered personally or deposited in the mail or sent by telegram or other means of written communication.

If any notice addressed to a shareholder at the address of that shareholder appearing on the books of the corporation is returned to the corporation by the United States Postal Service marked to indicate that the United States Postal Service is unable to deliver the notice to the shareholder at that address, then all future notices or reports shall be deemed to have been duly given without further mailing if the same shall be available to the shareholder on written demand of the shareholder at the principal executive office of the corporation for a period of one (1) year from the date of the giving of the notice.

An affidavit of the mailing or other means of giving any notice of any shareholders' meeting, executed by the secretary, assistant secretary or any transfer agent of the corporation giving the notice, shall be prima facie evidence of the giving of such notice.

2.6 QUORUM

The presence in person or by proxy of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote thereat constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of shareholders. The shareholders present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to do business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by at least a majority of the shares required to constitute a quorum.

2.7 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE

Any shareholders' meeting, annual or special, whether or not a quorum is present, may be adjourned from time to time by the vote of the majority of the shares represented at that meeting, either in person or by proxy. In the absence of a quorum, no other business may be transacted at that meeting except as provided in Section 2.6 of these bylaws.

When any meeting of shareholders, either annual or special, is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the time and place are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. However, if a new record date for the adjourned meeting is fixed or if the adjournment is for more than forty-five (45) days from the date set for the original meeting, then notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given. Notice of any such adjourned meeting shall be given to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2.4 and 2.5 of these bylaws. At any adjourned meeting the corporation may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting.

2.8 VOTING

The shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.11 of these bylaws, subject to the provisions of Sections 702 through 704 of the Code (relating to voting shares held by a fiduciary, in the name of a corporation or in joint ownership).

The shareholders' vote may be by voice vote or by ballot; provided, however, that any election for directors must be by ballot if demanded by any shareholder at the meeting and before the voting has begun.

Except as provided in the last paragraph of this Section 2.8, or as may be otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, each outstanding share, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of the shareholders. Any shareholder entitled to vote on any matter may vote part of the shares in favor of the proposal and refrain from voting the remaining shares or, except when the matter is the election of directors, may vote them against the proposal; but, if the shareholder fails to specify the number of shares which the shareholder is voting affirmatively, it will be conclusively presumed that the shareholder's approving vote is with respect to all shares which the shareholder is entitled to vote.

If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the majority of the shares represented and voting at a duly held meeting (which shares voting affirmatively also constitute at least a majority of the required quorum) shall be the act of the shareholders, unless the vote of a greater number or a vote by classes is required by the Code or by the articles of incorporation.

At a shareholders' meeting at which directors are to be elected, a shareholder shall be entitled to cumulate votes (i.e., cast for any candidate a number of votes greater than the number of votes which such shareholder normally is entitled to cast) if the candidates' names have been placed in nomination prior to commencement of the voting and the shareholder has given notice prior to commencement of the voting of the shareholder's intention to cumulate votes. If any shareholder has given such a notice, then every shareholder entitled to vote may cumulate votes for candidates in nomination either (i) by giving one candidate a number of votes equal to the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of votes to which that shareholder's shares are normally entitled or (ii) by distributing the shareholder's votes on the same principle among any or all of the candidates, as the shareholder thinks fit. The candidates receiving the highest number of affirmative votes, up to the number of directors to be elected, shall be elected; votes against any candidate and votes withheld shall have no legal effect.

2.9 VALIDATION OF MEETINGS; WAIVER OF NOTICE; CONSENT

The transactions of any meeting of shareholders, either annual or special, however called and noticed, and wherever held, shall be as valid as though they had been taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum be present either in person or by proxy, and if, either before or after the meeting, each person entitled to vote, who was not present in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice or a consent to the holding of the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof. The waiver of notice or consent or approval need not specify either the business to be transacted or the purpose of any annual or special meeting of shareholders, except that if action is taken or proposed to be taken for approval of any of those matters specified in the second paragraph of Section 2.4 of these bylaws, the waiver of notice or consent or approval shall state the general nature of the proposal. All such waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Attendance by a person at a meeting shall also constitute a waiver of notice of and presence at that meeting, except when the person objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to object to the consideration of matters required by the Code to be included in the notice of the meeting but not so included, if that objection is expressly made at the meeting.

2.10 SHAREHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING

Any action which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting and without prior notice, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by the holders of outstanding shares having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take that action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote on that action were present and voted.

In the case of election of directors, such a consent shall be effective only if signed by the holders of all outstanding shares entitled to vote for the election of directors. However, a director may be elected at any time to fill any vacancy on the board of directors, provided that it was not created by removal of a director and that it has not been filled by the directors, by the written consent of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote for the election of directors.

All such consents shall be maintained in the corporate records. Any shareholder giving a written consent, or the shareholder's proxy holders, or a transferee of the shares, or a personal representative of the shareholder, or their respective proxy holders, may revoke the consent by a writing received by the secretary of the corporation before written consents of the number of shares required to authorize the proposed action have been filed with the secretary.

If the consents of all shareholders entitled to vote have not been solicited in writing and if the unanimous written consent of all such shareholders has not been received, then the secretary shall

give prompt notice of the corporate action approved by the shareholders without a meeting. Such notice shall be given to those shareholders entitled to vote who have not consented in writing and shall be given in the manner specified in Section 2.5 of these bylaws. In the case of approval of (i) a contract or transaction in which a director has a direct or indirect financial interest, pursuant to Section 310 of the Code, (ii) indemnification of a corporate "agent," pursuant to Section 317 of the Code, (iii) a reorganization of the corporation, pursuant to Section 1201 of the Code, and (iv) a distribution in dissolution other than in accordance with the rights of outstanding preferred shares, pursuant to Section 2007 of the Code, the notice shall be given at least ten (10) days before the consummation of any action authorized by that approval.

2.11 RECORD DATE FOR SHAREHOLDER NOTICE; VOTING; GIVING CONSENTS

For purposes of determining the shareholders entitled to notice of any meeting or to vote thereat or entitled to give consent to corporate action without a meeting, the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days nor less than ten (10) days before the date of any such meeting nor more than sixty (60) days before any such action without a meeting, and in such event only shareholders of record on the date so fixed are entitled to notice and to vote or to give consents, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any shares on the books of the corporation after the record date, except as otherwise provided in the Code.

If the board of directors does not so fix a record date:

(a) the record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which notice is given or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held; and

(b) the record date for determining shareholders entitled to give consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, (i) when no prior action by the board has been taken, shall be the day on which the first written consent is given, or (ii) when prior action by the board has been taken, shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board adopts the resolution relating to that action, or the sixtieth (60th) day before the date of such other action, whichever is later.

The record date for any other purpose shall be as provided in Article VIII of these bylaws.

2.12 PROXIES

Every person entitled to vote for directors, or on any other matter, shall have the right to do so either in person or by one or more agents authorized by a written proxy signed by the person and filed with the secretary of the corporation. A proxy shall be deemed signed if the shareholder's name is placed on the proxy (whether by manual signature, typewriting, telegraphic transmission or otherwise) by the shareholder or the shareholder's attorney-in-fact. A validly executed proxy which does not state that it is irrevocable shall continue in full force and effect unless (i) the person who

executed the proxy revokes it prior to the time of voting by delivering a writing to the corporation stating that the proxy is revoked or by executing a subsequent proxy and presenting it to the meeting or by voting in person at the meeting, or (ii) written notice of the death or incapacity of the maker of that proxy is received by the corporation before the vote pursuant to that proxy is counted; provided, however, that no proxy shall be valid after the expiration of eleven (11) months from the date of the proxy, unless otherwise provided in the proxy. The dates contained on the forms of proxy presumptively determine the order of execution, regardless of the postmark dates on the envelopes in which they are mailed. The revocability of a proxy that states on its face that it is irrevocable shall be governed by the provisions of Sections 705(e) and 705(f) of the Code.

2.13 INSPECTORS OF ELECTION

Before any meeting of shareholders, the board of directors may appoint an inspector or inspectors of election to act at the meeting or its adjournment. If no inspector of election is so appointed, then the chairman of the meeting may, and on the request of any shareholder or a shareholder's proxy shall, appoint an inspector or inspectors of election to act at the meeting. The number of inspectors shall be either one (1) or three (3). If inspectors are appointed at a meeting pursuant to the request of one (1) or more shareholders or proxies, then the holders of a majority of shares or their proxies present at the meeting shall determine whether one (1) or three (3) inspectors are to be appointed. If any person appointed as inspector fails to appear or fails or refuses to act, then the chairman of the meeting may, and upon the request of any shareholder or a shareholder's proxy shall, appoint a person to fill that vacancy.

Such inspectors shall:

- (a) determine the number of shares outstanding and the voting power of each, the number of shares represented at the meeting, the existence of a quorum, and the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies;
- (b) receive votes, ballots or consents;
- (c) hear and determine all challenges and questions in any way arising in connection with the right to vote;
- (d) count and tabulate all votes or consents;
- (e) determine when the polls shall close;
- (f) determine the result; and
- (g) do any other acts that may be proper to conduct the election or vote with fairness to all shareholders.

ARTICLE III

DIRECTORS

3.1 POWERS

Subject to the provisions of the Code and any limitations in the articles of incorporation and these bylaws relating to action required to be approved by the shareholders or by the outstanding shares, the business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the direction of the board of directors.

3.2 NUMBER, TERM AND QUALIFICATION

The number of directors constituting the board of directors shall be not less than one (1), as may be fixed by resolution duly adopted by the shareholders or by the board of directors prior to the annual meeting at which such directors are to be elected, but in the absence of such resolution, the number of directors following the election of directors at the meeting shall constitute the number of directors of the corporation until the next annual meeting of shareholders. The initial number of directors shall be three (3). Each director's term shall expire at the annual meeting next following the director's election as a director, provided, that notwithstanding the expiration of the term of the director, the director shall continue to hold office until a successor is elected and qualifies or until his death, resignation, removal or disqualification, or until there is a decrease in the number of directors. Directors need not be residents of the State of California or shareholders of the corporation unless the articles of incorporation so require.

3.3 REMOVAL

Directors may be removed from office with or without cause (unless the articles of incorporation provide that directors may be removed only for cause) provided the notice of the shareholders' meeting at which such action is to be taken states that a purpose of the meeting is removal of the director and the number of votes cast to remove the director exceeds the number of votes cast not to remove him.

3.4 RESIGNATION AND VACANCIES

Any director may resign effective on giving written notice to the chairman of the board, the president, the secretary or the board of directors, unless the notice specifies a later time for that resignation to become effective. If the resignation of a director is effective at a future time, the board of directors may elect a successor to take office when the resignation becomes effective.

Vacancies in the board of directors may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director; however, a vacancy created by the removal of a director by the vote or written consent of the shareholders or by court order may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented and voting at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present (which shares voting affirmatively also constitute a majority of

the required quorum), or by the unanimous written consent of all shares entitled to vote thereon. Each director so elected shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the shareholders and until a successor has been elected and qualified.

A vacancy or vacancies in the board of directors shall be deemed to exist (i) in the event of the death, resignation or removal of any director, (ii) if the board of directors by resolution declares vacant the office of a director who has been declared of unsound mind by an order of court or convicted of a felony, (iii) if the authorized number of directors is increased, or (iv) if the shareholders fail, at any meeting of shareholders at which any director or directors are elected, to elect the number of directors to be elected at that meeting.

The shareholders may elect a director or directors at any time to fill any vacancy or vacancies not filled by the directors, but any such election other than to fill a vacancy created by removal, if by written consent, shall require the consent of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon.

3.5 PLACE OF MEETINGS; MEETINGS BY TELEPHONE

Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held at any place within or outside the State of California that has been designated from time to time by resolution of the board. In the absence of such a designation, regular meetings shall be held at the principal executive office of the corporation. Special meetings of the board may be held at any place within or outside the State of California that has been designated in the notice of the meeting or, if not stated in the notice or if there is no notice, at the principal executive office of the corporation.

Any meeting, regular or special, may be held by conference telephone or similar communication equipment, so long as all directors participating in the meeting can hear one another; and all such directors shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

3.6 REGULAR MEETINGS

Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice if the times of such meetings are fixed by the board of directors.

3.7 SPECIAL MEETINGS; NOTICE

Special meetings of the board of directors for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time by the chairman of the board, the president, any vice president, the secretary or any two directors.

Notice of the time and place of special meetings shall be delivered personally or by telephone to each director or sent by first-class mail or telegram, charges prepaid, addressed to each director at that director's address as it is shown on the records of the corporation. If the notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least four (4) days before the time of the holding of the meeting. If the notice is delivered personally or by telephone or telegram, it shall be delivered

personally or by telephone or to the telegraph company at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the holding of the meeting. Any oral notice given personally or by telephone may be communicated either to the director or to a person at the office of the director who the person giving the notice has reason to believe will promptly communicate it to the director. The notice need not specify the purpose or the place of the meeting, if the meeting is to be held at the principal executive office of the corporation.

3.8 QUORUM

A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn as provided in Section 3.10 of these bylaws. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the board of directors, subject to the provisions of Section 310 of the Code (as to approval of contracts or transactions in which a director has a direct or indirect material financial interest), Section 311 of the Code (as to appointment of committees), Section 317(e) of the Code (as to indemnification of directors), the articles of incorporation, and other applicable law.

A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.

3.9 WAIVER OF NOTICE

Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director (i) who signs a waiver of notice or a consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof, whether before or after the meeting, or (ii) who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such directors. All such waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made part of the minutes of the meeting. A waiver of notice need not specify the purpose of any regular or special meeting of the board of directors.

3.10 ADJOURNMENT

A majority of the directors present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place.

3.11 NOTICE OF ADJOURNMENT

Notice of the time and place of holding an adjourned meeting need not be given unless the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours. If the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, then notice of the time and place of the adjourned meeting shall be given before the adjourned meeting takes place, in the manner specified in Section 3.7 of these bylaws, to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

3.12 BOARD ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the board of directors may be taken without a meeting, provided that all members of the board individually or collectively consent in writing to that action. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the board of directors. Such written consent and any counterparts thereof shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the board.

3.13 FEES AND COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Directors and members of committees may receive such compensation, if any, for their services and such reimbursement of expenses as may be fixed or determined by resolution of the board of directors. This Section 3.13 shall not be construed to preclude any director from serving the corporation in any other capacity as an officer, agent, employee or otherwise and receiving compensation for those services.

3.14 APPROVAL OF LOANS TO OFFICERS*

The corporation may, upon the approval of the board of directors alone, make loans of money or property to, or guarantee the obligations of, any officer of the corporation or its parent or subsidiary, whether or not a director, or adopt an employee benefit plan or plans authorizing such loans or guaranties provided that (i) the board of directors determines that such a loan or guaranty or plan may reasonably be expected to benefit the corporation, (ii) the corporation has outstanding shares held of record by 100 or more persons (determined as provided in Section 605 of the Code) on the date of approval by the board of directors, and (iii) the approval of the board of directors is by a vote sufficient without counting the vote of any interested director or directors.

ARTICLE IV

COMMITTEES

4.1 COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the authorized number of directors, designate one (1) or more committees, each consisting of two or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the board. The board may designate one (1) or more directors as alternate members

* This section is effective only if it has been approved by the shareholders in accordance with Sections 315(b) and 152 of the Code.

of any committee, who may replace any absent member at any meeting of the committee. The appointment of members or alternate members of a committee requires the vote of a majority of the authorized number of directors. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board, shall have all the authority of the board, except with respect to:

- (a) the approval of any action which, under the Code, also requires shareholders' approval or approval of the outstanding shares;
- (b) the filling of vacancies on the board of directors or in any committee;
- (c) the fixing of compensation of the directors for serving on the board or any committee;
- (d) the amendment or repeal of these bylaws or the adoption of new bylaws;
- (e) the amendment or repeal of any resolution of the board of directors which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- (f) a distribution to the shareholders of the corporation, except at a rate or in a periodic amount or within a price range determined by the board of directors; or
- (g) the appointment of any other committees of the board of directors or the members of such committees.

4.2 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF COMMITTEES

Meetings and actions of committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article III of these bylaws, Section 3.5 (place of meetings), Section 3.6 (regular meetings), Section 3.7 (special meetings and notice), Section 3.8 (quorum), Section 3.9 (waiver of notice), Section 3.10 (adjournment), Section 3.11 (notice of adjournment), and Section 3.12 (action without meeting), with such changes in the context of those bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the board of directors and its members; provided, however, that the time of regular meetings of committees may be determined either by resolution of the board of directors or by resolution of the committee, that special meetings of committees may also be called by resolution of the board of directors, and that notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. The board of directors may adopt rules for the government of any committee not inconsistent with the provisions of these bylaws.

ARTICLE V

OFFICERS

5.1 OFFICERS

The officers of the corporation shall be a president, a secretary, and a chief financial officer. The corporation may also have, at the discretion of the board of directors, a chairman of the board, one or more vice presidents, one or more assistant secretaries, one or more assistant treasurers, and such other officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3 of these bylaws. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

5.2 ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The officers of the corporation, except such officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3 or Section 5.5 of these bylaws, shall be chosen by the board, subject to the rights, if any, of an officer under any contract of employment.

5.3 SUBORDINATE OFFICERS

The board of directors may appoint, or may empower the president to appoint, such other officers as the business of the corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these bylaws or as the board of directors may from time to time determine.

5.4 REMOVAL AND RESIGNATION OF OFFICERS

Subject to the rights, if any, of an officer under any contract of employment, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, by the board of directors at any regular or special meeting of the board or, except in case of an officer chosen by the board of directors, by any officer upon whom such power of removal may be conferred by the board of directors.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation. Any resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of that notice or at any later time specified in that notice; and, unless otherwise specified in that notice, the acceptance of the resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Any resignation is without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party.

5.5 VACANCIES IN OFFICES

A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these bylaws for regular appointments to that office.

5.6 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The chairman of the board, if such an officer be elected, shall, if present, preside at meetings of the board of directors and exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the board of directors or as may be prescribed by these bylaws. If there is no president, then the chairman of the board shall also be the chief executive officer of the corporation and shall have the powers and duties prescribed in Section 5.7 of these bylaws.

5.7 PRESIDENT

Subject to such supervisory powers, if any, as may be given by the board of directors to the chairman of the board, if there be such an officer, the president shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation and shall, subject to the control of the board of directors, have general supervision, direction, and control of the business and the officers of the corporation. He shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and, in the absence or nonexistence of a chairman of the board, at all meetings of the board of directors. He shall have the general powers and duties of management usually vested in the office of president of a corporation, and shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or these bylaws.

5.8 VICE PRESIDENTS

In the absence or disability of the president, the vice presidents, if any, in order of their rank as fixed by the board of directors or, if not ranked, a vice president designated by the board of directors, shall perform all the duties of the president and when so acting shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the president. The vice presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed for them respectively by the board of directors, these bylaws, the president or the chairman of the board.

5.9 SECRETARY

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office of the corporation or such other place as the board of directors may direct, a book of minutes of all meetings and actions of directors, committees of directors and shareholders. The minutes shall show the time and place of each meeting, whether regular or special (and, if special, how authorized and the notice given), the names of those present at directors' meetings or committee meetings, the number of shares present or represented at shareholders' meetings, and the proceedings thereof.

The secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office of the corporation or at the office of the corporation's transfer agent or registrar, as determined by resolution of the board of directors, a share register, or a duplicate share register, showing the names of all shareholders and their addresses, the number and classes of shares held by each, the number and date of certificates evidencing such shares, and the number and date of cancellation of every certificate surrendered for cancellation.

The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and of the board of directors required to be given by law or by these bylaws. He shall keep the seal of the corporation, if one be adopted, in safe custody and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or by these bylaws.

5.10 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The chief financial officer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of accounts of the properties and business transactions of the corporation, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings, and shares. The books of account shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any director.

The chief financial officer shall deposit all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the corporation with such depositaries as may be designated by the board of directors. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the board of directors, shall render to the president and directors, whenever they request it, an account of all of his transactions as chief financial officer and of the financial condition of the corporation, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or these bylaws.

ARTICLE VI

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES,

AND OTHER AGENTS

6.1 INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The corporation shall, to the maximum extent and in the manner permitted by the Code, indemnify each of its directors and officers against expenses (as defined in Section 317(a) of the Code), judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding (as defined in Section 317(a) of the Code), arising by reason of the fact that such person is or was an agent of the corporation. For purposes of this Article VI, a "director" or "officer" of the corporation includes any person (i) who is or was a director or officer of the corporation, (ii) who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or (iii) who was a director or officer of a corporation which was a predecessor corporation of the corporation or of another enterprise at the request of such predecessor corporation.

6.2 INDEMNIFICATION OF OTHERS

The corporation shall have the power, to the extent and in the manner permitted by the Code, to indemnify each of its employees and agents (other than directors and officers) against expenses (as defined in Section 317(a) of the Code), judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding (as defined in Section 317(a) of the Code),

arising by reason of the fact that such person is or was an agent of the corporation. For purposes of this Article VI, an "employee" or "agent" of the corporation (other than a director or officer) includes any person (i) who is or was an employee or agent of the corporation, (ii) who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as an employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or (iii) who was an employee or agent of a corporation which was a predecessor corporation of the corporation or of another enterprise at the request of such predecessor corporation.

6.3 PAYMENT OF EXPENSES IN ADVANCE

Expenses incurred in defending any civil or criminal action or proceeding for which indemnification is required pursuant to Section 6.1 or for which indemnification is permitted pursuant to Section 6.2 following authorization thereof by the Board of Directors shall be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the indemnified party to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that the indemnified party is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this Article VI.

6.4 INDEMNITY NOT EXCLUSIVE

The indemnification provided by this Article VI shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in an official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, to the extent that such additional rights to indemnification are authorized in the Articles of Incorporation.

6.5 INSURANCE INDEMNIFICATION

The corporation shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation against any liability asserted against or incurred by such person in such capacity or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of this Article VI.

6.6 CONFLICTS

No indemnification or advance shall be made under this Article VI, except where such indemnification or advance is mandated by law or the order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, in any circumstance where it appears:

(1) That it would be inconsistent with a provision of the Articles of Incorporation, these bylaws, a resolution of the shareholders or an agreement in effect at the time of the accrual of the alleged cause of the action asserted in the proceeding in which the expenses were incurred or other amounts were paid, which prohibits or otherwise limits indemnification; or

(2) That it would be inconsistent with any condition expressly imposed by a court in approving a settlement.

ARTICLE VII

RECORDS AND REPORTS

7.1 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF SHARE REGISTER

The corporation shall keep either at its principal executive office or at the office of its transfer agent or registrar (if either be appointed), as determined by resolution of the board of directors, a record of its shareholders listing the names and addresses of all shareholders and the number and class of shares held by each shareholder.

A shareholder or shareholders of the corporation who holds at least five percent (5%) in the aggregate of the outstanding voting shares of the corporation or who holds at least one percent (1%) of such voting shares and has filed a Schedule 14B with the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the election of directors, may (i) inspect and copy the records of shareholders' names, addresses, and shareholdings during usual business hours on five (5) days' prior written demand on the corporation, (ii) obtain from the transfer agent of the corporation, on written demand and on the tender of such transfer agent's usual charges for such list, a list of the names and addresses of the shareholders who are entitled to vote for the election of directors, and their shareholdings, as of the most recent record date for which that list has been compiled or as of a date specified by the shareholder after the date of demand. Such list shall be made available to any such shareholder by the transfer agent on or before the later of five (5) days after the demand is received or five (5) days after the date specified in the demand as the date as of which the list is to be compiled.

The record of shareholders shall also be open to inspection on the written demand of any shareholder or holder of a voting trust certificate, at any time during usual business hours, for a purpose reasonably related to the holder's interests as a shareholder or as the holder of a voting trust certificate.

Any inspection and copying under this Section 7.1 may be made in person or by an agent or attorney of the shareholder or holder of a voting trust certificate making the demand.

7.2 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF BYLAWS

The corporation shall keep at its principal executive office or, if its principal executive office is not in the State of California, at its principal business office in California the original or a copy of these bylaws as amended to date, which bylaws shall be open to inspection by the shareholders at all reasonable times during office hours. If the principal executive office of the corporation is outside the State of California and the corporation has no principal business office in such state, then the secretary shall, upon the written request of any shareholder, furnish to that shareholder a copy of these bylaws as amended to date.

7.3 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF OTHER CORPORATE RECORDS

The accounting books and records and the minutes of proceedings of the shareholders, of the board of directors, and of any committee or committees of the board of directors shall be kept at such place or places as are designated by the board of directors or, in absence of such designation, at the principal executive office of the corporation. The minutes shall be kept in written form, and the accounting books and records shall be kept either in written form or in any other from capable of being converted into written form.

The minutes and accounting books and records shall be open to inspection upon the written demand of any shareholder or holder of a voting trust certificate, at any reasonable time during usual business hours, for a purpose reasonably related to the holder's interests as a shareholder or as the holder of a voting trust certificate. The inspection may be made in person or by an agent or attorney and shall include the right to copy and make extracts. Such rights of inspection shall extend to the records of each subsidiary corporation of the corporation.

7.4 INSPECTION BY DIRECTORS

Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records, and documents of every kind as well as the physical properties of the corporation and each of its subsidiary corporations. Such inspection by a director may be made in person or by an agent or attorney. The right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts of documents.

7.5 ANNUAL REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS; WAIVER

The board of directors shall cause an annual report to be sent to the shareholders not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of the fiscal year adopted by the corporation. Such report shall be sent at least fifteen (15) days (or, if sent by third-class mail, thirty-five (35) days) before the annual meeting of shareholders to be held during the next fiscal year and in the manner specified in Section 2.5 of these bylaws for giving notice to shareholders of the corporation.

The annual report shall contain (i) a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year, (ii) an income statement, (iii) a statement of changes in financial position for the fiscal year, and (iv) any report of independent accountants or, if there is no such report, the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that the statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the corporation.

The foregoing requirement of an annual report shall be waived so long as the shares of the corporation are held by fewer than one hundred (100) holders of record.

7.6 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

If no annual report for the fiscal year has been sent to shareholders, then the corporation shall, upon the written request of any shareholder made more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of such fiscal year, deliver or mail to the person making the request, within thirty (30) days thereafter, a copy of a balance sheet as of the end of such fiscal year and an income statement and statement of changes in financial position for such fiscal year.

If a shareholder or shareholders holding at least five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares of any class of stock of the corporation makes a written request to the corporation for an income statement of the corporation for the three-month, six-month or nine-month period of the then current fiscal year ended more than thirty (30) days before the date of the request, and for a balance sheet of the corporation as of the end of that period, then the chief financial officer shall cause that statement to be prepared, if not already prepared, and shall deliver personally or mail that statement or statements to the person making the request within thirty (30) days after the receipt of the request. If the corporation has not sent to the shareholders its annual report for the last fiscal year, the statements referred to in the first paragraph of this Section 7.6 shall likewise be delivered or mailed to the shareholder or shareholders within thirty (30) days after the request.

The quarterly income statements and balance sheets referred to in this section shall be accompanied by the report, if any, of any independent accountants engaged by the corporation or by the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that the financial statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the corporation.

7.7 REPRESENTATION OF SHARES OF OTHER CORPORATIONS

The chairman of the board, the president, any vice president, the chief financial officer, the secretary or assistant secretary of this corporation, or any other person authorized by the board of directors or the president or a vice president, is authorized to vote, represent, and exercise on behalf of this corporation all rights incident to any and all shares of any other corporation or corporations standing in the name of this corporation. The authority herein granted may be exercised either by such person directly or by any other person authorized to do so by proxy or power of attorney duly executed by such person having the authority.

ARTICLE VIII

GENERAL MATTERS

8.1 RECORD DATE FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN NOTICE AND VOTING

For purposes of determining the shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights or the shareholders entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any other lawful action (other than action by shareholders by written consent without a meeting), the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days before any such action. In that case, only shareholders of record at the close of business on the date so fixed are entitled to receive the dividend, distribution or allotment of rights, or to exercise such rights, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any shares on the books of the corporation after the record date so fixed, except as otherwise provided in the Code.

If the board of directors does not so fix a record date, then the record date for determining shareholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board adopts the applicable resolution or the sixtieth (60th) day before the date of that action, whichever is later.

8.2 CHECKS; DRAFTS; EVIDENCES OF INDEBTEDNESS

From time to time, the board of directors shall determine by resolution which person or persons may sign or endorse all checks, drafts, other orders for payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness that are issued in the name of or payable to the corporation, and only the persons so authorized shall sign or endorse those instruments.

8.3 CORPORATE CONTRACTS AND INSTRUMENTS: HOW EXECUTED

The board of directors, except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, may authorize any officer or officers, or agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation; such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized or ratified by the board of directors or within the agency power of an officer, no officer, agent or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or for any amount.

8.4 CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES

A certificate or certificates for shares of the corporation shall be issued to each shareholder when any of such shares are fully paid. The board of directors may authorize the issuance of certificates for shares partly paid provided that these certificates shall state the total amount of the consideration to be paid for them and the amount actually paid. All certificates shall be signed in the name of the corporation by the chairman of the board or the vice chairman of the board or the president or a vice president and by the chief financial officer or an assistant treasurer or the secretary or an assistant secretary, certifying the number of shares and the class or series of shares owned by the shareholder. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be facsimile.

In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed on a certificate ceases to be that officer, transfer agent or registrar before that certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if that person were an officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

8.5 LOST CERTIFICATES

Except as provided in this Section 8.5, no new certificates for shares shall be issued to replace a previously issued certificate unless the latter is surrendered to the corporation and cancelled at the same time. The board of directors may, in case any share certificate or certificate for any other security is lost, stolen or destroyed, authorize the issuance of replacement certificates on such terms and conditions as the board may require; the board may require indemnification of the corporation

secured by a bond or other adequate security sufficient to protect the corporation against any claim that may be made against it, including any expense or liability, on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of the certificate or the issuance of the replacement certificate.

8.6 CONSTRUCTION; DEFINITIONS

Unless the context requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions in the Code shall govern the construction of these bylaws. Without limiting the generality of this provision, the singular number includes the plural, the plural number includes the singular, and the term "person" includes both a corporation and a natural person.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENTS

9.1 AMENDMENT BY SHAREHOLDERS

New bylaws may be adopted or these bylaws may be amended or repealed by the vote or written consent of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote; provided, however, that if the articles of incorporation of the corporation set forth the number of authorized directors of the corporation, then the authorized number of directors may be changed only by an amendment of the articles of incorporation.

9.2 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS

Subject to the rights of the shareholders as provided in Section 9.1 of these bylaws, bylaws, other than a bylaw or an amendment of a bylaw changing the authorized number of directors (except to fix the authorized number of directors pursuant to a bylaw providing for a variable number of directors), may be adopted, amended or repealed by the board of directors.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above amended and restated bylaws of Premier Devices – A Sirenza Company, a California corporation (the “Corporation”), are the true, complete and correct bylaws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of July 11, 2016.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland
Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
RF MICRO DEVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

The undersigned individual does hereby submit these Articles of Incorporation for the purpose of forming a business corporation pursuant to Section 55-2-02 of the General Statutes of North Carolina.

I.

The name of the corporation is RF Micro Devices International, Inc. (the "Corporation").

II.

The Corporation shall have authority to issue one thousand (1,000) shares of common stock, without par value (the "Common Stock"). The Common Stock has unlimited voting rights and is entitled to receive the net assets of the Corporation upon dissolution.

III.

The Corporation shall have its initial registered office at 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, Guilford County, North Carolina 27409 and the name of its registered agent at such address is William J. Pratt.

IV.

Except as otherwise provided in the bylaws, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall have the power, by vote of a majority of all the directors, and without the assent or vote of the shareholders, to make, offer, amend, and rescind the Corporation's bylaws at any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors.

V.

The provisions of Articles 9 and 9A of Chapter 55 of the General Statutes of North Carolina shall not apply to the Corporation.

VI.

To the full extent from time to time permitted by law, no person who is serving or has served as a director of the Corporation shall be personally liable in any action for monetary damages for breach of his or her duty as a director, whether such action is brought by or in the right of the Corporation or otherwise. Neither the amendment or repeal of this Article, nor the adoption of any provision of these Articles of Incorporation inconsistent with this Article, shall eliminate or reduce the protection afforded by this Article to a director of the Corporation with respect to any matter which occurred, or any cause of action, suit or claim, which but for this Article would have accrued or arisen, prior to such amendment, repeal or adoption.

VII.

The name and address of the incorporator are Douglas A. Mays, 3300 One First Union Center, 301 South College Street, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County, North Carolina 28202.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has hereunto set his hand this 9th day of February, 2000.

/s/ Douglas A Mays (SEAL)
Douglas A. Mays, Incorporator

**ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT TO THE
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF
RF MICRO DEVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

Pursuant to §55-10-06 of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the undersigned corporation hereby submits the following Articles of Amendment for the purpose of amending its Articles of Incorporation.

1. The name of the corporation is: RF Micro Devices International, Inc.
2. The Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation are hereby amended by deleting the first section thereof and including the following in lieu thereof:
“The name of the Corporation is Qorvo International Holding, Inc. (the “Corporation”).”
3. The date of adoption of the foregoing amendment was March 30, 2016.
4. The foregoing amendment was approved by shareholder action, and such shareholder approval was obtained as required by Chapter 55 of the North Carolina General Statutes.
5. These Articles of Amendment will be effective as of May 2, 2016.

[Signature Follows on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, said RF Micro Devices International, Inc. has caused these Articles of Amendment to be signed by Steven J. Buhaly, its President, this 30th day of March, 2016.

RF MICRO DEVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: /s/ Steven J. Buhaly
Steven J. Buhaly, President

[Signature Page to RF Micro Devices International, Inc. Articles of Amendment (Name Change)]

BYLAWS
OF
QORVO INTERNATIONAL HOLDING, INC.

Effective February 11, 2000
Last Amended as of May 2, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS TO BYLAWS
OF
QORVO INTERNATIONAL HOLDING, INC.

	<u>Page</u>
<u>ARTICLE 1 — OFFICES</u>	1
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Principal and Registered Office</u>	1
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Other Offices</u>	1
<u>ARTICLE 2 — MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS</u>	1
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Place of Meeting</u>	1
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Annual Meeting</u>	1
<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Substitute Annual Meeting</u>	1
<u>Section 4.</u> <u>Special Meetings</u>	1
<u>Section 5.</u> <u>Notice of Meetings</u>	1
<u>Section 6.</u> <u>Quorum</u>	2
<u>Section 7.</u> <u>Shareholders' List</u>	2
<u>Section 8.</u> <u>Voting of Shares</u>	2
<u>Section 9.</u> <u>Action Without Meeting</u>	3
<u>ARTICLE 3 — BOARD OF DIRECTORS</u>	3
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>General Powers</u>	3
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Number, Term and Qualification</u>	3
<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Removal</u>	3
<u>Section 4.</u> <u>Vacancies</u>	3
<u>Section 5.</u> <u>Compensation</u>	4
<u>ARTICLE 4 — MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS</u>	4
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Annual and Regular Meetings</u>	4
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Special Meetings</u>	4
<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Notice of Meetings</u>	4
<u>Section 4.</u> <u>Quorum</u>	4
<u>Section 5.</u> <u>Manner of Acting</u>	4
<u>Section 6.</u> <u>Presumption of Assent</u>	5
<u>Section 7.</u> <u>Action Without Meeting</u>	5
<u>Section 8.</u> <u>Meeting by Communications Device</u>	5
<u>ARTICLE 5 — COMMITTEES</u>	5
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Election and Powers</u>	5
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Removal; Vacancies</u>	6
<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Meetings</u>	6
<u>Section 4.</u> <u>Minutes</u>	6
<u>ARTICLE 6 — OFFICERS</u>	6
<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Titles</u>	6
<u>Section 2.</u> <u>Election; Appointment</u>	6
<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Removal</u>	6

<u>Section 4.</u>	<u>Vacancies</u>	6
<u>Section 5.</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	6
<u>Section 6.</u>	<u>Chairman of the Board of Directors</u>	7
<u>Section 7.</u>	<u>President</u>	7
<u>Section 8.</u>	<u>Vice Presidents</u>	7
<u>Section 9.</u>	<u>Secretary</u>	7
<u>Section 10.</u>	<u>Assistant Secretaries</u>	7
<u>Section 11.</u>	<u>Treasurer</u>	7
<u>Section 12.</u>	<u>Assistant Treasurers</u>	8
<u>Section 13.</u>	<u>Controller and Assistant Controllers</u>	8
<u>Section 14.</u>	<u>Voting Upon Stocks</u>	8
<u>ARTICLE 7 — CAPITAL STOCK</u>		9
<u>Section 1.</u>	<u>Certificates</u>	9
<u>Section 2.</u>	<u>Transfer of Shares</u>	9
<u>Section 3.</u>	<u>Transfer Agent and Registrar</u>	9
<u>Section 4.</u>	<u>Regulations</u>	9
<u>Section 5.</u>	<u>Fixing Record Date</u>	9
<u>Section 6.</u>	<u>Lost Certificates</u>	9
<u>ARTICLE 8 — INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS</u>		10
<u>Section 1.</u>	<u>Indemnification Provisions</u>	10
<u>Section 2.</u>	<u>Definitions</u>	10
<u>Section 3.</u>	<u>Settlements</u>	10
<u>Section 4.</u>	<u>Litigation Expense Advances</u>	10
<u>Section 5.</u>	<u>Approval of Indemnification Payments</u>	11
<u>Section 6.</u>	<u>Suits by Claimant</u>	11
<u>Section 7.</u>	<u>Consideration; Personal Representatives and Other Remedies</u>	11
<u>Section 8.</u>	<u>Scope of Indemnification Rights</u>	11
<u>ARTICLE 9 — GENERAL PROVISIONS</u>		12
<u>Section 1.</u>	<u>Dividends and other Distributions</u>	12
<u>Section 2.</u>	<u>Seal</u>	12
<u>Section 3.</u>	<u>Waiver of Notice</u>	12
<u>Section 4.</u>	<u>Checks</u>	12
<u>Section 5.</u>	<u>Fiscal Year</u>	12
<u>Section 6.</u>	<u>Amendments</u>	12
<u>Section 7.</u>	<u>Shareholders' Agreement</u>	12

BYLAWS

OF

QORVO INTERNATIONAL HOLDING, INC.

ARTICLE 1 — OFFICES

Section 1. Principal and Registered Office. The principal office of the corporation shall be located at 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, North Carolina. The registered office of the corporation may, but need not, be the same as the principal office.

Section 2. Other Offices. The corporation may have offices at such other places, either within or without the State of North Carolina, as the board of directors may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE 2 — MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. Place of Meeting. Meetings of shareholders shall be held at the principal office of the corporation, or at such other place, either within or without the State of North Carolina, as shall be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held on the fourth Tuesday of July of each year, if not a legal holiday, but if a legal holiday, then on the next business day which is not a legal holiday, for the purpose of electing directors of the corporation and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

Section 3. Substitute Annual Meeting. If the annual meeting is not held on the day designated by these bylaws, a substitute annual meeting may be called in accordance with Section 4 of this Article. A meeting so called shall be designated and treated for all purposes as the annual meeting.

Section 4. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time by the president or the board of directors, and must be called and held within thirty (30) days of demand therefor, if the holders of at least ten percent of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting sign, date and deliver to the corporation's secretary one or more written demands for the meeting describing the purpose or purposes for which it is to be held.

Section 5. Notice of Meetings. At least ten and no more than sixty days prior to any annual or special meeting of shareholders, the corporation shall notify shareholders of the date, time and place of the meeting and, in the case of a special or substitute annual meeting or where otherwise required by law, shall briefly describe the purpose or purposes of the meeting. Only business within

the purpose or purposes described in the notice may be conducted at a special meeting. Unless otherwise required by the articles of incorporation or by law (for example, in the event of a meeting to consider the adoption of a plan of merger or share exchange, a sale of assets other than in the ordinary course of business or a voluntary dissolution), the corporation shall be required to give notice only to shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting. If an annual or special shareholders' meeting is adjourned to a different date, time or place, notice thereof need not be given if the new date, time or place is announced at the meeting before adjournment. If a new record date for the adjourned meeting is fixed pursuant to Article 7, Section 5 hereof, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to persons who are shareholders as of the new record date. It shall be the primary responsibility of the secretary to give the notice, but notice may be given by or at the direction of the president or other person or persons calling the meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail with postage thereon prepaid, correctly addressed to the shareholder's address shown in the corporation's current record of shareholders.

Section 6. Quorum. A majority of the votes entitled to be cast by a voting group on a matter, represented in person or by proxy at a meeting of shareholders, shall constitute a quorum for that voting group for any action on that matter, unless quorum requirements are otherwise fixed by a court of competent jurisdiction acting pursuant to Section 55-7-03 of the General Statutes of North Carolina. Once a share is represented for any purpose at a meeting, it is deemed present for quorum purposes for the remainder of the meeting and any adjournment thereof, unless a new record date is or must be set for the adjournment. Action may be taken by a voting group at any meeting at which a quorum of that voting group is represented, regardless of whether action is taken at that meeting by any other voting group. In the absence of a quorum at the opening of any meeting of shareholders, such meeting may be adjourned from time to time by a vote of the majority of the shares voting on the motion to adjourn.

Section 7. Shareholders' List. After a record date is fixed for a meeting, the secretary of the corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all its shareholders who are entitled to notice of the shareholders' meeting. Such list shall be arranged by voting group (and within each voting group by class or series of shares) and shall show the address of and number of shares held by each shareholder. The shareholders' list shall be made available for inspection by any shareholder beginning two business days after notice of the meeting is given for which the list was prepared and continuing through the meeting, at the corporation's principal office or at such other place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. The corporation shall make the shareholders' list available at the meeting, and any shareholder or his agent or attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment.

Section 8. Voting of Shares. Except as otherwise provided by the articles of incorporation or by law, each outstanding share of voting capital stock of the corporation shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of the shareholders. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, cumulative voting for directors shall not be allowed. Action on a matter by a voting group for which a quorum is present is approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the vote of a greater number is required by law or by the articles of incorporation. Voting on all matters shall be by voice vote or by a show of hands, unless the holders of one-tenth of the shares represented at the meeting shall demand a ballot vote on a particular matter. Absent special

circumstances, the shares of the corporation are not entitled to vote if they are owned, directly or indirectly, by a second corporation, domestic or foreign, and the corporation owns, directly or indirectly, a majority of the shares entitled to vote for directors of the second corporation, except that this provision shall not limit the power of the corporation to vote shares held by it in a fiduciary capacity.

Section 9. Action Without Meeting. Any action which the shareholders could take at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if one or more written consents, setting forth the action taken, shall be signed, before or after such action, by all the shareholders who would be entitled to vote upon the action at a meeting. The consent shall be delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate records. If by law, the corporation is required to give its nonvoting shareholders written notice of the proposed action, it shall do so at least 10 days before the action is taken, and such notice must contain or be accompanied by the same material that would have been required by law to be sent to nonvoting shareholders in a notice of meeting at which the proposed action would have been submitted to the shareholders for action.

ARTICLE 3 — BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. General Powers. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed under the direction of the board of directors except as otherwise provided by the articles of incorporation or by a valid shareholders' agreement.

Section 2. Number, Term and Qualification. The number of directors of the corporation shall consist of one or more individuals. The shareholders at any annual meeting may by resolution fix the number of directors to be elected at the meeting; but in the absence of such resolution, the number of directors elected at the meeting shall constitute the number of directors of the corporation until the next annual meeting of shareholders, unless the number is changed prior to such meeting by action of the shareholders. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to increase or decrease by thirty percent within any twelve-month period the number of directors. Each director's term shall expire at the annual meeting next following the director's election as a director, provided, that notwithstanding the expiration of the term of the director, the director shall continue to hold office until a successor is elected and qualifies or until his death, resignation, removal or disqualification or until there is a decrease in the number of directors. Directors need not be residents of the State of North Carolina or shareholders of the corporation unless the articles of incorporation so provide.

Section 3. Removal. Directors may be removed from office with or without cause (unless the articles of incorporation provide that directors may be removed only for cause) provided the notice of the shareholders' meeting at which such action is to be taken states that a purpose of the meeting is removal of the director and the number of votes cast to remove the director exceeds the number of votes cast not to remove him.

Section 4. Vacancies. Except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a vacancy occurring in the board of directors, including, without limitation, a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of directors or from the failure by the shareholders to elect the full authorized number of directors, may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors or by the sole

director remaining in office. The shareholders may elect a director at any time to fill a vacancy not filled by the directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of his predecessor in office.

Section 5. Compensation. The directors shall not receive compensation for their services as such, except that by resolution of the board of directors, the directors may be paid fees, which may include but are not restricted to fees for attendance at meetings of the board or of a committee, and they may be reimbursed for expenses of attendance. Any director may serve the corporation in any other capacity and receive compensation therefor.

ARTICLE 4 — MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. Annual and Regular Meetings. The annual meeting of the board of directors shall be held immediately following the annual meeting of the shareholders. The board of directors may by resolution provide for the holding of regular meetings of the board on specified dates and at specified times. Notice of regular meetings held at the principal office of the corporation and at the usual scheduled time shall not be required. If any date for which a regular meeting is scheduled shall be a legal holiday, the meeting shall be held on a date designated in the notice of the meeting, if any, during either the same week in which the regularly scheduled date falls or during the preceding or following week. Regular meetings of the board shall be held at the principal office of the corporation or at such other place as may be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the board of directors may be called by or at the request of the chairman of the board, the president or any two directors. Such meetings may be held at the time and place designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 3. Notice of Meetings. Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, the annual and regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice of the date, time, place or purpose of the meeting. The secretary or other person or persons calling a special meeting shall give notice by any usual means of communication to be sent at least two (2) days before the meeting if notice is sent by means of telephone, telecopy or personal delivery and at least five (5) days before the meeting if notice is sent by mail. A director's attendance at, or participation in, a meeting for which notice is required shall constitute a waiver of notice, unless the director at the beginning of the meeting (or promptly upon arrival) objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting.

Section 4. Quorum. Except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a majority of the directors in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of the board of directors.

Section 5. Manner of Acting. Except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, the act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the board of directors.

Section 6. Presumption of Assent. A director of the corporation who is present at a meeting of the board of directors at which action on any corporate matter is taken is deemed to have assented to the action taken unless he objects at the beginning of the meeting (or promptly upon arrival) to holding, or transacting business at, the meeting, or unless his dissent or abstention is entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless he shall file written notice of his dissent or abstention to such action with the presiding officer of the meeting before its adjournment or with the corporation immediately after adjournment of the meeting. The right of dissent or abstention shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of such action.

Section 7. Action Without Meeting. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the board of directors may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the board. The action must be evidenced by one or more written consents signed by each director before or after such action, describing the action taken, and included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records. Action taken without a meeting is effective when the last director signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

Section 8. Meeting by Communications Device. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, the board of directors may permit any or all directors to participate in a regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through the use of, any means of communication by which all directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A director participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

ARTICLE 5 — COMMITTEES

Section 1. Election and Powers. Unless otherwise provided by the articles of incorporation or the bylaws, a majority of the board of directors may create one or more committees and appoint two or more directors to serve at the pleasure of the board on each such committee. To the extent specified by the board of directors or in the articles of incorporation, each committee shall have and may exercise the powers of the board in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, except that no committee shall have authority to do the following:

- (a) Authorize distributions.
- (b) Approve or propose to shareholders action required to be approved by shareholders.
- (c) Fill vacancies on the board of directors or on any of its committees.
- (d) Amend the articles of incorporation.
- (e) Adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws.
- (f) Approve a plan of merger not requiring shareholder approval.

(g) Authorize or approve the reacquisition of shares, except according to a formula or method prescribed by the board of directors.

(h) Authorize or approve the issuance of, sale or contract for sale of shares, or determine the designation and relative rights, preferences and limitations of a class or series of shares, except that the board of directors may authorize the executive committee (or a senior executive officer of the corporation) to do so within limits specifically prescribed by the board of directors.

Section 2. Removal; Vacancies. Any member of a committee may be removed at any time with or without cause, and vacancies in the membership of a committee by means of death, resignation, disqualification or removal shall be filled by a majority of the whole board of directors.

Section 3. Meetings. The provisions of Article 4 governing meetings of the board of directors, action without meeting, notice, waiver of notice and quorum and voting requirements shall apply to the committees of the board and its members.

Section 4. Minutes. Each committee shall keep minutes of its proceedings and shall report thereon to the board of directors at or before the next meeting of the board.

ARTICLE 6 — OFFICERS

Section 1. Titles. The officers of the corporation shall be a president, a secretary and a treasurer and may include a chairman and vice chairman of the board of directors, an executive vice president, one or more vice presidents, a controller, one or more assistant secretaries, one or more assistant treasurers, one or more assistant controllers, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary. The officers shall have the authority and perform the duties as set forth herein or as from time to time may be prescribed by the board of directors or by the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of officers). Any two or more offices may be held by the same individual, but no officer may act in more than one capacity where action of two or more officers is required.

Section 2. Election; Appointment. The officers of the corporation shall be elected from time to time by the board of directors or appointed from time to time by the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board to appoint officers).

Section 3. Removal. Any officer may be removed by the board at any time with or without cause whenever in its judgment the best interests of the corporation will be served, but removal shall not itself affect the officer's contract rights, if any, with the corporation.

Section 4. Vacancies. Vacancies among the officers may be filled and new offices may be created and filled by the board of directors, or by the president (to the extent authorized by the board).

Section 5. Compensation. The compensation of the officers shall be fixed by or at the direction of the board of directors.

Section 6. Chairman of the Board of Directors. The chairman of the board of directors, if such officer is elected, shall preside at meetings of the board of directors and shall have such other authority and perform such other duties as the board of directors shall designate.

Section 7. President. The president shall be in general charge of the affairs of the corporation in the ordinary course of its business and shall preside at meetings of the shareholders. The president may perform such acts, not inconsistent with applicable law or the provisions of these bylaws, as may be performed by the president of a corporation and may sign and execute all authorized notes, bonds, contracts and other obligations in the name of the corporation. The president shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the board of directors shall designate or as may be provided by applicable law or elsewhere in these bylaws. The president shall preside at meetings of the board in the absence of the chairman.

Section 8. Vice Presidents. The executive vice president, if such officer is elected or appointed, shall exercise the powers of the president during that officer's absence or inability to act. In default of both the president and the executive vice president, any other vice president may exercise the powers of the president. Any action taken by a vice president in the performance of the duties of the president shall be presumptive evidence of the absence or inability to act of the president at the time the action was taken. The vice presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned by the board of directors or by the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers).

Section 9. Secretary. The secretary shall keep accurate records of the acts and proceedings of all meetings of shareholders and of the board of directors and shall give all notices required by law and by these bylaws. The secretary shall have general charge of the corporate books and records and shall have the responsibility and authority to maintain and authenticate such books and records. The secretary shall have general charge of the corporate seal and shall affix the corporate seal to any lawfully executed instrument requiring it. The secretary shall have general charge of the stock transfer books of the corporation and shall keep at the principal office of the corporation a record of shareholders, showing the name and address of each shareholder and the number and class of the shares held by each. The secretary shall sign such instruments as may require the signature of the secretary, and in general shall perform the duties incident to the office of secretary and such other duties as may be assigned from time to time by the board of directors or the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers).

Section 10. Assistant Secretaries. Each assistant secretary, if such officer is elected, shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the board of directors or the president (if authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers), and the assistant secretaries shall exercise the powers of the secretary during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 11. Treasurer. The treasurer shall have custody of all funds and securities belonging to the corporation and shall receive, deposit or disburse the same under the direction of the

board of directors. The treasurer shall keep full and accurate accounts of the finances of the corporation, which may be consolidated or combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries as appropriate, that include a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year, an income statement for that year, and a statement of cash flows for the year unless that information appears elsewhere in the financial statements. If financial statements are prepared for the corporation on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, the annual financial statements must also be prepared on that basis. The corporation shall mail the annual financial statements, or a written notice of their availability, to each shareholder within 120 days of the close of each fiscal year. The treasurer shall in general perform all duties incident to the office and such other duties as may be assigned from time to time by the board of directors or the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers).

Section 12. Assistant Treasurers. Each assistant treasurer, if such officer is elected, shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the board of directors or the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers), and the assistant treasurers shall exercise the powers of the treasurer during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 13. Controller and Assistant Controllers. The controller, if such officer is elected, shall have charge of the accounting affairs of the corporation and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the board of directors or the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) shall designate. Each assistant controller shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the board of directors or the president (to the extent that the president is authorized by the board of directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers), and the assistant controllers shall exercise the powers of the controller during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 14. Voting Upon Stocks. Unless otherwise ordered by the board of directors, the president shall have full power and authority in behalf of the corporation to attend, act and vote at meetings of the shareholders of any corporation in which this corporation may hold stock, and at such meetings shall possess and may exercise any and all rights and powers incident to the ownership of such stock and which, as the owner, the corporation might have possessed and exercised if present. The board of directors may by resolution from time to time confer such power and authority upon any other person or persons.

ARTICLE 7 — CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. Certificates. Shares of the capital stock of the corporation shall be represented by certificates. The name and address of the persons to whom shares of capital stock of the corporation are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer records of the corporation. Certificates for shares of the capital stock of the corporation shall be in such form not inconsistent with the articles of incorporation of the corporation as shall be approved by the board of directors. Each certificate shall be signed (either manually or by facsimile) by (a) the president or any vice president and by the secretary, assistant secretary, treasurer or assistant treasurer or (b) any two officers designated by the board of directors. Each certificate may be sealed with the seal of the corporation or a facsimile thereof.

Section 2. Transfer of Shares. Transfer of shares shall be made on the stock transfer records of the corporation, and transfers shall be made only upon surrender of the certificate for the shares sought to be transferred by the recordholder or by a duly authorized agent, transferee or legal representative. All certificates surrendered for transfer or reissue shall be cancelled before new certificates for the shares shall be issued.

Section 3. Transfer Agent and Registrar. The board of directors may appoint one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars of transfers and may require all stock certificates to be signed or countersigned by the transfer agent and registered by the registrar of transfers.

Section 4. Regulations. The board of directors may make rules and regulations as it deems expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of shares of capital stock of the corporation.

Section 5. Fixing Record Date. For the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination of shareholders for any other purpose, the board of directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for the determination of shareholders. The record date shall be not more than seventy days before the meeting or action requiring a determination of shareholders. A determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a shareholders' meeting shall be effective for any adjournment of the meeting unless the board of directors fixes a new record date, which it shall do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than one hundred twenty days after the date fixed for the original meeting. If no record date is fixed for the determination of shareholders, the record date shall be the day the notice of the meeting is mailed or the day the action requiring a determination of shareholders is taken. If no record date is fixed for action without a meeting, the record date for determining shareholders entitled to take action without a meeting shall be the date the first shareholder signs a consent to the action taken.

Section 6. Lost Certificates. The board of directors must authorize the issuance of a new certificate in place of a certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, upon receipt of (a) an affidavit from the person explaining the loss, destruction or wrongful taking, and (b) a bond from the claimant in a sum as the corporation may reasonably direct to indemnify the corporation against loss from any claim with respect to the certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken. The board of directors may, in its discretion, waive the affidavit and bond and authorize the issuance of a new certificate in place of a certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken.

ARTICLE 8 — INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Section 1. Indemnification Provisions. Any person who at any time serves or has served as a director or officer of the corporation or of any wholly owned subsidiary of the corporation, or in such capacity at the request of the corporation for any other foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or as a trustee or administrator under any employee benefit plan of the corporation or of any wholly owned subsidiary thereof (a "Claimant"), shall have the right to be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent from time to time permitted by law against all liabilities (as hereinafter defined) and litigation expenses (as hereinafter defined) in the event a claim shall be made or threatened against that person in, or that person is made or threatened to be made a party to, any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and whether or not brought by or on behalf of the corporation, including all appeals therefrom (a "proceeding"), arising out of that person's status as such or that person's activities in any such capacity; provided, that such indemnification shall not be effective with respect to (a) that portion of any liabilities or litigation expenses with respect to which the Claimant is entitled to receive payment under any insurance policy or (b) any liabilities or litigation expenses incurred on account of any of the Claimant's activities which were at the time taken known or believed by the Claimant to be clearly in conflict with the best interests of the corporation.

Section 2. Definitions. As used in this Article, (a) "liabilities" shall include, without limitation, (1) payments in satisfaction of any judgment, money decree, excise tax, fine or penalty for which Claimant had become liable in any proceeding and (2) payments in settlement of any such proceeding subject, however, to Section 3 of this Article 8; (b) "litigation expenses" shall include, without limitation, (1) reasonable costs and expenses and attorneys' fees and expenses actually incurred by the Claimant in connection with any proceeding and (2) reasonable costs and expenses and attorneys' fees and expenses in connection with the enforcement of rights to the indemnification granted hereby or by applicable law, if such enforcement is successful in whole or in part; and (c) "disinterested directors" shall mean directors who are not party to the proceeding in question.

Section 3. Settlements. The corporation shall not be liable to indemnify the Claimant for any amounts paid in settlement of any proceeding effected without the corporation's written consent. The corporation will not unreasonably withhold its consent to any proposed settlement.

Section 4. Litigation Expense Advances.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) below, any litigation expenses shall be advanced to any Claimant within thirty days of receipt by the secretary of the corporation of a demand therefor, together with an undertaking by or on behalf of the Claimant to repay to the corporation such amount unless it is ultimately determined that Claimant is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation against such expenses. The secretary shall promptly forward notice of the demand and undertaking immediately to all directors of the corporation.

(b) Within ten days after mailing of notice to the directors pursuant to subsection (a) above, any disinterested director may, if desired, call a meeting of all disinterested directors to review the reasonableness of the expenses so requested. No advance shall be made if a majority of the disinterested directors affirmatively determines that the item of expense is unreasonable in amount; but if the disinterested directors determine that a portion of the expense item is reasonable, the corporation shall advance such portion.

(c) Without limiting the rights contained in subsection (a) above, the board of directors may take action to advance any litigation expenses to a Claimant upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Claimant to repay to the corporation such amount unless it is ultimately determined that the Claimant is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation against such expenses.

Section 5. Approval of Indemnification Payments. Except as provided in Section 4 of this Article, the board of directors of the corporation shall take all such action as may be necessary and appropriate to authorize the corporation to pay the indemnification required by Section 1 of this Article, including, without limitation, making a good faith evaluation of the manner in which the Claimant acted and of the reasonable amount of indemnity due the Claimant. In taking any such action, any Claimant who is a director of the corporation shall not be entitled to vote on any matter concerning such Claimant's right to indemnification.

Section 6. Suits by Claimant. No Claimant shall be entitled to bring suit against the corporation to enforce his rights under this Article until sixty days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, together with any undertaking to repay as required by Section 4 of this Article. It shall be a defense to any such action that the Claimant's liabilities or litigation expenses were incurred on account of activities described in clause (b) of Section 1, but the burden of proving this defense shall be on the corporation. Neither the failure of the corporation to have made a determination prior to the commencement of the action to the effect that indemnification of the Claimant is proper in the circumstances, nor an actual determination by the corporation that the Claimant had not met the standard of conduct described in clause (b) of Section 1, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the Claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

Section 7. Consideration; Personal Representatives and Other Remedies. Any person who during such time as this Article or corresponding provisions of predecessor bylaws is or has been in effect serves or has served in any of the aforesaid capacities for or on behalf of the corporation shall be deemed to be doing so or to have done so in reliance upon, and as consideration for, the right of indemnification provided herein or therein. The right of indemnification provided herein or therein shall inure to the benefit of the legal representatives of any person who qualifies or would qualify as a Claimant hereunder, and the right shall not be exclusive of any other rights to which the person or legal representative may be entitled apart from this Article.

Section 8. Scope of Indemnification Rights. The rights granted herein shall not be limited by the provisions of Section 55-8-51 of the General Statutes of North Carolina or any successor statute.

ARTICLE 9 — GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. Dividends and other Distributions. The board of directors may from time to time declare and the corporation may pay dividends or make other distributions with respect to its outstanding shares in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided by law.

Section 2. Seal. The seal of the corporation shall be any form approved from time to time or at any time by the board of directors.

Section 3. Waiver of Notice. Whenever notice is required to be given to a shareholder, director or other person under the provisions of these bylaws, the articles of incorporation or applicable law, a waiver in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice, whether before or after the date and time stated in the notice, and delivered to the corporation shall be equivalent to giving the notice.

Section 4. Checks. All checks, drafts or orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the officer or officers or other individuals that the board of directors may from time to time designate.

Section 5. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by the board of directors.

Section 6. Amendments. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or a bylaw adopted by the shareholders or by law, these bylaws may be amended or repealed by the board of directors, except that a bylaw adopted, amended or repealed by the shareholders may not be readopted, amended or repealed by the board of directors if neither the articles of incorporation nor a bylaw adopted by the shareholders authorizes the board of directors to adopt, amend or repeal that particular bylaw or the bylaws generally. These bylaws may be amended or repealed by the shareholders even though the bylaws may also be amended or repealed by the board of directors. A bylaw that fixes a greater quorum or voting requirement for the board of directors may be amended or repealed (a) if originally adopted by the shareholders, only by the shareholders, unless such bylaw as originally adopted by the shareholders provides that such bylaw may be amended or repealed by the board of directors or (b) if originally adopted by the board of directors, either by the shareholders or by the board of directors. A bylaw that fixes a greater quorum or voting requirement may not be adopted by the board of directors by a vote less than a majority of the directors then in office and may not itself be amended by a quorum or vote of the directors less than the quorum or vote prescribed in such bylaw or prescribed by the shareholders.

Section 7. Shareholders' Agreement. In the event of a conflict between these bylaws and a valid shareholders' agreement, the shareholders' agreement shall control.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above bylaws of Qorvo International Holding, Inc., a North Carolina corporation (the "Corporation"), are the true, complete and correct bylaws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of the date set forth on the cover page hereto.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland
Secretary

State of North Carolina
Department of the Secretary of State

Limited Liability Company
ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION

Pursuant to § 57C-2-20 of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the undersigned does hereby submit these Articles of Organization for the purpose of forming a limited liability company.

1. The name of the limited liability company is RFMD, LLC.

2. There shall be no limit on the duration of the limited liability company.

3. The name and address of the person executing these articles of organization is Douglas A. Mays, 3300 One First Union Center, 301 South College Street, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County, North Carolina 28202. Such person executes these articles of organization as organizer, and not as member.

4. The street and mailing address and county of the initial registered office of the limited liability company is: 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, Guilford County, North Carolina 27409 and the name of the initial registered agent is William J. Pratt.

5. Check one of the following:

(i) **Member-managed LLC**: all members by virtue of their status as members shall be managers of this limited liability company.

(ii) **Manager-managed LLC**: except as provided by N.C.G.S. Section 57C-3-20(a), the members of this limited liability company shall not be managers by virtue of their status as members.

6. These articles will be effective upon filing

This the 12th day of July, 2000.

/s/ Douglas A. Mays

Douglas A. Mays, Organizer

AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT

OF

RFMD, LLC

(A North Carolina Limited Liability Company)

DATED: July 11, 2016

THE LLC MEMBERSHIP INTEREST REPRESENTED BY THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR UNDER THE NORTH CAROLINA SECURITIES ACT, OR SIMILAR LAWS OR ACTS OF OTHER STATES IN RELIANCE UPON EXEMPTIONS UNDER THOSE ACTS. THE SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF THE MEMBERSHIP INTEREST IS RESTRICTED.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ARTICLE I - FORMATION OF THE COMPANY	1
1.1 Formation	1
1.2 Name	1
1.3 Registered Office and Registered Agent	1
1.4 Principal Place of Business	1
1.5 Purposes and Powers	1
1.6 Term	2
1.7 Nature of Member's Interest	2
ARTICLE II - DEFINITIONS	2
ARTICLE III - MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY	3
3.1 Management	3
3.1 Indemnification	3
ARTICLE IV - RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF SOLE MEMBER	3
4.1 Name and Address of Sole Member	3
4.2 Limited Liability	3
ARTICLE V - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	3
ARTICLE VI – ELECTION TO BE TREATED AS A CORPORATION	4
ARTICLE VII - DISTRIBUTIONS	4
ARTICLE VIII - DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY	4
8.1 Dissolution Events	4
8.2 Liquidation	4
8.3 Articles of Dissolution	5
ARTICLE IX - MISCELLANEOUS	5
9.1 Records	5
9.2 Representations of the Sole Member	5
9.3 Survival of Rights	5
9.4 Interpretation and Governing Law	5
9.5 Severability	6
9.6 Agreement in Counterparts	6
9.7 Tax Matters Manager	6
9.8 Creditors Not Benefited	6

Attachments:

Schedule I - Name, address, Capital Contribution and Membership Interest of the Sole Member

AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT

OF

RFMD, LLC

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") of RFMD, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company organized pursuant to the North Carolina Limited Liability Company Act, is executed effective as of the date set forth on the cover page of this Agreement by and among the Company, Qorvo US, Inc., a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware and the sole Member of the Company (the "Member"), and the Managers (as defined below). Exclusively for federal and state tax purposes and pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 301.7701, the Member and the Company intend the Company to be disregarded as an entity that is separate from the Member. For all other purposes (including, without limitation, limited liability protection for the Member from Company liabilities), however, the Member and the Company intend the Company to be respected as a distinct legal entity that is separate and apart from the Member.

ARTICLE I - FORMATION OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Formation. The Company was formed on July 12, 2000, upon the filing with the Secretary of State of the Articles of Organization of the Company.

1.2 Name. The name of the Company is as set forth on the cover page of this Agreement. The Member may change the name of the Company from time to time as it deems advisable, provided appropriate amendments to this Agreement and the Articles of Organization and necessary filings under the Act are first obtained.

1.3 Registered Office and Registered Agent. The Company's registered office within the State of North Carolina and its registered agent at such address shall be as the Member may from time to time deem necessary or advisable.

1.4 Principal Place of Business. The principal place(s) of business of the Company shall be at such place or places as the Member may from time to time deem necessary or advisable.

1.5 Purposes and Powers.

(a) The purpose and business of the Company shall be to engage in any lawful business for which limited liability companies may be organized under the Act unless a more limited purpose is stated in the Articles of Organization.

(b) The Company shall have any and all powers which are necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes and business of the Company, to the extent the same may be legally exercised by limited liability companies under the Act.

1.6 Term. The Company shall be unlimited, as specified in the Company's Articles of Organization, unless the Company is earlier dissolved and its affairs wound up in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement or the Act.

1.7 Nature of Member's Interest. The interest of the sole Member in the Company shall be personal property for all purposes. Legal title to all Company assets shall be held in the name of the Company.

ARTICLE II - DEFINITIONS

The following terms used in this Agreement shall have the following meanings (unless otherwise expressly provided herein):

"Act" means the North Carolina Limited Liability Company Act, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Agreement" means this Amended and Restated Operating Agreement, as amended from time to time. As of the date hereof, this Agreement amends and supersedes in its entirety the Operating Agreement of the Company dated as of July 12, 2000.

"Articles of Organization" means the Articles of Organization of the Company filed with the Secretary of State, as amended or restated from time to time.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time (and any corresponding provisions of succeeding law).

"Managers" means Mark J. Murphy, Jeffrey C. Howland and David Youngdahl or their successors.

"Member" means Qorvo US, Inc.

"Person" means an individual, a trust, an estate, a domestic corporation, a foreign corporation, a professional corporation, a partnership, a limited partnership, a limited liability company, a foreign limited liability company, an unincorporated association or another entity.

"Property" means (i) any and all property acquired by the Company, real and/or personal (including, without limitation, intangible property) and (ii) any and all of the improvements constructed on any real property.

“Secretary of State” means the Secretary of State of North Carolina.

“Tax Matters Manager” means the person who is the “tax matters partner,” as that term is defined in the Code.

“Treasury Regulations” means the Income Tax Regulations and Temporary Regulations promulgated under the Code, as such regulations may be amended from time to time (including corresponding provisions of succeeding regulations).

ARTICLE III - MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY

3.1 Management. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, the Articles of Organization or the Act, all decisions with respect to the management of the business and affairs of the Company shall be made by written action of a majority of the Managers of the Company. The Managers shall receive fair and reasonable compensation from the Company for serving as the Managers. In addition, the Company will reimburse the Manager for expenses incurred by the Manager in connection with its service to the Company.

3.1 Indemnification of Managers for Management Services. The Company shall indemnify the Managers in connection with their services as Managers of the Company to the fullest extent permitted or required by the Act, as amended from time to time, and the Company may advance expenses incurred by such person upon the approval of the Member

ARTICLE IV - RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF SOLE MEMBER

4.1 Name and Address of Sole Member. The name, address and Membership Interest of the sole Member is reflected in Schedule I attached hereto.

4.2 Limited Liability. The Member shall not be required to make any contribution to the capital of the Company except as set forth in Schedule I nor shall the Member in its capacity as such be bound by, or personally liable for, any expense, liability or obligation of the Company except to the extent of its interest in the Company and the obligation to return distributions made to them under certain circumstances as required by the Act. The Member shall be under no obligation to restore a deficit Capital Account upon the dissolution of the Company or the liquidation of Membership Interest.

ARTICLE V - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Contemporaneously with or prior to the execution of this Agreement, the sole Member has contributed capital to the Company.

ARTICLE VI – ELECTION TO BE TREATED AS A CORPORATION

The Company has filed an election to be treated as a corporation pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701 beginning with the date of the formation of the Company.

ARTICLE VII - DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions of assets shall be made on such basis and at such time as determined by the Managers.

ARTICLE VIII - DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY

8.1 Dissolution Events. The Company will be dissolved upon the happening of any of the following events:

- (a) All or substantially all of the assets of the Company are sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred (unless the Member has elected to continue the business of the Company);
- (b) The Member signs a document stating its election to dissolve the Company;
- (c) The entry of a final judgment, order or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction adjudicating the Company to be bankrupt and the expiration without appeal of the period, if any, allowed by applicable law in which to appeal; or
- (d) The entry of a decree of judicial dissolution or the issuance of a certificate for administrative dissolution under the Act.

8.2 Liquidation. Upon the happening of any of the events specified in Section 8.1 and, if applicable, the failure of the Member to continue the business of the Company, The Member, or any liquidating trustee designated by the Member, will commence as promptly as practicable to wind up the Company's affairs unless the Member or the liquidating trustee (either, the "Liquidator") determines that an immediate liquidation of Company assets would cause undue loss to the Company, in which event the liquidation may be deferred for a time determined by the Liquidator to be appropriate. Assets of the Company may be liquidated or distributed in kind, as the Liquidator determines to be appropriate. The Member will continue to be entitled to company cash flow and Company profits during the period of liquidation. The proceeds from liquidation of the Company and any Company assets that are not sold in connection with the liquidation will be applied in the following order of priority:

- (a) To payment of the debts and satisfaction of the other obligations of the Company, including without limitation debts and obligations to the Member and/or any affiliate of the Member;

(b) To the establishment of any reserves deemed appropriate by the Liquidator for any liabilities or obligations of the Company, which reserves will be held for the purpose of paying liabilities or obligations and, at the expiration of a period the Liquidator deems appropriate, will be distributed in the manner provided in Section 8.2(c); and, thereafter

(c) To the Member.

8.3 Articles of Dissolution. Upon the dissolution and commencement of the winding up of the Company, the Member shall cause Articles of Dissolution to be executed on behalf of the Company and filed with the Secretary of State, and the Member shall execute, acknowledge and file any and all other instruments necessary or appropriate to reflect the dissolution of the Company.

ARTICLE IX - MISCELLANEOUS

9.1 Records. The records of the Company will be maintained at the Company's principal place of business or at any other place the Member selects, provided the Company keeps at its principal place of business the records required by the Act to be maintained there.

9.2 Representations of the Sole Member. The sole Member represents and warrants to the Company that it: (i) is fully aware of, and is capable of bearing, the risks relating to an investment in the Company; (ii) understands that its interest in the Company has not been registered under the Securities Act or the securities law of any jurisdiction in reliance upon exemptions contained in those laws; and (iii) has acquired its interest in the Company for its own account, with the intention of holding the interest for investment and without any intention of participating directly or indirectly in any redistribution or resale of any portion of the interest in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable law.

9.3 Survival of Rights. Except as provided herein to the contrary, this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties, their successors and assigns.

9.4 Interpretation and Governing Law. When the context in which words are used in this Agreement indicates that such is the intent, words in the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa. The masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter. The Article and Section headings or titles shall not define, limit, extend or interpret the scope of this Agreement or any particular Article or Section. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of North Carolina without giving effect to the conflicts of laws provisions thereof.

9.5 Severability. If any provision, sentence, phrase or word of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision, sentence, phrase or word to Persons or circumstances, other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

9.6 Agreement in Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

9.7 Tax Matters Manager. For purposes of this Agreement, the Member shall be the Tax Matters Manager.

9.8 Creditors Not Benefited. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to benefit any creditor of the Company. No creditor of the Company will be entitled to require the Member to solicit or accept any loan or additional capital contribution for the Company or to enforce any right which the Company may have against a Member, whether arising under this Agreement or otherwise.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being the Managers and sole Member of the Company, has caused this Agreement to be duly adopted by the Company as of the 11th day of July, 2016.

COMPANY:

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland
Jeffrey C. Howland, Manager

MEMBER:

QORVO US, INC.

By: /s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth
Robert A. Bruggeworth, President

MANAGERS:

/s/ Mark J. Murphy
Mark J. Murphy, Manager

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland
Jeffrey C. Howland, Manager

/s/ David Youngdahl
David Youngdahl, Manager

[Signature Page to Amended and Restated Operating Agreement – RFMD, LLC]

SCHEDULE I

<u>Names and Addresses of Members</u>	<u>Capital Contribution</u>	<u>Membership Interest</u>
Qorvo US, Inc. 7628 Thorndike Road Greensboro, N.C. 27409-9421	\$ 100.00	100%
TOTALS	\$ 100.00	<u>100%</u>

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
SAWTEK INC.**

FIRST: The name of the corporation (hereinafter known as the "Corporation") is SAWTEK INC.

SECOND: The duration of the Corporation shall be perpetual.

THIRD: The purposes for which the Corporation is initially organized, which shall continue to be the purposes of the Corporation until and if the same shall be amended pursuant to the provisions of the Florida General Corporation Act, and which shall include the authority of the Corporation to transact any lawful business for which corporations may be incorporated under the Florida General Corporation Act, are as follows:

To carry on a general mercantile, industrial, investigating and trading business in all its branches; to devise, invent, manufacture, fabricate, assemble, install, service, maintain, alter, buy, sell, import, export, license as licensor or licensee, lease as lessor or lessee, distribute, job, enter into, negotiate, execute, acquire and assign contracts in respect of, acquire, receive, grant, and assign licensing arrangements, options, franchises, and other rights in respect of, and generally deal in and with, at wholesale and retail, as principal, and as sales, business, special, or general agent, representative, broker, factor, merchant, distributor, jobber, advisor, and any other lawful capacity, goods, wares, merchandise, commodities, and unimproved, improved, finished, processed, and other real, personal, and mixed property of any and all kinds, together with the components, resultants, and by-products thereof, to acquire by purchase or otherwise own, hold, lease, mortgage, sell, or otherwise dispose of, erect, construct, make, alter, enlarge, improve, and to aid or subscribe toward the construction, acquisition or improvement of any factories, shops, storehouses, buildings, and commercial and retail establishments of every character, including all equipment, fixtures, machinery, implements and supplies necessary, or incidental to, or connected with, any of the purposes or business of the Corporation; and generally to perform any and all acts connected therewith or arising therefrom or incidental thereto, and all acts proper or necessary for the purpose of the business.

To engage generally in the real estate business as principal, agent, broker, and in any lawful capacity, and generally to take, lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and to own, use, hold, sell, convey, exchange, lease, mortgage, work, clear, improve, develop, divide, and otherwise handle, manage, operate, deal in and dispose of real estate, real property, lands, multiple-dwelling structures, houses, buildings and other works and any interest or right therein; to take, lease, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to own, use, hold, sell, convey, exchange, hire, lease, pledge, mortgage, and otherwise handle, and deal in and dispose of, as principal, agent, broker, and in any lawful capacity, such personal property, chattels, chattels real, rights, casements, privileges, choses in action, notes bonds, mortgages, and securities as may lawfully be acquired, held, or disposed of; and to acquire, purchase, sell, assign, transfer, dispose of, and generally deal in and with, as principal, agent, broker, and in any lawful capacity, mortgages and other interests in real, personal, and mixed properties; to carry on a general construction, contracting, building and realty management business as principal, agent, representative, contractor, subcontractor, and in any other lawful capacity.

To apply for, register, obtain, purchase, lease, take licenses in respect of or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, use, operate, develop, enjoy, turn to account, grant licenses and immunities in respect of, manufacture under and to introduce, sell, assign, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of, and, in any manner deal with and contract with reference to:

(a) inventions, devices, formulae, processes, and any improvements and modifications thereof;

(b) letters patent, patent rights, patented processes, copyrights, designs, and similar rights, trademarks, trade symbols and other indications of origin and ownership granted by or recognized under the laws of the United States of America or of any state or subdivision thereof, or of any foreign country or subdivision thereof, and all rights connected therewith or appertaining thereto;

(c) franchises, licenses, grants and concessions.

To have all of the powers conferred upon corporations organized under the Florida General Corporation Act.

FOURTH: The maximum number of shares of its common stock that the Corporation is authorized to have outstanding at any one time is 120,000,000 shares, \$0.0005 per share par value (the "Common Stock"). The maximum number of shares of its preferred stock that the Corporation is authorized to have outstanding at any time is 1,000,000 shares, \$0.01 per share par value (the "Preferred Stock"). The consideration to be paid for each share shall be fixed by the Board and may be paid in whole or in part in cash or other property, tangible or intangible, or in labor or services actually performed or to be performed for the Corporation, with a value, in the judgment of the directors, equivalent to or greater than the full value of the shares.

Common Stock. Subject to the rights of the Corporation's preferred stock and except as otherwise provided by the laws of the state of Florida, the holders of record of Common Stock shall share ratably in all dividends, payable in cash, stock or otherwise, and other distributions, whether in respect of liquidation or dissolution (voluntary or involuntary) or otherwise. The holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to one vote per share of Common Stock held, with respect to all matters to be voted on by the shareholders of the Corporation.

Preferred Stock. The Board is authorized to determine and alter the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions granted to and imposed upon any portion of Preferred Stock not designated as a specific Series and on any wholly unissued series of Preferred Stock, and to fix the number of shares and designation of any such shares of Preferred Stock. The Board, within the limits and restrictions stated in any resolutions of the Board originally fixing the number of shares constituting any shares of Preferred Stock, may increase or decrease (but not below the number of shares of such series then outstanding) the number of shares of any series subsequent to the issue of shares of that series.

FIFTH: The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Florida is 1818 S. Highway 441, Apopka, Florida 32703, and the name of the registered agent of the Corporation at such address is Raymond A. Link.

SIXTH: The number of directors constituting the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be no fewer than three and no more than six.

SEVENTH: The Corporation shall indemnify its directors and officers to the extent permitted by the Florida General Corporation Act.

These Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation were unanimously approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation by unanimous written consent pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 607.0821 on June 28, 2001 and as unanimously approved by the holder of the Corporation's capital stock, in an action by written consent, pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 607.0704, dated June 29, 2001. The number of votes cast by the shareholders by written consent was sufficient for approval.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned President, as attested by the Secretary, does hereby make these Restated Articles of Incorporation, which restate and amend the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation of the corporation, having been duly adopted in accordance with Sections 607.1003 and 607.1007 of the Florida General Corporation Act, and hereby declares and certifies that this is his act and deed and the facts herein stated are true, and accordingly, has hereunto set his hand this 19 day of July, 2001.

TIMBER ACQUISITION CORP.
a Florida corporation

By: /s/ Steven J. Sharp
Steven J. Sharp
President

Attest:

By: /s/ Edson H. Whitehurst, Jr.
Edson H. Whitehurst, Jr., Secretary

Articles of Amendment
to
Articles of Incorporation
of

Sawtek Inc.

(Name of corporation as currently filed with the Florida Dept. of State)

605429

(Document number of corporation (if known))

Pursuant to the provisions of section 607.1006, Florida Statutes, this **Florida Profit Corporation** adopts the following amendment(s) to its Articles of Incorporation:

NEW CORPORATE NAME (if changing):

TriQuint, Inc.

(Must contain the word "corporation," "company," or "incorporated" or the abbreviation "Corp.," "Inc.," or "Co.")

(A professional corporation must contain the word "chartered", "professional association," or the abbreviation "P.A.")

AMENDMENTS ADOPTED- (OTHER THAN NAME CHANGE) Indicate Article Number(s) and/or Article Title(s) being amended, added or deleted:
(BE SPECIFIC)

(Attach additional pages if necessary)

If an amendment provides for exchange, reclassification, or cancellation of issued shares, provisions for implementing the amendment if not contained in the amendment itself: (if not applicable, indicate N/A)

(continued)

The date of each amendment(s) adoption: September 15, 2006

Effective date if applicable: October 1, 2006
(no more than 90 days after amendment file date)

Adoption of Amendment(s) (CHECK ONE)

- The amendment(s) was/were approved by the shareholders. The number of votes cast for the amendment(s) by the shareholders was/were sufficient for approval.
- The amendment(s) was/were approved by the shareholders through voting groups. *The following statement must be separately provided for each voting group entitled to vote separately on the amendment(s):*
“The number of votes cast for the amendment(s) was/were sufficient for approval
by _____.”
(voting group)
- The amendment(s) was/were adopted by the board of directors without shareholder action and shareholder action was not required.
- The amendment(s) was/were adopted by the incorporators without shareholder action and shareholder action was not required.

Signature /s/ Ralph Quinsey
(By director, president or other officer – if directors or officers have not been selected, by an incorporator - if in the hands of a receiver, trustee, or other court appointed fiduciary by that fiduciary)

Ralph Quinsey
(Typed or printed name of person signing)

President and CEO
(Title of person signing)

FILING FEE: \$35

**ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT
TO
AMENDED AND RESTATED
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
TRIQUINT, INC.**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 607.1006, Florida Statutes, TriQuint, Inc., a Florida Profit Corporation (the "Corporation"), hereby adopts the following amendment to its Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation:

1. Article FIRST of the Corporation's Amended and Restated Articles of, Incorporation is hereby amended by deleting it in its entirety and including the following in replacement thereof:

"FIRST: The name of the corporation (hereinafter known as the "Corporation") is Qorvo Florida, Inc."

2. The foregoing amendment was unanimously approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation by unanimous written consent pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 607.0821 on March 30, 2016 and was approved by the sole holder of the Corporation's capital stock, in an action by written consent, pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 607.0704 on March 30, 2016. The number of votes cast by shareholders by written consent was sufficient for approval.

3. The foregoing amendment shall be effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 2, 2016.

[Signature Follows on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused these Articles of Amendment to be signed on 3/30, 2016.

TRIQUINT, INC.

By: /s/ Steven J. Buhaly
Steven J. Buhaly, President

[Signature Page to TriQuint, Inc. Articles of Amendment]

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

QORVO FLORIDA, INC.

Last Amended as of July 11, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ARTICLE I CORPORATE OFFICES	1
1.1 REGISTERED OFFICE	1
1.2 OTHER OFFICES	1
ARTICLE II MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS	1
2.1 PLACE OF MEETINGS	1
2.2 ANNUAL MEETING	1
2.3 SPECIAL MEETING	1
2.4 NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS	2
2.5 MANNER OF GIVING NOTICE; AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE	2
2.6 QUORUM	2
2.7 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE	2
2.8 VOTING	3
2.9 WAIVER OF NOTICE	3
2.10 STOCKHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING	3
2.11 RECORD DATE FOR STOCKHOLDER NOTICE; VOTING; GIVING CONSENTS	4
2.12 PROXIES	4
2.13 LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE	5
ARTICLE III DIRECTORS	5
3.1 POWERS	5
3.2 QUALIFICATIONS AND NUMBER	5
3.3 ELECTION AND TERM	6
3.4 RESIGNATION AND VACANCIES	6
3.5 PLACE OF MEETINGS; MEETINGS BY TELEPHONE	6
3.6 FIRST MEETINGS	7
3.7 REGULAR MEETINGS	7
3.8 SPECIAL MEETINGS; NOTICE	7
3.9 QUORUM	7
3.10 WAIVER OF NOTICE	8
3.11 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE	8
3.12 BOARD ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING	8
3.13 FEES AND COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS	8
3.14 APPROVAL OF LOANS TO OFFICERS	8
3.15 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS	9
ARTICLE IV COMMITTEES	9
4.1 COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS	9
4.2 COMMITTEE MINUTES	9
4.3 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF COMMITTEES	9

ARTICLE V OFFICERS	10
5.1 OFFICERS	10
5.2 ELECTION OF OFFICERS	10
5.3 SUBORDINATE OFFICERS	10
5.4 REMOVAL AND RESIGNATION OF OFFICERS	10
5.5 VACANCIES IN OFFICES	11
5.6 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	11
5.7 PRESIDENT	11
5.8 VICE PRESIDENT	11
5.9 SECRETARY	11
5.10 TREASURER	12
5.11 AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS	12
ARTICLE VI INDEMNITY	12
6.1 INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	12
6.2 INDEMNIFICATION OF OTHERS	13
6.3 INSURANCE	13
ARTICLE VII RECORDS AND REPORTS	13
7.1 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS	13
7.2 INSPECTION BY DIRECTORS	14
7.3 ANNUAL STATEMENT TO SHAREHOLDERS	14
7.4 REPRESENTATION OF SHARES OF OTHER CORPORATIONS	14
7.5 CONTROL OVER BYLAWS	14
ARTICLE VIII GENERAL MATTERS	15
8.1 CHECKS	15
8.2 EXECUTION OF CORPORATE CONTRACTS AND INSTRUMENTS	15
8.3 STOCK CERTIFICATES; PARTLY PAID SHARES	15
8.4 SPECIAL DESIGNATION ON CERTIFICATES	16
8.5 LOST CERTIFICATES	16
8.6 CONSTRUCTION; DEFINITIONS	16
8.7 DIVIDENDS	16
8.8 FISCAL YEAR	17
8.9 TRANSFER OF STOCK	17
8.10 STOCK TRANSFER AGREEMENTS	17
8.11 REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS	17
8.12 DIRECTOR DEADLOCKS; ARBITRATION	17
ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS	18
ARTICLE X DISSOLUTION	19

BYLAWS

OF

QORVO FLORIDA, INC.

ARTICLE I

CORPORATE OFFICES

1.1 REGISTERED OFFICE

The registered office of the corporation shall be in the City of Miami Plantation, County of Miami-Dade, State of Florida. The name of the registered agent of the corporation at such location is C T Corporation System.

1.2 OTHER OFFICES

The board of directors may at any time establish other offices at any place or places where the corporation is qualified to do business.

ARTICLE II

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

2.1 PLACE OF MEETINGS

Meetings of shareholders shall be held at any place, within or outside the State of Florida, designated by the board of directors. In the absence of any such designation, shareholders' meetings shall be held at the registered office of the corporation.

2.2 ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held each year on a date and at a time designated by the board of directors. In the absence of such designation, the annual meeting of shareholders shall be held on each year on the third Thursday of April. At the meeting, directors shall be elected and any other proper business may be transacted.

2.3 SPECIAL MEETING

A special meeting of the shareholders may be called, at any time by the (i) board of directors, (ii) the chairman of the board, (iii) the president, (iv) the chief executive officer or (v) one or more shareholders holding shares in the aggregate entitled to cast not less than ten percent (10%) of the votes at that meeting.

2.4 NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

All notices of meetings with shareholders shall be in writing and shall be sent or otherwise given in accordance with Section 2.5 of these bylaws not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting. The notice shall specify the place, date, and hour of the meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.

2.5 MANNER OF GIVING NOTICE; AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE

Written notice of any meeting of shareholders, if mailed, is given when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, directed to the stockholder at his address as it appears on the records of the corporation. An affidavit of the secretary or an assistant secretary or of the transfer agent of the corporation that the notice has been given shall, in the absence of fraud, be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein.

2.6 QUORUM

The holders of a majority of the stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the shareholders for the transaction of business except as otherwise provided by statute or by the articles of incorporation. If, however, such quorum is not present or represented at any meeting of the shareholders, then the shareholders entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall have power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present or represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum is present or represented, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting as originally noticed.

When a quorum is present or represented at any meeting, the vote of the holders of a majority of the stock having voting power present in person or represented by proxy shall decide any question brought before such meeting, unless the question is one upon which, by express provisions of the statutes or of the articles of incorporation, a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of the question.

2.7 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE

When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, unless these bylaws otherwise require, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. At the adjourned meeting the corporation may transact any business that might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

2.8 VOTING

The shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.11 of these bylaws, subject to the provisions of Sections 607.097 and 607.104 of the Florida General Corporation Act (relating to voting rights of fiduciaries, pledgors and joint owners of stock and to voting trusts and other voting agreements).

Except as provided in the last paragraph of this Section 2.8, or as may be otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of capital stock held by such stockholder.

At a shareholders' meeting at which directors are to be elected, or at elections held under special circumstances, a stockholder shall be entitled to cumulate votes (i.e., cast for any candidate a number of votes greater than the number of votes which such stockholder normally is entitled to cast). Each holder of stock, or of any class or classes or of a series or series thereof, who elects to cumulate votes shall be entitled to as many votes as equals the number of votes which (absent this provision as to cumulative voting) he would be entitled to cast for the election of directors with respect to his shares of stock multiplied by the number of directors to be elected by him, and he may cast all of such votes for a single director or may distribute them among the number to be voted for, or for any two or more of them, as he may see fit.

2.9 WAIVER OF NOTICE

Whenever notice is required to be given under any provision of the Florida General Corporation Act or of the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, a written waiver thereof, signed by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Attendance of a person at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the shareholders need be specified in any written waiver of notice unless so required by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws.

2.10 STOCKHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING

Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, any action required by this chapter to be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders of a corporation, or any action that may be taken at any annual or special meeting of such shareholders, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.

Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those shareholders who have not consented in writing. If the action which is consented to is such as would have required the filing of a certificate under any section of the Florida General Corporation Act if such action had been voted on by shareholders at a meeting thereof, then the certificate filed under such section shall state, in lieu of any statement required by such section concerning any vote of shareholders, that written notice and written consent have been given as provided in Section 607.394 of the Florida General Corporation Act.

2.11 RECORD DATE FOR STOCKHOLDER NOTICE; VOTING; GIVING CONSENTS

In order that the corporation may determine the shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting, nor more than sixty (60) days prior to any other action.

If the board of directors does not so fix a record date;

(i) The record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held.

(ii) The record date for determining shareholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the board of directors is necessary, shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed.

(iii) The record date for determining shareholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board of directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

A determination of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the board of directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

2.12 PROXIES

Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders or to express consent or dissent to corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for him by a written proxy, signed by the stockholder and filed with the secretary of the corporation, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after eleven months from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. A proxy shall be deemed signed if the stockholder's name is placed on

the proxy (whether by manual signature, typewriting, telegraphic transmission or otherwise) by the stockholder or the stockholder's attorney-in-fact. The revocability of a proxy that states on its face that it is irrevocable shall be governed by the provisions of Section 607.101 of the Florida General Corporation Act.

2.13 LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS ENTITLED TO VOTE

The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of a corporation shall prepare and make at least ten (10) days before every meeting of shareholders, a complete list of the shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

ARTICLE III

DIRECTORS

3.1 POWERS

Subject to the provisions of the Florida General Corporation Act and any limitations in the articles of incorporation or these bylaws relating to action required to be approved by the shareholders or by the outstanding shares, the business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the direction of the board of directors.

3.2 QUALIFICATIONS AND NUMBER

Each director shall be a natural person of not less than 18 years of age. A director need not be a shareholder, a citizen of the United States, or a resident of the State of Florida, but directors shall be required to execute and deliver a trade secrets agreement in form satisfactory to counsel for the corporation. The board of directors shall consist of four (4) persons, and this shall be the fixed number of directors until changed. The number of directors may be increased or decreased by an amendment of these bylaws, but no decrease in the number of directors shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director. The number of directors shall never be less than two (2). The full board of directors shall consist of the number of directors fixed herein.

3.3 ELECTION AND TERM

Each member of the board of directors shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders following his election and until his successor has been elected and qualified or until his earlier resignation, removal from office or death. Thereafter, each director who is elected at an annual meeting of shareholders, and any director who is elected in the interim to fill a vacancy or a newly-created directorship, shall hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting of shareholders and until his successor has been elected and qualified or until his earlier resignation, removal from office or death. In the interim between annual meetings of shareholders or of special meetings of shareholders called for the election of directors, any vacancies in the board of directors, including vacancies created by reason of an increase in the number of directors, and including vacancies resulting from the removal of directors by the shareholders which have not been filled by said shareholders, may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, although less than a quorum exists.

3.4 RESIGNATION AND VACANCIES

Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation. When one or more directors so resigns and the resignation is effective at a future date, a majority of the directors then in office, including those who have so resigned, shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies, the vote thereon to take effect when such resignation or resignations shall become effective, and each director so chosen shall hold office as provided in this section in the filling of other vacancies.

Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or these bylaws:

(i) Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors elected by all of the shareholders having the right to vote as a single class may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director.

(ii) Whenever the holders of any class or classes of stock or series thereof are entitled to elect one or more directors by the provisions of the articles of incorporation, vacancies and newly created directorships of such class or classes or series may be filled by a majority of the directors elected by such class or classes or series thereof then in office, or by a sole remaining director so elected.

3.5 PLACE OF MEETINGS; MEETINGS BY TELEPHONE

The board of directors of the corporation may hold meetings, both regular and special, either within or outside the State of Florida.

Unless otherwise restricted by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, members of the board of directors, or any committee designated by the board of directors, may participate in a

meeting of the board of directors, or any committee, by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

3.6 FIRST MEETINGS

The first meeting of each newly elected board of directors shall be held at such time and place as shall be fixed by the vote of the shareholders at the annual meeting and no notice of such meeting shall be necessary to the newly elected directors in order legally to constitute the meeting, provided a quorum shall be present. In the event of the failure of the shareholders to fix the time or place of such first meeting of the newly elected board of directors, or in the event such meeting is not held at the time and place so fixed by the shareholders, the meeting may be held at such time and place as shall be specified in a notice given as hereinafter provided for special meetings of the board of directors, or as shall be specified in a written waiver signed by all of the directors.

3.7 REGULAR MEETINGS

Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice at such time and at such place as shall from time to time be determined by the board.

3.8 SPECIAL MEETINGS; NOTICE

Special meetings of the board for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time by the chairman of the board, the president, any vice president, the secretary or any director.

Notice of the time and place of special meetings shall be delivered personally or sent by first-class by mail, telephone or telegram, charges prepaid, addressed to each director at that director's address as it is shown on the records of the Corporation. If the notice is mailed, it shall be deposited in the United States mail at least 4 days before the time of the holding of the meeting. If the notice is delivered personally or by telephone or to the telegraph company at least 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. Any oral notice given personally or by telephone may be communicated either to the director or to a person at the office of the director who the person giving the notice has reason to believe will promptly communicate it to the director. The notice need not specify the purpose or the place of the meeting, if the meeting is to be held at the principal executive offices of the corporation.

3.9 QUORUM

At all meetings of the board of directors, a majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the board of directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by statute or by the articles of incorporation.

3.10 WAIVER OF NOTICE

Whenever notice is required to be given under any provision of the Florida General Corporation Act or of the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, a written waiver thereof, signed by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Attendance of a person at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the directors, or members of a committee of directors, need be specified in any written waiver of notice unless so required by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws.

3.11 ADJOURNED MEETING; NOTICE

If a quorum is not present at any meeting of the board of directors, then the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present.

3.12 BOARD ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT WITHOUT A MEETING

Unless otherwise restricted by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the board of directors, or of any committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if all members of the board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing and the writing or writings are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the board or committee.

3.13 FEES AND COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Unless otherwise restricted by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, the board of directors shall have the authority to fix the compensation of directors.

3.14 APPROVAL OF LOANS TO OFFICERS

The corporation may lend money to, or guarantee any obligation of, or otherwise assist any officer or other employee of the corporation or of its subsidiary, including any officer or employee who is a director of the corporation or its subsidiary, whenever, in the judgment of the directors, such loan, guaranty or assistance may reasonably be expected to benefit the corporation. The loan, guaranty or other assistance may be with or without interest and may be unsecured, or secured in such manner as the board of directors shall approve, including, without limitation, a pledge of shares of stock of the corporation. Nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to deny, limit or restrict the powers of guaranty or warranty of the corporation at common law or under any statute.

3.15 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

At a meeting of shareholders called expressly for that purpose, entire Board of Directors or any individual director may be removed from office with or without cause by the vote of the shareholders holding at least a majority of the shares of Common Stock. In case the entire Board or any one or more directors be so removed, new directors may be elected at the same meeting.

ARTICLE IV

COMMITTEES

4.1 COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole board, designate one or more committees, with each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation. The board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the board of directors to act at the meeting in the place of any such absent or disqualified member. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board of directors or in the bylaws of the corporation, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, and may authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers that may require it; but no such committee shall have the power or authority to (i) approve or recommend to shareholders actions or proposals required by the Florida General Corporation Act to be approved by shareholders, (ii) designate candidates for the office of director, (iii) fill vacancies on the board of directors or any committee thereof, (iv) amend the bylaws of the corporation, (v) authorize or approve the reacquisition of shares unless pursuant to a general formula or method specified by the board of directors, or (vi) authorize the issuance of stock, except that the board of directors may, pursuant to a general formula or method specified by the board, authorize a committee to fix the terms of the sale of shares.

4.2 COMMITTEE MINUTES

Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and report the same to the board of directors when required.

4.3 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF COMMITTEES

Meetings and actions of committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article III of these bylaws, Section 3.5 (place of meetings and meetings by telephone), Section 3.7 (regular meetings), Section 3.8 (special meetings and notice), Section 3.9 (quorum), Section 3.10 (waiver of notice), Section 3.11 (adjournment and notice of adjournment), and Section 3.12 (action without a meeting), with such changes in the context of those bylaws as are

necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the board of directors and its members; provided, however, that the time of regular meetings of committees may also be called by resolution of the board of directors and that notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. The board of directors may adopt rules for the government of any committee not inconsistent with the provision of these bylaws.

ARTICLE V

OFFICERS

5.1 OFFICERS

The officers of the corporation shall be a president, a secretary, and a treasurer. The corporation may also have, at the discretion of the board of directors, a chairman of the board, one or more vice presidents, assistant secretaries, assistant treasurers, and any such other officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3 of these bylaws. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

5.2 ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The officers of the corporation, except such officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 5.3 or 5.5 of these bylaws, shall be chosen by the board of directors, subject to the rights, if any, of an officer under any contract of employment.

5.3 SUBORDINATE OFFICERS

The board of directors may appoint, or empower the president to appoint, such other officers and agents as the business of the corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these bylaws or as the board of directors may from time to time determine.

5.4 REMOVAL AND RESIGNATION OF OFFICERS

Subject to the rights, if any, of an officer under any contract of employment, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, by an affirmative vote of the majority of the board of directors at any regular or special meeting of the board or, except in the case of an officer chosen by the board of directors, by any officer upon whom such power of removal may be conferred by the board of directors.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation. Any resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of that notice or at any later time specified in that notice; and, unless otherwise specified in that notice, the acceptance of the resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Any resignation is without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party.

5.5 VACANCIES IN OFFICES

Any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation shall be filled by the board of directors.

5.6 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The chairman of the board, if such an officer be elected, shall, if present, preside at meetings of the board of directors and exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the board of directors or as may be prescribed by these bylaws. If there is no president, then the chairman of the board shall also be the chief executive officer of the corporation and shall have the powers and duties prescribed in Section 5.7 of these bylaws.

5.7 PRESIDENT

Subject to such supervisory powers, if any, as may be given by the board of directors to the chairman of the board, if there be such an officer, the president shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation and shall, subject to the control of the board of directors, have general supervision, direction, and control of the business and the officers of the corporation. He shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and, in the absence or nonexistence of a chairman of the board, at all meetings of the board of directors. He shall have the general powers and duties of management usually vested in the office of president of a corporation and shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or these bylaws.

5.8 VICE PRESIDENT

In the absence or disability of the president, the vice presidents, if any, in order of their rank as fixed by the board of directors or, if not ranked, a vice president designated by the board of directors, shall perform all the duties of the president and when so acting shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the president. The vice presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed for them respectively by the board of directors, these bylaws, the president or the chairman of the board.

5.9 SECRETARY

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office of the corporation or such other place as the board of directors may direct, a book of minutes of all meetings and actions of directors, committees of directors, and shareholders. The minutes shall show the time and place of each meeting, whether regular or special (and, if special, how authorized and the notice given), the names of those present at directors' meetings or committee meetings, the number of shares present or represented at shareholders' meetings, and the proceedings thereof.

The secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal executive office of the corporation or at the office of the corporation's transfer agent or registrar, as determined by resolution of the board of directors, a share register, or a duplicate share register, showing the names

of all shareholders and their addresses, the number and classes of shares held by each, the number and date of certificates evidencing such shares, and the number and date of cancellation of every certificate surrendered for cancellation.

The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and of the board of directors required to be given by law or by these bylaws. He shall keep the seal of the corporation, if one be adopted, in safe custody and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or by these bylaws.

5.10 TREASURER

The treasurer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of accounts of the properties and business transactions of the corporation, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings, and shares. The books of account shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any director.

The treasurer shall deposit all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the corporation with such depositaries as may be designated by the board of directors. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the board of directors, shall render to the president and directors, whenever they request it, an account of all of his transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or these bylaws.

5.11 AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS

In addition to the foregoing authority and duties, all officers of the corporation shall respectively have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the business of the corporation as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors or the shareholders.

ARTICLE VI

INDEMNITY

6.1 INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The corporation shall, to the maximum extent and in the manner permitted by the Florida General Corporation Act, indemnify each of its directors and officers against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding, arising by reason of the fact that such person is or was an agent of the corporation. For purposes of this Section 6.1, a "director" or "officer" of the corporation includes any person (i) who is or was a director or officer of the corporation, (ii) who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or (iii) who was a director or officer of a corporation which was a predecessor corporation of the corporation or of another enterprise at the request of such predecessor corporation.

6.2 INDEMNIFICATION OF OTHERS

The corporation shall have the power, to the extent and in the manner permitted by the Florida General Corporation Act, to indemnify each of its employees and agents (other than directors and officers) against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding, arising by reason of the fact that such person is or was an agent of the corporation. For purposes of this Section 6.2, an "employee" or "agent" of the corporation (other than a director or officer) includes any person (i) who is or was an employee or agent of the corporation, (ii) who is or was serving at the request of the corporation as an employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or (iii) who was an employee or agent of a corporation which was a predecessor corporation of the corporation or of another enterprise at the request of such predecessor corporation.

6.3 INSURANCE

The corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of the Florida General Corporation Act.

ARTICLE VII

RECORDS AND REPORTS

7.1 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS

The corporation shall, either at its principal executive office or at such place or places as designated by the board of directors, keep a record of its shareholders listing their names and addresses and the number and class of shares held by each shareholder, a copy of these bylaws as amended to date, accounting books, and other records.

Any stockholder of record, in person or by attorney or other agent, shall, upon written demand under oath stating the purpose thereof, have the right during the usual hours for business to inspect for any proper purpose the corporation's stock ledger, a list of its shareholders, and its other books and records and to make copies or extracts therefrom. A proper purpose shall mean a purpose reasonably related to such person's interest as a stockholder. In every instance where an attorney or other agent is the person who seeks the right to inspection, the demand under oath shall be accompanied by a power of attorney or such other writing that authorizes the attorney or other agent to so act on behalf of the stockholder. The demand under oath shall be directed to the corporation at its registered office in Florida or at its principal place of business.

The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of a corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before every meeting of shareholders, a complete list of the shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

7.2 INSPECTION BY DIRECTORS

Any director shall have the right to examine the corporation's stock ledger, a list of its shareholders, and its other books and records for a purpose reasonably related to his position as a director.

7.3 ANNUAL STATEMENT TO SHAREHOLDERS

The board of directors shall present at each annual meeting, and at any special meeting of the shareholders when called for by vote of the shareholders, a full and clear statement of the business and condition of the corporation.

7.4 REPRESENTATION OF SHARES OF OTHER CORPORATIONS

The chairman of the board, the president, any vice president, the treasurer, the secretary or assistant secretary of this corporation, or any other person authorized by the board of directors or the president or a vice president, is authorized to vote, represent, and exercise on behalf of this corporation all rights incident to any and all shares of any other corporation or corporations standing in the name of this corporation. The authority granted herein may be exercised either by such person directly or by any other person authorized to do so by proxy or power of attorney duly executed by such person having the authority.

7.5 CONTROL OVER BYLAWS

The board of directors shall have power to adopt, alter, amend or repeal the bylaws, provided, however, that the power to alter, amend or repeal any bylaws relating to the quorum and voting requirements for shareholders, the number of persons constituting the board of directors, the quorum and voting requirements for directors and the provisions of Article VIII of these bylaws may be exercised only by a vote of holders representing a majority of the shares of Common Stock of the Corporation. Any provisions for the classification of directors for staggered, terms shall be authorized by the Articles of Incorporation or by specific provisions of a bylaw adopted by the

shareholders. Bylaws adopted by the board of directors or by the shareholders may be repealed or changed and new bylaws may be adopted by the shareholders. The shareholders may prescribe in any bylaw made by them that such bylaw shall not be altered, amended or repealed by the board of directors.

ARTICLE VIII

GENERAL MATTERS

8.1 CHECKS

From time to time, the board of directors shall determine by resolution which person or persons may sign or endorse all checks, drafts, other orders for payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness that are issued in the name of or payable to the corporation, and only the persons so authorized shall sign or endorse those instruments.

8.2 EXECUTION OF CORPORATE CONTRACTS AND INSTRUMENTS

The board of directors, except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, may authorize any officer or officers, or agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation; such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized or ratified by the board of directors or within the agency power of an officer, no officer, agent or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or for any amount.

8.3 STOCK CERTIFICATES; PARTLY PAID SHARES

The shares of a corporation shall be represented by certificates, provided that the board of directors of the corporation may provide by resolution or resolutions that some or all of any or all classes or series of its stock shall be uncertificated shares. Any such resolution shall not apply to shares represented by a certificate until such certificate is surrendered to the corporation. Notwithstanding the adoption of such a resolution by the board of directors, every holder of stock represented by certificates and upon request every holder of uncertificated shares shall be entitled to have a certificate signed by, or in the name of the corporation by the chairman or vice-chairman of the board of directors, or the president or vice-president, and by the treasurer or an assistant treasurer, or the secretary or an assistant secretary of such corporation representing the number of shares registered in certificate form. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be a facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate has ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

The corporation may issue the whole or any part of its shares as partly paid and subject to call for the remainder of the consideration to be paid therefor. Upon the face or back of each stock

certificate issued to represent any such partly paid shares, upon the books and records of the corporation in the case of uncertificated partly paid shares, the total amount of the consideration to be paid therefor and the amount paid thereon shall be stated. Upon the declaration of any dividend on fully paid shares, the corporation shall declare a dividend upon partly paid shares of the same class, but only upon the basis of the percentage of the consideration actually paid thereon.

8.4 SPECIAL DESIGNATION ON CERTIFICATES

If the corporation is authorized to issue more than one class of stock or more than one series of any class, then the designations, the preferences, the limitations and the relative rights of each class of stock or series thereof shall be set forth in full or summarized on the face or back of the certificate that the corporation shall issue to represent such class or series of stock; provided, however, that, except as otherwise provided in Section 607.074 of the Florida General Corporation Act, in lieu of the foregoing requirements there may be set forth on the face or back of the certificate that the corporation shall issue to represent such class or series of stock a statement that the corporation will furnish without charge to each stockholder who so requests the designations, the preferences, the limitations and the relative rights of each class of stock or series thereof.

8.5 LOST CERTIFICATES

Except as provided in this Section 8.5, no new certificates for shares shall be issued to replace a previously issued certificate unless the latter is surrendered to the corporation and canceled at the same time. The corporation may issue a new certificate of stock or uncertificated shares in the place of any certificate theretofore issued by it, alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, and the corporation may require the owner of the lost, stolen or destroyed certificate, or his legal representative, to give the corporation a bond sufficient to indemnify it against any claim that may be made against it on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of such new certificate or uncertificated shares.

8.6 CONSTRUCTION; DEFINITIONS

Unless the context requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions in the Florida General Corporation Act shall govern the construction of these bylaws. Without limiting the generality of this provision, the singular number includes the plural, the plural number includes the singular, and the term "person" includes both a corporation and a natural person.

8.7 DIVIDENDS

The directors of the corporation, subject to any restrictions contained in the articles of incorporation, may declare and pay dividends upon the shares of its capital stock pursuant to the Florida General Corporation Act. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of the corporation's capital stock.

The directors of the corporation may set apart out of any of the funds of the corporation available for dividends a reserve or reserves for any proper purpose and may abolish any such reserve. Such purposes shall include but not be limited to equalizing dividends, repairing or maintaining any property of the corporation, and meeting contingencies.

8.8 FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the board of directors and may be changed by the board of directors.

8.9 TRANSFER OF STOCK

Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate for shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignation or authority to transfer, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate, and record the transaction in its books.

8.10 STOCK TRANSFER AGREEMENTS

The corporation shall have power to enter into and perform any agreement with any number of shareholders of any one or more classes of stock of the corporation to restrict the transfer of shares of stock of the corporation of any one or more classes owned by such shareholders in any manner not prohibited by the Florida General Corporation Act.

8.11 REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS

The corporation shall be entitled to recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends and to vote as such owner, shall be entitled to hold liable for calls and assessments the person registered on its books as the owner of shares, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of another person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Florida.

8.12 DIRECTOR DEADLOCKS; ARBITRATION

If the board of directors shall be equally divided respecting the management of the property, business and affairs of the corporation, or any aspect thereof or any transaction involved therein, or shall be equally divided on any question, dispute or controversy, and such equal division concerns a proper subject for action by the board, no shareholder or director shall have the right to have the corporation dissolved or shall have any other legal right in a suit at law or in equity because of such deadlock. Any such equal division shall be submitted to arbitration in the following manner:

1. Upon written request by any director submitted at a duly organized meeting of the board of directors, the board shall select two arbitrators, each director having in such selection the right to two (2) votes under a system of cumulative voting; whereupon such two arbitrators shall select a third arbitrator; but if they shall be unable to agree within 15 days upon the third arbitrator, he shall be appointed by them from the Panels of Arbitrators of the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its rules then in effect.

2. The arbitrators shall decide, resolve and determine the matters respecting which the board may be equally divided, including (but not limited to) all collateral matters such as whether such matter is a proper subject for action by the board of directors, whether such matters have been properly submitted to them for decision, whether the board is actually equally divided, and whether this section and the provisions for arbitration hereunder are properly invoked and applicable, to the end that all questions, disputes and controversies be resolved, determined and adjudged by the arbitrators; and the decision of such arbitrators on all matters submitted to them hereunder shall be conclusive and binding upon the board of directors, the corporation and the parties.

3. The arbitrators shall conduct the arbitration proceedings in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, as then in effect, insofar as such rules are not in conflict with this section.

4. The decision of the arbitrators shall be final and conclusive, shall be the equivalent of a resolution unanimously passed by the full Board at a meeting duly convened, and shall not be revoked or amended or overruled except by unanimous action of the Board of Directors or the shareholders of the corporation. Such decision shall be forthwith filed with the secretary of the corporation; and judgment on such decision may be entered in the highest court of the forum having jurisdiction.

The denial in this section of the bylaws of the right to have the corporation dissolved, and of other legal rights, shall be inoperative in the event that any shareholder of the corporation shall have given written notice to the members of the board of directors that he intends to seek dissolution of the corporation or other legal remedy because of deadlock among the board of directors, and such notice remains unrevoked for two years from the date it was given. If such notice is given and (a) no such proceedings are commenced within three years thereafter, or (b) such notice is revoked, or (c) proceedings are commenced and are determined adversely to the party seeking dissolution or other legal remedy because of such deadlock, the said denial of rights in this section shall again become fully operative as before.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENTS

The original or other bylaws of the corporation may be adopted, amended or repealed by the shareholders entitled to vote; provided, however, that the corporation may, in its articles of incorporation, confer the power to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws upon the directors. The fact that such power has been so conferred upon the directors shall not divest the shareholders of the power, nor limit their power to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws.

ARTICLE X

DISSOLUTION

If it should be deemed advisable in the judgment of the board of directors of the corporation that the corporation should be dissolved, the board, after the adoption of a resolution to that effect by a majority of the whole board at any meeting called for that purpose, shall cause notice to be mailed to each stockholder entitled to vote thereon of the adoption of the resolution and of a meeting of shareholders to take action upon the resolution.

At the meeting a vote shall be taken for and against the proposed dissolution. If a majority of the outstanding stock of the corporation entitled to vote thereon votes for the proposed dissolution, then articles of dissolution, authorized in accordance with the provisions of Section 607.257 of the Florida General Corporation Act, shall be filed and become effective in accordance with Section 607.267 of the Florida General Corporation Act. Upon such articles' becoming effective in accordance with Section 607.267 of the Florida General Corporation Act, the corporation shall be dissolved.

Whenever all the shareholders entitled to vote on a dissolution consent in writing, either in person or by duly authorized attorney, to a dissolution, no meeting of directors or shareholders shall be necessary. The corporation shall be dissolved in accordance with Section 607.267 of the Florida General Corporation Act.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above amended and restated bylaws of Qorvo Florida, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Corporation"), are the true, complete and correct bylaws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of the date set forth on the cover page hereto.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
CW ACQUISITION, INC.**

Pursuant to the provisions of the California General Corporation Law, the undersigned incorporator submits the following Articles of Incorporation.

FIRST: That the name of the corporation is CW Acquisition, Inc. (the "Corporation").

SECOND: The purpose of this Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the General Corporation Law of California other than the banking business, the trust company business or the practice of a profession permitted to be incorporated by the California Corporations Code.

THIRD: The name of this Corporation's initial agent for service of process in the State of California is:

NATIONAL REGISTERED AGENTS, INC.

FOURTH: The initial street address and mailing address of the Corporation will be 1331 NW Lovejoy Street, Suite 900, Portland, Oregon 97209.

FIFTH: The total number of shares of common stock which the Corporation is authorized to issue is 1,000; all of such shares shall be without par value.

SIXTH: The liability of the directors of this Corporation for monetary damages shall be eliminated to the fullest extent permissible under California law.

SEVENTH: This Corporation is authorized to provide indemnification of agents (as defined in Section 317 of the California Corporation Code) through bylaw provisions, agreements with the agents vote of shareholders or disinterested directors, or otherwise in excess

of the indemnification otherwise permitted by Section 317 of the California Corporations Code, subject only to applicable limits set forth in Section 204 of the California Corporations Code with respect to actions for breach of duty to the Corporation and its shareholders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed the Articles of Incorporation this 1st day of July, 2013.

/s/ Douglas D. Morris

Douglas D. Morris, Sole Incorporator

**Certificate of Amendment of
Articles of Incorporation**

The undersigned certify that:

1. They are the **president** and the **secretary**, respectively, of CW ACQUISITION, INC., a California corporation.
2. Article **First** of the Articles of Incorporation of this corporation is amended to read as follows:

*The name of the corporation (which is hereinafter referred to as the
“Corporation”) is: **TriQuint CW, Inc.***

3. The foregoing amendment of Articles of Incorporation has been duly approved by the board of directors.
4. The foregoing amendment of Articles of Incorporation has been duly approved by the required vote of shareholders in accordance with Section 902, California Corporations Code. The total number of outstanding shares of the corporation is 1,000. The number of shares voting in favor of the amendment equaled or exceeded the vote required. The percentage vote required was more than 50%.

We further declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the matters set forth in this certificate are true and correct of our own knowledge.

DATE: 8/26/2013

/s/ Ralph Quinsey

RALPH QUINSEY, President

/s/ Steven Buhaly

STEVEN BUHALY, Secretary

**CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT OF
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF
TRIQUINT CW, INC.**

The undersigned certify that:

1. They are the President and Secretary, respectively, of TriQuint CW, Inc., a California corporation.

2. Article FIRST of the Articles of Incorporation of this corporation is amended to read as follows:

“FIRST: The name of the corporation is Qorvo California, Inc. (the “Corporation”).”

3. The foregoing amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has been duly approved by the board of directors.

4. The foregoing amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has been duly approved by the required vote of shareholders in accordance with Section 902, California Corporations Code. The total number of outstanding shares of the corporation is 1,000. The number of shares voting in favor of the amendment equaled or exceeded the vote required. The percentage vote required was more than 50%.

5. This Certificate of Amendment shall be effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 2, 2016.

[Signatures Follow on Next Page]

We further declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the matters set forth in this certificate are true and correct of our own knowledge.

Date: March 30, 2016

By: /s/ Steven J. Buhaly
Steven J. Buhaly, President

By: /s/ Jeffrey C. Howland
Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

[Signature Page to TriQuint CW, Inc. Certificate of Amendment]

QORVO CALIFORNIA, INC.

* * * * *

BYLAWS

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ARTICLE I
OFFICES

Section 1. The principal office of the corporation shall be located in Hillsboro, Oregon, or at such place as the Board of Directors may from time to time authorize.

Section 2. The corporation may also have offices at such other places both within and without the State of California as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE II
ANNUAL MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. Meetings of shareholders for the election of directors may be held in Hillsboro, Oregon, or at such place as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, and stated in the notice of the meeting. Meetings of shareholders for any other purpose may be held at such time and place, within or without the State of California, as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof. If no other place is stated or fixed, shareholders' meetings shall be held at the principal executive office of the corporation.

Section 2. Annual meetings of shareholders, commencing with the year 2014, shall be held in the month of July, or at such other date and time as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting, at which they shall elect by a plurality vote a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

Section 3. Written or printed notice of the annual meeting stating the place, day and hour of the meeting shall be given to each shareholder entitled to vote thereat not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of the meeting.

ARTICLE III
SPECIAL MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. Special meetings of shareholders for any purpose other than the election of directors may be held at such time and place within or without the State of California as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof.

Section 2. Special meetings of the shareholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by the articles of incorporation, may be called by the president, the Board of Directors, or the holders of not less than 10 percent of all the shares entitled to vote at the meeting and if the corporation has a chairman of the Board of Directors, special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the chairman.

Section 3. Written or printed notice of a special meeting of shareholders, stating the time, place and purpose or purposes thereof, shall be given to each shareholder entitled to vote thereat not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date fixed for the meeting. The business transacted at any special meeting of shareholders shall be limited to the purposes stated in the notice.

ARTICLE IV QUORUM AND VOTING OF STOCK

Section 1. The holders of a majority of the shares of stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the shareholders for the transaction of business except as otherwise provided by statute or by the articles of incorporation. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting of the shareholders, the shareholders present in person or represented by proxy shall have power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the original meeting.

Section 2. If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of stock represented and voting at the meeting (which shares voting affirmatively also constitute at least a majority of the required quorum), shall be the act of the shareholders unless the vote of a greater number or voting by classes is required by law or the articles of incorporation.

Section 3. Each outstanding share of stock, having voting power, shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders. A shareholder may vote either in person or by proxy executed in writing by the shareholder or by his duly authorized attorney-in-fact. In all elections for directors, every shareholder entitled to vote shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares of stock owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or, upon satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Section 708(b) of the California General Corporation Law, to cumulate the vote of said shares, and give one candidate a number of votes equal to the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of votes to which the shareholder's shares are normally entitled, or to distribute the votes on the same principle among as many candidates as he may see fit. Section 708(b) of the California General Corporation Law provides that no shareholder shall be entitled to cumulate votes for any candidate for the office of director unless such candidates' names have been placed in nomination prior to the voting and at least one shareholder has given notice at the meeting prior to the voting of his intention to cumulate his votes.

Section 4. Unless otherwise provided in the articles, any action, except election of directors, which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting and without prior notice, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding shares having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted. Except to fill a vacancy in the Board of Directors not filled by the directors, directors may not be elected by written consent except by unanimous written consent of all shares entitled to vote for the election of directors. Any election of a director to fill a vacancy (other than a vacancy created by removal) not filled by the directors requires the written consent of a majority of the shares entitled to vote.

**ARTICLE V
DIRECTORS**

Section 1. The number of directors shall be a minimum of one (1) and a maximum of three (3). Directors need not be residents of the State of California nor shareholders of the corporation. The directors, other than the first Board of Directors, shall be elected at the annual meeting of the shareholders, and each director elected shall serve until the next succeeding annual meeting and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. The first Board of Directors shall hold office until the first annual meeting of shareholders.

Section 2. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, vacancies, except for a vacancy created by the removal of a director, and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, though less than a quorum, and the directors so chosen shall hold office until the next annual election and until their successors are duly elected and shall qualify. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation any vacancy created by the removal of a director shall be filled by the shareholders by the vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Any vacancies, which may be filled by directors and are not filled by the directors, may be filled by the shareholders by a majority of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present.

Section 3. The business affairs of the corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors which may exercise all such powers of the corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute or by the articles of incorporation or by these bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the shareholders.

Section 4. The directors may keep the books of the corporation, except such as are required by law to be kept within the state, outside of the State of California, at such place or places as they may from time to time determine.

Section 5. The Board of Directors, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, and irrespective of any personal interest of any of its members, shall have authority to establish reasonable compensation of all directors for services to the corporation as directors, officers or otherwise.

**ARTICLE VI
MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Section 1. Meetings of the Board of Directors, regular or special, may be held either within or without the State of California.

Section 2. The first meeting of each newly elected Board of Directors shall be held at such time and place as shall be fixed by the vote of the shareholders at the annual meeting and no notice of such meeting shall be necessary to the newly elected directors in order legally to constitute the meeting, provided a quorum shall be present, or it may convene at such place and time as shall be fixed by the consent in writing of all the directors.

Section 3. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held upon such notice, or without notice, and at such time and at such place as shall from time to time be determined by the Board.

Section 4. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the president upon four days' notice by mail or 48 hours' notice delivered personally or by telephone, including a voice messaging system or by electronic transmission by the corporation. The articles or bylaws may not dispense with notice of a special meeting. A notice, or waiver of notice, need not specify the purpose of any regular or special meeting of the Board.

Section 5. Attendance of a director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a director attends for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

Section 6. A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business unless a greater number is required by law or by the articles of incorporation. The act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless the act of a greater number is required by statute or by the articles of incorporation. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of directors, the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

Section 7. Members of the Board may participate in a meeting through use of conference telephone, electronic video screen communication or electronic transmission by and to the corporation. Participation in a meeting through use of a conference telephone or electronic video screen communication constitutes presence in person at that meeting as long as all members participating in the meeting are able to hear one another. Participation in a meeting through electronic transmission by and to the corporation (other than conference telephone and electronic video screen communication) constitutes presence in person at that meeting if both the following apply:

6.7.1 Each member participating in the meeting can communicate with all of the other members concurrently.

6.7.2 Each member is provided the means of participating in all matters before the Board, including, without limitation, the capacity to propose, or to interpose an objection to, a specific action to be taken by the corporation.

Section 8. Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the directors may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board shall individually or collectively consent in writing to that action. The written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board. The action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the directors.

ARTICLE VII EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Section 1. The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the number of directors fixed by the bylaws or otherwise, may designate two or more directors to constitute an executive committee, which committee, to the extent provided in such resolution, shall have and exercise all of the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the corporation, except

as otherwise required by law. Vacancies in the membership of the committee shall be filled by the Board of Directors at a regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors. The executive committee shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and report the same to the Board when required. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of the executive committee. The executive committee shall not have authority: (1) To approve any action which will also require the shareholders' approval; (2) To fill vacancies on the Board or in any committee; (3) To fix the compensation of directors for serving on the Board or on any committee; (4) To amend or repeal the bylaws or adopt new bylaws; (5) To amend or repeal any resolution of the Board which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable; (6) To make a distribution to the shareholders except at a rate or in a periodic amount or within a price range determined by the Board; or (7) To appoint other committees of the Board or the members thereof.

ARTICLE VIII NOTICES

Section 1. Whenever, under the provisions of the statutes or of the articles of incorporation or of these bylaws, notice is required to be given to any director or shareholder, it shall not be construed to mean personal notice, but such notice may be given in writing, by mail, addressed to such director or shareholder, at his address as it appears on the records of the corporation, with postage thereon prepaid, and such notice shall be deemed to be given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail. Notice to directors may also be given by facsimile telecommunication, voice messaging system or by electronic transmission by a corporation. Notice to any shareholder shall be given at the address furnished by such shareholder for the purpose of receiving notice. If such address is not given and if no address appears on the records of the corporation for such shareholder, notice may be given to such shareholder at the place where the principal executive office of the corporation is located or by publication at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which said principal executive office is located.

Section 2. Whenever any notice whatever is required to be given under the provisions of the statutes or under the provisions of the articles of incorporation or these bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

ARTICLE IX OFFICERS

Section 1. The officers of the corporation, except those elected in accordance with Section 210 of the California General Corporation Law, shall be chosen by the Board of Directors and shall be a president, a secretary and a chief financial officer. The Board of Directors may also choose vice-presidents, and one or more assistant secretaries and assistant treasurers.

Section 2. The Board of Directors, at its first meeting after each annual meeting of shareholders, shall choose a president, one or more vice-presidents, a secretary and a chief financial officer, none of whom need be a member of the Board.

Section 3. The Board of Directors may appoint such other officers and agents as it shall deem necessary who shall hold their offices for such terms and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as shall be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Section 4. The salaries of all officers and agents of the corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Section 5. The officers of the corporation shall hold office until their successors are chosen and qualify. Any officer elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation shall be filled by the Board of Directors.

THE PRESIDENT

Section 6. The president shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation, shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors, shall have general and active management of the business of the corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect.

Section 7. He shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the corporation.

THE VICE-PRESIDENTS

Section 8. The vice-president, or if there shall be more than one, the vice-presidents in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the president, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the president and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

THE SECRETARY AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

Section 9. The secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the shareholders and record all the proceedings of the meetings of the corporation and of the Board of Directors in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. He shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or president, under whose supervision he shall be. He shall have custody of the corporate seal of the corporation and he, or an assistant secretary, shall have authority to affix the same to any instrument requiring it, and when so affixed, it may be attested by his signature or by the signature of such assistant secretary. The Board of Directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the corporation and to attest the affixing by his signature.

Section 10. The assistant secretary, or if there be more than one, the assistant secretaries in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Section 11. The chief financial officer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the corporation and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors.

Section 12. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the president and the Board of Directors, at its regular meetings, or when the Board of Directors so requires, an account of all his transactions as chief financial officer and of the financial condition of the corporation.

Section 13. If required by the Board of Directors, he shall give the corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of his office and for the restoration to the corporation, in case of his death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in his possession or under his control belonging to the corporation.

Section 14. The chief financial officer is, for the purpose of executing any documents requiring the signature of the "Treasurer," deemed to be the treasurer of the corporation.

THE ASSISTANT TREASURERS

Section 15. The assistant treasurers, or, if there shall be more than one, the assistant treasurers in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the chief financial officer, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the chief financial officer and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

ARTICLE X CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES

Section 1. Every holder of shares in the corporation shall be entitled to have a certificate, signed by, or in the name of the corporation by, the chairman or vice-chairman of the Board of Directors, or the president or a vice-president and the chief financial officer or an assistant treasurer, or the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, certifying the number of shares and the class or series of shares owned by him in the corporation. If the shares of the corporation are classified or if any class of shares has two or more series, there shall appear on the certificate either (1) a statement of the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions granted to or imposed upon each class or series of shares to be issued and upon the holders thereof; or (2) a summary of such rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions with reference to the provisions of the articles and any certificates of determination establishing the same; or (3) a statement setting forth the office or agency of the corporation from which shareholders may obtain, upon request and without charge, a copy of the statement referred to in item (1) heretofore. Every certificate shall have noted thereon any information required to be set forth by the California General Corporation Law and such information shall be set forth in the manner provided by such law.

Section 2. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon

a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if such person were an officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

LOST CERTIFICATES

Section 3. The Board of Directors may direct a new certificate to be issued in place of any certificate theretofore issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost or destroyed. When authorizing such issue of a new certificate, the Board of Directors, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, may prescribe such terms and conditions as it deems expedient, and may require such indemnities as it deems adequate, to protect the corporation from any claim that may be made against it with respect to any such certificate alleged to have been lost or destroyed.

TRANSFERS OF SHARES

Section 4. Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate representing shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer, a new certificate shall be issued to the person entitled thereto, and the old certificate cancelled and the transaction recorded upon the books of the corporation.

CLOSING OF TRANSFER BOOKS

Section 5. In order that the corporation may determine the shareholders entitled to notice of any meeting or to vote or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any other lawful action, the Board may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than 60 nor less than 10 days prior to the date of such meeting nor more than 60 days prior to any other action.

A determination of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting, but the Board shall fix a new record date if the meeting is adjourned for more than 45 days from the date set for the original meeting.

REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS

Section 6. The corporation shall be entitled to recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends, and to vote as such owner, and to hold liable for calls and assessments a person registered on its books as the owner of shares, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of California.

**ARTICLE XI
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

DIVIDENDS

Section 1. Subject to the provisions of the articles of incorporation relating thereto, if any, dividends may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting, pursuant to law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property or in shares of the capital stock, subject to any provisions of the articles of incorporation and the California General Corporation Law.

Section 2. Before payment of any dividend, there may be set aside out of any funds of the corporation available for dividends such sum or sums as the directors from time to time, in their absolute discretion, think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the corporation, or for such other purpose as the directors shall think conducive to the interest of the corporation, and the directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

CHECKS

Section 3. All checks or demands for money and notes of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

FISCAL YEAR

Section 4. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

SEAL

Section 5. The corporate seal shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the date of its incorporation and the words "Corporate Seal, California". The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or in any manner reproduced.

**ARTICLE XII
AMENDMENTS**

Section 1. These bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed or new bylaws may be adopted (a) at any regular or special meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present or represented, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the stock entitled to vote, provided notice of the proposed alteration, amendment or repeal be contained in the notice of such meeting, or (b) by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting of the Board. The Board of Directors shall not make or alter any bylaw specifying a fixed number of directors or the maximum or minimum number of directors and the directors shall not change a fixed Board to a variable Board or vice versa in the bylaws. The Board of Directors shall not change a bylaw, if any, which requires a larger proportion of the vote of directors for approval than is required by the California General Corporation Law.

**ARTICLE XIII
DIRECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT**

Section 1. The directors shall cause to be sent to the shareholders not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year, an annual report which shall include a balance sheet as of the closing date of the last fiscal year, and an income statement of changes in financial position for said fiscal year. Said annual report shall be accompanied by any report thereon of independent accountants or, if there is no such report, the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that such statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the corporation. This annual report is hereby waived whenever the corporation shall have less than 100 shareholders as defined in Section 605 of the California General Corporation Law. Except when said waiver applies, the annual report shall be sent to the shareholder at least 15 (or if sent by third-class mail, 35) days prior to the date of the annual meeting. The annual report may be sent by third-class mail only if the corporation has outstanding shares held by 500 or more persons (as determined by the provisions of Section 605 of the California General Corporation Law) on the record date for the shareholders' meeting. In addition to the financial statements included in the annual report, the annual report of the corporation, if it has more than 100 shareholders as defined in Section 605 of the California General Corporation Law and if it is not subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, or exempt from such registration by Section 12(g)(2) of said act, shall also describe briefly: (1) Any transaction (excluding compensation of officers and directors) during the previous fiscal year involving an amount in excess of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) (other than contracts let at competitive bids or services rendered at prices regulated by law) to which the corporation or its parent or subsidiary was a party and in which any director or officer of the corporation or of a subsidiary or (if known to the corporation or its parent or subsidiary) any holder of more than 10 percent of the outstanding voting shares of the corporation had a direct or indirect material interest, naming such person and stating such person's relationship to the corporation, the nature of such person's interest in the transaction and, where practicable, the amount of such interest; provided, that in the case of a transaction with a partnership of which such person is a partner, only the interest of the partnership need be stated; and provided further that no such report need be made in the case of transactions approved by the shareholders under subdivision (a) of Section 310 of the California General Corporation Law; and (2) The amount and circumstances of any indemnification or advances aggregating more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) paid during the fiscal year to any officer or director of the corporation pursuant to Section 317 of the California General Corporation Law, provided, that no such report need be made in the case of indemnification approved by the shareholders under paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 317 of the California General Corporation Law.

Dated: July 1, 2013

Last Amended as of May 2, 2016

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above bylaws of Qorvo California, Inc., a California corporation (the "Corporation"), are the true, complete and correct bylaws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of May 2, 2016.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

CERTIFICATE OF MERGER
of
TRIDENT MERGER SUB INC.
into
TRIQUINT SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

Under Section 251 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware

TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc. hereby certifies that:

1. The name and state of incorporation of each of the constituent corporations are:

(a) Trident Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"); and

(b) TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("TriQuint").

2. An Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization has been approved, adopted, executed and acknowledged by each of the constituent corporations in accordance with the provisions of Section 251 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

3. The name of the surviving corporation is TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc.

4. The certificate of incorporation of TriQuint shall be amended and restated as set forth in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., attached hereto as Exhibit A.

5. The executed Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization is on file at the surviving corporation's offices located at 2300 N.E. Brookwood Parkway, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124.

6. A copy of the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization will be furnished by the surviving corporation, on request and without cost, to any stockholder of any constituent corporation.

7. The effective time and date of the merger shall be January 1, 2015, 11:58 p.m. Eastern Standard Time.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, TriQuint has caused this certificate to be signed by an authorized officer on this 31st day of December, 2014

TRIQUINT SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

By: /s/ Ralph G. Quinsey

Name: Ralph G. Quinsey

Title: Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT A

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF
TRIQUINT SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.**

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation is: TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc.

ARTICLE II.

The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware is 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware 19808. The registered agent in charge thereof is: Corporation Service Company.

ARTICLE III.

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

ARTICLE IV.

The Corporation is authorized to issue one class of stock to be designated "Common Stock." The amount of the total authorized capital stock of this corporation is 1,000 shares of \$.0001 par value common capital stock. The rights and preferences of all outstanding shares of Common Stock shall be identical. The holders of outstanding shares of Common Stock shall have the right to vote on all matters submitted to vote of the stockholders of the Corporation, on the basis of one vote per share of Common Stock owned.

ARTICLE V.

The Corporation shall have perpetual existence.

ARTICLE VI.

The Corporation shall have authority to indemnify, and advance expenses to, any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or any constituent corporation of the Corporation (including any constituent of a constituent), or is or was serving as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise at the request of the Corporation, or any constituent corporation of the Corporation (including any constituent of a constituent), to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The indemnification and advancement of expenses permitted by this Article VI shall not be

deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors, or otherwise. Any repeal or amendment of this Article VI shall not adversely affect any right or protection of any person existing at the time of, or increase the liability of any person with respect to any acts or omissions of such person occurring prior to, the effective date of such amendment or repeal.

ARTICLE VII.

No person who is serving or has served as a director of the Corporation shall be liable to the Corporation or to any stockholder for monetary damages for breach of any fiduciary duty of such person as a director by reason of any act or omission occurring on or after the date this Article VII first became effective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Article VII shall be deemed to limit or eliminate the liability of any person (i) for any breach of such person's duty of loyalty as a director to the Corporation or its stockholders; (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (iii) under Section 174 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware; or (iv) for any transaction from which such person derived an improper personal benefit. If the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall automatically be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware as so amended. Any repeal or amendment of this Article VII shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director or former director existing under this Article VII with respect to any act or omission occurring prior to such repeal or amendment.

**CERTIFICATE OF MERGER
OF
RF MICRO DEVICES, INC.
INTO
TRIQUINT SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.**

Under Sections 55-11-05(a) and 55-11-07(a) of the North Carolina General Statutes and Section 252 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware

TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc. hereby certifies that:

1. The name and state of incorporation of each of the constituent corporations are:
 - (a) TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., a Delaware corporation; and
 - (b) RF Micro Devices, Inc., a North Carolina corporation.
2. An Agreement and Plan of Merger has been approved, adopted, certified, executed and acknowledged by each of the constituent corporations in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55-11-01, 55-11-03, 55-11-05(a) and 55-11-07(a) of the North Carolina General Statutes and Section 252(c)(2) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.
3. The name of the surviving corporation is TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc.
4. The certificate of incorporation of the surviving corporation shall be amended by deleting Article I thereof and replacing such Article I with the following:

“The name of this Corporation is: Qorvo US, Inc.”

Other than the above-described amendment, the Certificate of Incorporation of the surviving entity shall be that of the surviving entity immediately following the merger in all respects.

5. The executed Agreement and Plan of Merger is on file at the surviving corporation's offices located at 2300 N.E. Brookwood Parkway, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124.
6. A copy of the Agreement and Plan of Merger will be furnished by the surviving corporation, on request and without cost, to any stockholder of any constituent corporation.
7. RF Micro Devices, Inc. is authorized to issue 1,000 shares of common stock, no par value per share.
8. This Certificate of Merger shall be effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 2, 2016.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc. has caused this certificate to be signed by an authorized officer on March 30, 2016.

TRIQUINT SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

By: /s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth
Robert A. Bruggeworth, President

[Signature Page to Certificate of Merger
(TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc./RF Micro Devices, Inc.)]

AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS

OF

QORVO US, INC.

Effective January 1, 2015

Last Amended May 2, 2016

AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS

OF

QORVO US, INC.

ARTICLE I

Offices

Section 1. Principal and Registered Offices. The principal office of Qorvo US, Inc. (the “Corporation”) shall be located at such place as the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the “Board of Directors”) may specify from time to time. The registered office of the Corporation shall be located at 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware 19808.

Section 2. Other Offices. The Corporation may have offices at such other places, either within or without the State of Delaware, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE II

Meetings of Stockholders

Section 1. Place of Meeting. Meetings of stockholders shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation or at such other place or places, either within or without the State of Delaware, as shall either (i) be designated in the notice of the meeting or (ii) be agreed upon at or before the meeting by a majority of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meetings. The annual meeting of stockholders shall be held on such date and at such time as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Secretary or the Board of Directors for the purpose of electing directors of the Corporation and the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

Section 3. Substitute Annual Meeting. If the annual meeting is not held on the day designated by these by-laws, a substitute annual meeting may be called in accordance with Section 4 of this Article II. A meeting so called shall be designated and treated for all purposes as the annual meeting.

Section 4. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time by the President or by order of the Board of Directors, and shall be called by the President or by order of the Board of Directors upon the written request of any member of the Board of Directors or the holder or holders of at least 10% of all the shares of capital stock entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 5. Notice of Meetings. Written or printed notice, stating the time and place of the meeting and, in the case of a special meeting, briefly describing the purpose or purposes of the meeting, shall be given not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting, to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting, by delivering a written notice thereof to him personally, or by mailing such notice in a postage prepaid envelope directed to him at his last address as it appears on the stock records of the Corporation. It shall be the primary responsibility of the Secretary to give the notice, but notice may be given by or at the direction of the President or other person or persons calling the meeting. If a matter (other than the election of directors) is to be considered at an annual meeting on which a vote of stockholders is required by law or otherwise, notice shall be given as if the meeting were a special meeting. If any stockholder shall, in person or by attorney thereunto authorized, waive in writing notice of any meeting of the stockholders, whether prior to or after such meeting, notice thereof need not be given to him. Notice of any adjourned meeting of the stockholders shall not be required to be given, except where expressly required by law.

Section 6. Proxies. A stockholder may attend, represent, and vote his shares at any meeting in person, or be represented and have his shares voted for by a proxy which such stockholder has duly executed in writing. No proxy shall be valid after eleven (11) months from the date of its execution unless a longer period is expressly provided in the proxy. Each proxy shall be revocable unless otherwise expressly provided therein or unless otherwise made irrevocable by law.

Section 7. Quorum. Except as otherwise provided by law, the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of stockholders. In the absence of a quorum, any officer entitled to preside at, or act as Secretary of, such meeting, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be constituted. At any such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called. When a quorum is once present to organize a meeting, the stockholders present may continue to do business at the meeting or at any adjournment thereof notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough stockholders to leave less than a quorum.

Section 8. Voting of Shares. Each outstanding share of voting capital stock of the Corporation shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of the stockholders, except as otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation. The vote by the holders of a majority of the shares voted on any matter at a meeting of stockholders at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the stockholders on that matter, unless the vote of a greater number is required by law, by the certificate of incorporation, or by these by-laws of the Corporation. Voting on all matters shall be by voice vote or by a show of hands, unless the holders of a majority of the shares represented at the meeting shall demand a vote by written ballot on a particular matter.

Section 9. Action Without Meeting. Any action which the stockholders could take at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which

all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted. The consent shall be filed with the Secretary of the Corporation as part of the corporate records. Such written consent shall have the same force and effect as a vote of stockholders, and may be stated as such in any articles, certificates or documents filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware, or any other state wherein the Corporation may do business.

Section 10. Meeting by Use of Conference Telephone. Subject to the requirement for notice of meetings and if permitted by applicable law, stockholders may participate in and hold a meeting of such stockholders by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

Section 11. Record Date. The Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a date as the record date for the purpose of determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of stockholders, or stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or the allotment of any rights, or in order to make a determination of stockholders for any other proper purpose. Such date, in any case, shall be not more than sixty (60) days, and in case of a meeting of stockholders not less ten (10) days, prior to the date on which the particular action requiring such determination of stockholders is to be taken. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting. If the stock transfer books are not closed, and no record date is fixed for the determination of stockholders, or of stockholders entitled to receive payment of a dividend, the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed, or the date on which the resolution of the Board of Directors declaring the dividend is adopted, as the case may be, shall be the record date for the determination of stockholders.

Section 12. List of Stockholders. It shall be the duty of the Secretary or other officer of the Corporation who shall have charge of the stock records, either directly or through a transfer agent appointed by the Board of Directors, to prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before every stockholders meeting, a complete list of stockholders entitled to vote at such meeting arranged in alphabetical order. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder at the principal office of the Corporation for said ten days before such meeting, and shall be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof and shall be subject to the inspection of any stockholder who may be present. The stock records of the Corporation shall be the only evidence of who are the stockholders entitled to examine such list or the books of the Corporation or to vote in person or by proxy at such meeting.

ARTICLE III

Board of Directors

Section 1. General Powers. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by the Board of Directors except as otherwise provided by law, by the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation or by these by-laws.

Section 2. Number, Term and Qualification. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall consist of one or more members. The initial number of directors shall be three (3), which number may be changed by the Board of Directors. Each director shall hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until a successor is elected and qualified, or until his death, resignation or removal pursuant to these by-laws. Directors need not be residents of the State of Delaware or stockholders of the Corporation.

Section 3. Removal. Directors may be removed from office with or without cause by a vote of stockholders who hold a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors. If any directors are so removed, new directors may be elected at the same meeting.

Section 4. Resignation. Any director of the Corporation may resign at any time by giving written notice to the President or the Secretary of the Corporation. The resignation of any director shall take effect upon receipt of notice thereof or at such later time as shall be specified therein. The acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

Section 5. Vacancies. Any vacancy in the Corporation's Board of Directors may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors. Any vacancy created by an increase in the authorized number of directors shall be filled only by election at an annual meeting or at a special meeting of stockholders called for that purpose. The stockholders may elect a director at any time to fill a vacancy not filled by the directors.

Section 6. Compensation. The directors shall not receive compensation for their services as such, except that the directors shall be entitled to be reimbursed for any reasonable expenses paid by them by reason of their attendance at any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors or any of its committees, and by resolution of the Board of Directors, the directors may be paid fees, which may include but are not restricted to fees for attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors or any of its committees. Any director may serve the Corporation in any other capacity and receive compensation therefor.

ARTICLE IV

Meetings of Directors

Section 1. Annual and Regular Meetings. The annual meeting of the Board of Directors for the purpose of electing officers and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting shall be held immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders. The Board of Directors may by resolution provide for the holding of regular

meetings of the Board of Directors on specified dates and at specified times. If any date for which a regular meeting is scheduled shall be a legal holiday, the meeting shall be held on the next business day that is not a legal holiday or on a date designated in the notice of the meeting during either the same week in which the regularly scheduled date falls or during the preceding or following week. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation or at such other place as may be designated in the notice of the meeting. Notice of annual meetings or any regular meetings held at the principal office of the Corporation and at the usual scheduled time shall not be required.

Section 2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the President or any one director. Such meetings may be held at the time and place designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 3. Notice of Meetings. The Secretary or other person or persons calling a meeting for which notice is required shall give notice by mail or telegram at least five (5) days before the meeting, or by telephone at least twenty-four (24) hours before the meeting. Oral notice may be substituted for such written notice if given not less than five (5) days before the meeting. Notice of the time, place and purpose of such meeting may be waived in writing before or after such meeting, and shall be equivalent to the giving of the notice. Attendance by a director at a meeting for which notice is required shall constitute a waiver of notice, except where a director attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called. Except as otherwise herein provided, neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in this notice of such meeting.

Section 4. Quorum. A majority of the directors in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of the Board of Directors, but a smaller number may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present. Any regular or special directors' meeting may be adjourned from time to time by those present, whether a quorum is present or not.

Section 5. Manner of Acting. Except as otherwise provided by law, these by-laws or the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation or otherwise, the act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors.

Section 6. Action Without Meeting. Action taken by a majority of the directors or of a committee of directors without a meeting is nevertheless Board of Directors or committee action, if written consent to the action is signed by all the director or members of the committee, as the case may be, and filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors or committee, whether done before or after the action is taken. Such unanimous written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote at a meeting, and may be stated as such in any articles, certificates or documents filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware, or any other state wherein the Corporation may do business.

Section 7. Meeting by Use of Conference Telephone. Any one or more directors or members of a committee may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors or any of its committees by means of a conference telephone or similar communications device which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall be deemed presence in person at such meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

ARTICLE V

Committees

Section 1. Designation of Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board of Directors, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the Corporation. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. Any such committee, to the extent provided in these by-laws or in the resolution of the Board of Directors establishing the same, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation. Such committees or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. Minutes. Each committee shall keep minutes of its proceedings and shall report thereon to the Board of Directors at or before the next meeting of the Board of Directors.

Section 3. Action Without Meeting; Telephonic Meeting. Action may be taken by each committee in the manner allowed by the Board of Directors pursuant to Sections 6 and 7 of Article IV.

ARTICLE VI

Officers

Section 1. Titles. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board of Directors and shall consist of a President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary and may include a Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Controller and one or more additional Vice Presidents, one or more Assistant Secretaries, one or more Assistant Treasurers, one or more Assistant Controllers, and such other officers as it shall deem necessary. Except as otherwise provided in these by-laws, the additional officers shall have the authority and perform the duties as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same individual, but no officer may act in more than one capacity where action of two or more officers is required.

Section 2. Election and Term. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board of Directors at the regular meeting of the Board of Directors held each year

immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders. Each officer shall hold office until the next regular meeting at which officers are to be elected and until a successor is elected and qualifies or until his death, resignation, or removal pursuant to these by-laws.

Section 3. Removal. Any officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Corporation will be served, but removal shall be without prejudice to any contract rights of the individual removed. Election or appointment of an officer or agent shall not of itself create contract rights.

Section 4. Vacancies. Vacancies among the officers may be created and filled by the Board of Directors.

Section 5. Compensation. The compensation and all other terms of employment of the officers shall be fixed by the disinterested members of the Board of Directors. No officer shall be prevented from receiving such compensation by reason of the fact that such officer is also a director of the Corporation.

Section 6. Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, if such officer is elected, shall preside at meetings of the Board of Directors and shall have such other authority and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall designate.

Section 7. President. The President shall be in general charge of the affairs of the Corporation in the ordinary course of its business, and shall preside at meetings of the stockholders. The President may perform such acts, not inconsistent with the applicable law or the provisions of these by-laws, as may be performed by the president of a corporation and may sign and execute all authorized notes, bonds, contracts and other obligations in the name of the Corporation. The President shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall designate or as may be provided by applicable law or elsewhere in these by-laws.

Section 8. Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer shall be in general charge of the external affairs of the Corporation in the ordinary course of its business and shall preside at meetings of the stockholders. The Chief Executive Officer may perform such acts, not inconsistent with the applicable law or the provisions of these by-laws, as may be performed by the president of a corporation and may sign and execute all authorized notes, bonds, contracts and other obligations in the name of the Corporation. The Chief Executive Officer shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall designate or as may be provided by applicable law or elsewhere in these by-laws.

Section 9. Vice Presidents. The Vice Presidents shall exercise the powers of the President during that officer's absence or inability to act. Any action taken by a Vice President in the performance of the duties of the President shall be presumptive evidence of the absence or inability to act of the President at the time the action was taken. The Vice Presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

Section 10. Treasurer. The Treasurer, if such officer is elected, shall have custody of all funds and securities belonging to the Corporation and shall receive, deposit or disburse the same under the direction of the Board of Directors. The treasurer shall keep full and accurate accounts of the finances of the Corporation and shall cause a true statement of the assets and liabilities of the Corporation as of the close of each fiscal year and of the results of its operations and of changes in surplus, all in reasonable detail, to be made and filed at the principal office of the Corporation within four months after the end of the fiscal year. The statement shall be available for inspection by any stockholder for a period of ten years, and the Treasurer shall mail or otherwise deliver a copy of the latest statement to any stockholder upon written request. The Treasurer shall in general perform all duties incident to the office and such other duties as may be assigned from time to time by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 11. Assistant Treasurers. Each Assistant Treasurer, if such officer is elected, shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors, and the Assistant Treasurers shall exercise the powers of the Treasurer during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 12. Controller and Assistant Controllers. The Controller shall have charge of the accounting affairs of the Corporation and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall designate. Each Assistant Controller shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors and the Assistant Controllers shall exercise the powers of the Controller during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 13. Secretary. The Secretary shall keep accurate records of the acts and proceedings of all meetings of stockholders and of the Board of Directors and shall give all notices required by law and by these by-laws. The Secretary shall have general charge of the corporate books and records and of the corporate seal and shall affix the corporate seal to any lawfully executed instrument requiring it. The Secretary shall have general charge of the stock transfer books of the Corporation and shall keep at the principal office of the Corporation a record of stockholders, showing the name and address of each stockholder and the number and class of the shares held by each. The Secretary shall sign such instruments as may require the signature of the Secretary, and in general shall perform the duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may be assigned from time to time by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 14. Assistant Secretaries. Each Assistant Secretary shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors, and the Assistant Secretaries shall exercise the powers of the Secretary during that officer's absence or inability to act.

Section 15. Voting Upon Stocks. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, the President shall have full power and authority on behalf of the Corporation to attend, act and vote at meetings of the stockholders of any Corporation in which this Corporation may hold stock, and at such meetings shall possess and may exercise any and all rights and powers incident to the ownership of such stock and which, as the owner, the Corporation might have possessed and exercised if present. The Board of Directors may by resolution from time to time confer such power and authority upon any other person or persons.

ARTICLE VII

Capital Stock

Section 1. Certificates. Certificates for shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be in such form not inconsistent with the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation as shall be approved by the Board of Directors. The certificates shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the persons to whom they are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer records of the Corporation. Each certificate shall be signed by the President or any Vice President and by the Secretary, Assistant Secretary, Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer; provided, that where a certificate is signed by a transfer agent or assistant transfer agent of the Corporation, the signatures of such officers of the Corporation upon the certificate may be by facsimile, engraved or printed. Each certificate shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation or a facsimile thereof.

Section 2. Transfer of Shares. Transfer of shares shall be made on the stock transfer books of the Corporation only upon surrender of the certificate for the shares sought to be transferred by the record holder or by a duly authorized agent, transferee or legal representative. All certificates surrendered for transfer shall be cancelled before new certificates for the transferred shares shall be issued.

Section 3. Restrictions on Transfer of Shares. Shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall not be transferred except as provided under the terms of any agreements among the holders of such shares. Each stock certificate issued by the Corporation representing shares of its common or preferred stock shall bear an appropriate reference to the above-mentioned restriction.

Section 4. Transfer Agent and Registrar. The Board of Directors may appoint one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars of transfers and may require all stock certificates to be signed or countersigned by the transfer agent and registered by the registrar of transfers.

Section 5. Regulations. The Board of Directors shall have power and authority to make rules and regulations as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of certificates for shares of capital stock of the Corporation.

Section 6. Lost Certificates. The Board of Directors may authorize the issuance of a new certificate in place of a certificate claimed to have been lost or destroyed, upon receipt of an affidavit from the person explaining the loss or destruction. When authorizing issuance of a new certificate, the Board of Directors may require the claimant to give the Corporation a bond in a sum as it may direct to indemnify the Corporation against loss from any claim with respect to the certificate claimed to have been lost or destroyed; or the Board of Directors may, by resolution reciting that the circumstances justify such action, authorize the issuance of the new certificate without requiring a bond.

ARTICLE VIII

General Provisions

Section 1. Dividends. The Board of Directors may from time to time declare, and the Corporation may pay, dividends out of its earned surplus on its outstanding shares in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided by law.

Section 2. Waiver of Notice. Whenever notice is required to be given to a stockholder, director or other person under the provisions of these by-laws, the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation or by applicable law, a waiver in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice, whether before or after the time stated in the notice, shall be equivalent to giving the notice.

Section 3. Depositories and Checks. All funds of the Corporation shall be deposited in the name of the Corporation in such bank, banks, or other financial institutions as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate and shall be drawn out on checks, drafts or other orders signed on behalf of the Corporation by such person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

Section 4. Bond. The Board of Directors may by resolution require any or all officers, agents and employees of the Corporation to give bond to the Corporation, with sufficient sureties, conditioned on the faithful performance of the duties of their respective offices or positions, and to comply with such other conditions as may from time to time be required by the Board of Directors.

Section 5. Loans. No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation and no evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Section 6. Taxable Year. The taxable year of the Corporation shall be the period ending on the Saturday closest to March 31 of each year, until otherwise determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. Exclusive Forum. Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation, (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or other employee of the Corporation to the Corporation or the Corporation's stockholders, (c) any action asserting a claim against the Corporation or any director or officer or other employee of the Corporation arising pursuant to any provision of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws (as each may be amended from time to time), or (d) any action asserting a claim against the Corporation or any director or officer or other employee of the Corporation governed by the internal affairs doctrine shall be a state court within the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the

federal district court for the District of Delaware). Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this Article VIII, Section 7.

Section 8. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

(a) Right to Indemnification. Each person who was or is made a party to or is threatened to be made a party to or is otherwise involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director or officer of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans (hereinafter an "indemnatee"), whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director or officer, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Corporation to the fullest extent authorized by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the Corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than such law permitted the Corporation to provide prior to such amendment), against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, finds, ERISA excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such indemnatee in connection therewith and such indemnification shall continue as to an indemnatee who has ceased to be a director or officer and shall inure to the benefit of the indemnatee's heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that, except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof with respect to proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification, the Corporation shall indemnify any such indemnatee in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such indemnatee only if such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this Section shall be a contract right and shall include the right to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition (hereinafter an "advancement of expenses"); provided, however, that if the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware requires, an advancement of expenses incurred by an indemnatee in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such indemnatee, including without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) shall be made only upon delivery to the Corporation of an undertaking, by or on behalf of such indemnatee, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined by final judicial decision from which there is no further right to appeal that such indemnatee is not entitled to be indemnified for such expenses under this Section or otherwise (hereinafter an "undertaking").

(b) Right of Indemnatee to Bring Suit. If a claim under paragraph (a) of this Section is not paid in full by the Corporation within sixty (60) days after a written claim has been received by the Corporation, except in the case of a claim for an advancement of expenses, in which case the applicable period shall be twenty (20) days, the indemnatee may at any time thereafter bring suit against the Corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. If successful in whole or in part in any such suit or in a suit brought by the Corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the indemnatee shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting or defending such suit. In (i) any suit brought by the indemnatee to enforce a right to indemnification hereunder (but not in a suit brought by

the indemnitee to enforce a right to an advancement of expenses) it shall be a defense that, and (ii) any suit by the Corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking the Corporation shall be entitled to recover such expenses upon a final adjudication that, the indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Neither the failure of the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel or its stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such suit that indemnification of the indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because the indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, nor an actual determination by the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel or its stockholders) that the indemnitee has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall create a presumption that the indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct or, in the case of such a suit brought by the indemnitee, be a defense to such suit. In any suit brought by the indemnitee to enforce a right hereunder, or by the Corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the burden of proving that the indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified or to such advancement of expenses under this Section or otherwise shall be on the Corporation.

(c) Non-Exclusivity of Rights. The rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses conferred in this Section shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, this certificate of incorporation, these by-laws, by agreement, by vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

(d) Insurance. The Corporation may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

(e) Indemnification of Agents of the Corporation. The Corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board of Directors, grant rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses, to any agent of the Corporation to the fullest extent of the provisions of the Section with respect to the indemnification and advancement of expenses of directors, officers and employees of the Corporation.

Section 9. Amendments. Except as otherwise provided herein, these by-laws may be amended or repealed and new by-laws may be adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of shares of the Corporation then issued and entitled to vote at any annual meeting or at any special meeting of stockholders called for the purpose of considering such action that constitute at least a majority of the aggregate voting power of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation.

* * * * *

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above amended and restated by-laws of Qorvo US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), are the true, complete and correct by-laws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of the date set forth on the cover page hereto.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

Form 642
(Revised 12/08)

This space reserved for office use.

Return in duplicate to:
Secretary of State
P.O. Box 13697
Austin, TX 78711-3697
512 463-5555
FAX: 512 463-5709



**Certificate of Conversion
of a
Limited Partnership Converting
to a
Limited Liability Company**

Filing Fee: See instructions

Converting Entity Information

The name of the converting limited partnership is:

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LP

The jurisdiction of formation of the limited partnership is: Texas

The date of formation of the limited partnership is: July 2, 2000

The file number, if any, issued to the limited partnership by the secretary of state is: 136632-10

Converted Entity Information

The limited partnership named above is converting to a limited liability company. The name of the limited liability company is:

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

The limited liability company will be formed under the laws of: Texas

Plan of Conversion

The plan of conversion is attached.

If the plan of conversion is not attached, the following section must be completed.

Alternative Statements

In lieu of providing the plan of conversion, the converting limited partnership certifies that:

1. A signed plan of conversion is on file at the principal place of business of the limited partnership, the converting entity. The address of the principal place of business of the limited partnership is:

_____ <i>Street or Mailing Address</i>	_____ <i>City</i>	_____ <i>State</i>	_____ <i>Country</i>	_____ <i>Zip Code</i>
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2. A signed plan of conversion will be on file after the conversion at the principal place of business of the limited liability company, the converted entity. The address of the principal place of business of the limited liability company is:

_____ <i>Street or Mailing Address</i>	_____ <i>City</i>	_____ <i>State</i>	_____ <i>Country</i>	_____ <i>Zip Code</i>
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3. A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished on written request without cost by the converting entity before the conversion or by the converted entity after the conversion to any owner or member of the converting or converted entity.

Certificate of Formation for the Converted Entity

If the converted entity is a Texas limited liability company, the certificate of formation of the Texas limited liability company must be attached to this certificate either as an attachment or exhibit to the plan of conversion, or as an attachment or exhibit to this certificate of conversion if the plan has not been attached to the certificate of conversion.

Approval of the Plan of Conversion

The plan of conversion has been approved as required by the laws of the jurisdiction of formation and the governing documents of the converting entity.

Effectiveness of Filing (Select either A, B, or C.)

- A. This document becomes effective when the document is accepted and filed by the secretary of state.
- B. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from the date of signing. The delayed effective date is:

- C. This document takes effect upon the occurrence of the future event or fact, other than the passage of time. The 90th day after the date of signing is:

The following event or fact will cause the document to take effect in the manner described below:

Tax Certificate

- Attached hereto is a certificate from the comptroller of public accounts that certifies that the converting entity is in good standing for purposes of conversion.
- In lieu of providing the tax certificate, the limited liability company as the converted entity is liable for the payment of any franchise taxes.

Execution

The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument. The undersigned certifies that the statements contained herein are true and correct, and that the person signing is authorized under the provisions of the Business Organizations Code to execute the filing instrument.

Date: 2/28/2011

TriQuint Texas General Holding Company

/s/ Steven J. Buhaly

Signature of authorized person (see instructions)

Steven J. Buhaly

Printed or typed name of authorized person

Plan of Conversion

For

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LP

The undersigned being the duly authorized representative of TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LP, a Texas Limited Partnership, hereby executes the plan of conversion pursuant to Section 10.101 of the Texas Business Organizations Code ("BOC"):

It is hereby certified as follows:

- (1) The name of the Limited Partnership is "TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LP", a Texas Limited Partnership ("Converting Entity").
- (2) The name of the Limited Liability Company to which the Converting Entity is to be converted is "TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC" ("Converted Entity"), a Texas Limited Liability Company.
- (3) Approval of the Plan was duly authorized by all action required by the "BOC", the laws of Texas and the Converting Entity's constituent documents. The Converting Entity's partner has voted in favor of the conversion and adoption of the plan.
- (4) The Converted Entity will continue its existence in the form of a Limited Liability Company.
- (5) The Converted Entity will be liable for payment of all applicable fees and franchise taxes of the Converting Entity as required by law.
- (6) The conversion shall be effective when the document is accepted and filed by the secretary of state.

Date as of February 28, 2011

TriQuint Texas General Holding Corporation

/s/ Steve J. Buhaly

Steve J. Buhaly, CFO

Submit in duplicate to:
Secretary of State
P.O. Box 13697
Austin, TX 78711-3697
512 463-5555
FAX: 512 463-5709



**Certificate of Formation
Limited Liability Company**

Filing Fee: \$300

Article 1 – Entity Name and Type

The filing entity being formed is a limited liability company. The name of the entity is:

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

The name must contain the words “limited liability company,” “limited company,” or an abbreviation of one of these phrases.

Article 2 – Registered Agent and Registered Office

(See instructions. Select and complete either A or B and complete C.)

A. The initial registered agent is an organization (cannot be entity named above) by the name of:

Corporation Service Company

OR

B. The initial registered agent is an individual resident of the state whose name is set forth below:

<i>First Name</i>	<i>M.I.</i>	<i>Last Name</i>	<i>Suffix</i>

C. The business address of the registered agent and the registered office address is:

211 E. 7th Street, Ste 620	Austin	TX	78701
<i>Street Address</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Zip Code</i>

Article 3—Governing Authority

(Select and complete either A or B and provide the name and address of each governing person.)

A. The limited liability company will have managers. The name and address of each initial manager are set forth below.

B. The limited liability company will not have managers. The company will be governed by its members, and the name and address of each initial member are set forth below.

GOVERNING PERSON 1

NAME (Enter the name of either an individual or an organization, but not both.)

IF INDIVIDUAL

<i>First Name</i>	<i>M.I.</i>	<i>Last Name</i>	<i>Suffix</i>

OR

IF ORGANIZATION

TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc.

Organization Name

ADDRESS

2300 NE Brookwood Pkwy	Hillsboro	OR	USA	97124
<i>Street or Mailing Address</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Country</i>	<i>Zip Code</i>

GOVERNING PERSON 2

NAME (Enter the name of either an individual or an organization, but not both.)

IF INDIVIDUAL*First Name**M.I.**Last Name**Suffix***OR****IF ORGANIZATION***Organization Name***ADDRESS***Street or Mailing Address**City**State**Country**Zip Code***GOVERNING PERSON 3**

NAME (Enter the name of either an individual or an organization, but not both.)

IF INDIVIDUAL*First Name**M.I.**Last Name**Suffix***OR****IF ORGANIZATION***Organization Name***ADDRESS***Street or Mailing Address**City**State**Country**Zip Code***Article 4 – Purpose**

The purpose for which the company is formed is for the transaction of any and all lawful purposes for which a limited liability company may be organized under the Texas Business Organizations Code.

Supplemental Provisions/Information

Text Area: [The attached addendum, if any, is incorporated herein by reference.]

This Limited Liability Company is formed pursuant to a Plan of Conversion and Reorganization for TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LP, a Texas Corporation (“Converting Entity”), under the section of 10.101 of the Texas Business Organizations Code. The address of the Converting Entity is 2300 NE Brookwood Pkwy, Hillsboro, OR 97124 and it was originally formed as a Texas Limited Partnership on July 2, 2000.

Organizer

The name and address of the organizer:

Steven J. Buhaly

Name

2300 NE Brookwood Pkwy

Hillsboro

OR

97124

Street or Mailing Address

City

State

Zip Code

Effectiveness of Filing (Select either A, B, or C.)

A. This document becomes effective when the document is filed by the secretary of state.

B. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from the date of signing. The delayed effective date is: _____

C. This document takes effect upon the occurrence of the future event or fact, other than the passage of time. The 90th day after the date of signing is: _____

The following event or fact will cause the document to take effect in the manner described below:

Execution

The undersigned affirms that the person designated as registered agent has consented to the appointment. The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument and certifies under penalty of perjury that the undersigned is authorized to execute the filing instrument.

Date: 2/28/2011

/s/ Steven J. Buhaly

Signature of organizer

Steven J. Buhaly

Printed or typed name of organizer

**Form 424
(Revised 05/11)**

Submit in duplicate to:
 Secretary of State
 P.O. Box 13697
 Austin, TX 78711-3697
 512 463-5555
 FAX: 512/463-5709

Filing Fee: See instructions

**Certificate of Amendment****Entity Information**

The name of the filing entity is:

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

State the name of the entity as currently shown in the records of the secretary of state. If the amendment changes the name of the entity, state the old name and not the new name.

The filing entity is a: (Select the appropriate entity type below.)

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> For-profit Corporation | <input type="checkbox"/> Professional Corporation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Nonprofit Corporation | <input type="checkbox"/> Professional Limited Liability Company |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cooperative Association | <input type="checkbox"/> Professional Association |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limited Liability Company | <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Partnership |

The file number issued to the filing entity by the secretary of state is: 801394460

The date of formation of the entity is: March 08, 2011

Amendments**1. Amended Name**

(If the purpose of the certificate of amendment is to change the name of the entity, use the following statement)

The amendment changes the certificate of formation to change the article or provision that names the filing entity. The article or provision is amended to read as follows:

The name of the filing entity is: (state the new name of the entity below)

The name of the entity must contain an organizational designation or accepted abbreviation of such term, as applicable.

2. Amended Registered Agent/Registered Office

The amendment changes the certificate of formation to change the article or provision stating the name of the registered agent and the registered office address of the filing entity. The article or provision is amended to read as follows:

Registered Agent
(Complete either A or B, but not both. Also complete C.)

A. The registered agent is an organization (cannot be entity named above) by the name of:

OR

B. The registered agent is an individual resident of the state whose name is:

<i>First Name</i>	<i>M.I.</i>	<i>Last Name</i>	<i>Suffix</i>
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The person executing this instrument affirms that the person designated as the new registered agent has consented to serve as registered agent.

C. The business address of the registered agent and the registered office address is:

<i>Street Address (No P.O. Box)</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Zip Code</i>
		TX	

3. Other Added, Altered, or Deleted Provisions

Other changes or additions to the certificate of formation may be made in the space provided below. If the space provided is insufficient, incorporate the additional text by providing an attachment to this form. Please read the instructions to this form for further information on format.

Text Area (The attached addendum, if any, is incorporated herein by reference.)

Add each of the following provisions to the certificate of formation. The identification or reference of the added provision and the full text are as follows:

Alter each of the following provisions of the certificate of formation. The identification or reference of the altered provision and the full text of the provision as amended are as follows:

Article 3 is hereby removed and replaced in its entirety with the following: "Article 3. The limited liability company will have managers. The name and address of the initial manager is James L. Klein, located at 500 West Renner Road, Richardson, Texas 75080."

Delete each of the provisions identified below from the certificate of formation.

Statement of Approval

The amendments to the certificate of formation have been approved in the manner required by the Texas Business Organizations Code and by the governing documents of the entity.

Effectiveness of Filing (Select either A, B, or C.)

A. This document becomes effective when the document is filed by the secretary of state.

B. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from the date of signing. The delayed effective date is:

C. This document takes effect upon the occurrence of a future event or fact, other than the passage of time. The 90th day after the date of signing is:

The following event or fact will cause the document to take effect in the manner described below:

Execution

The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument and certifies under penalty of perjury that the undersigned is authorized under the provisions of law governing the entity to execute the filing instrument.

Date: September 29, 2015

By: TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

/s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth

Signature of authorized person

Robert A. Bruggeworth, President of TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc., the
sole Member of TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

Printed or typed name of authorized person (see instructions)

**Form 424
(Revised 05/11)**

This space reserved for office use.

Submit in duplicate to:
Secretary of State
P.O. Box 13697
Austin, TX 78711-3697
512 463-5555
FAX: 512/463-5709



Certificate of Amendment

Filing Fee: See instructions

Entity Information

The name of the filing entity is:

TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

State the name of the entity as currently shown in the records of the secretary of state. If the amendment changes the name of the entity, state the old name and not the new name.

The filing entity is a: (Select the appropriate entity type below.)

- For-profit Corporation
- Nonprofit Corporation
- Cooperative Association
- Limited Liability Company
- Professional Corporation
- Professional Limited Liability Company
- Professional Association
- Limited Partnership

The file number issued to the filing entity by the secretary of state is: 801394460

The date of formation of the entity is: March 08, 2011

Amendments

1. Amended Name

(If the purpose of the certificate of amendment is to change the name of the entity, use the following statement)

The amendment changes the certificate of formation to change the article or provision that names the filing entity. The article or provision is amended to read as follows:

The name of the filing entity is: (state the new name of the entity below)

Qorvo Texas, LLC

The name of the entity must contain an organizational designation or accepted abbreviation of such term, as applicable.

2. Amended Registered Agent/Registered Office

The amendment changes the certificate of formation to change the article or provision stating the name of the registered agent and the registered office address of the filing entity. The article or provision is amended to read as follows:

Registered Agent
(Complete either A or B, but not both. Also complete C.)

A. The registered agent is an organization (cannot be entity named above) by the name of:

OR

B. The registered agent is an individual resident of the state whose name is:

<i>First Name</i>	<i>M.I.</i>	<i>Last Name</i>	<i>Suffix</i>
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The person executing this instrument affirms that the person designated as the new registered agent has consented to serve as registered agent.

C. The business address of the registered agent and the registered office address is:

<i>Street Address (No P.O. Box)</i>	<i>City</i>	<i>State</i>	<i>Zip Code</i>
		TX	

3. Other Added, Altered, or Deleted Provisions

Other changes or additions to the certificate of formation may be made in the space provided below. If the space provided is insufficient, incorporate the additional text by providing an attachment to this form. Please read the instructions to this form for further information on format.

Text Area (The attached addendum, if any, is incorporated herein by reference.)

Add each of the following provisions to the certificate of formation. The identification or reference of the added provision and the full text are as follows:

Alter each of the following provisions of the certificate of formation. The identification or reference of the altered provision and the full text of the provision as amended are as follows:

Delete each of the provisions identified below from the certificate of formation.

Statement of Approval

The amendments to the certificate of formation have been approved in the manner required by the Texas Business Organizations Code and by the governing documents of the entity.

Effectiveness of Filing (Select either A, B, or C.)

- A. This document becomes effective when the document is filed by the secretary of state.
- B. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from the date of signing. The delayed effective date is: May 2, 2016 at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time
- C. This document takes effect upon the occurrence of a future event or fact, other than the passage of time. The 90th day after the date of signing is:

The following event or fact will cause the document to take effect in the manner described below:

Execution

The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument and certifies under penalty of perjury that the undersigned is authorized under the provisions of law governing the entity to execute the filing instrument.

Date: 3.31.16

By: TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC

/s/ James L.Klein

Signature of authorized person

James L. Klein, Manager

Printed or typed name of authorized person (see instructions)

AMENDED AND RESTATED COMPANY AGREEMENT, AS AMENDED**OF****QORVO TEXAS, LLC****A Texas Limited Liability Company**

This AMENDED AND RESTATED COMPANY AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made and entered into effective September 29, 2015, as amended effective May 2, 2016, by and between Qorvo Texas, LLC, a Texas limited liability company (the "Company"), and Qorvo US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Member").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Member previously entered into that certain Company Agreement effective March 8, 2011 (the "Previous Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto entered into this Agreement to amend and restate the Previous Agreement and to set out fully their respective rights, obligations and duties regarding the Company and its affairs, assets, liabilities and the conduct of its business, effective September 29, 2015; and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Member amended this Agreement to read as set forth herein effective as of May 2, 2016 in connection with the change of the Company's name from TriQuint Texas, LLC to Qorvo Texas, LLC.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants expressed herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

1.1 Formation. Effective March 8, 2011, the Member formed a Texas limited liability company under the name TriQuint Semiconductor Texas, LLC by converting a Texas limited partnership to a Texas limited liability company with the Texas Secretary of State. The rights and obligations of the Member are as provided in the Chapter 101 of the Texas Business Organizations Code (the "TBOC") except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.

1.2 Name. The business of the Company will be conducted under the name Qorvo Texas, LLC and any other names as shall be selected from time to time by the Manager.

1.3 Purpose. The purpose of the Company is to conduct manufacturing and research operations in Texas and to engage in all activities incidental to that purpose.

1.4 Offices. The Company maintains its principal business office in Texas at 500 West Renner Road, Richardson, TX 75080.

1.5 Registered Agent. Corporation Service Company will be the Company's initial registered agent in Texas, and the registered office will be at 211 E, 7th Street, Ste 620, Austin, Texas 78701.

1.6 Term. The term of the Company commenced on March 8, 2011, and will continue until terminated as provided in this Agreement.

1.7 Name and Address of Member. The Member's name and address are Qorvo US, Inc., 2300 NE Brookwood Parkway, Hillsboro, OR 97124.

1.8 Admission of Additional Members. No additional members may be admitted to the Company without the prior approval of the Member.

SECTION 2. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS

2.1 Initial Capital Contribution. The capital of the Company is as it existed on the date of conversion from a limited partnership to a limited liability company. One hundred units have converted over into all the membership interests in the limited liability company. The Member is the sole member of the Company and owns all the membership interests of the Company.

2.2 Additional Capital Contributions. Additional Capital Contributions may be made from time to time in such amounts as the Member deems necessary.

2.3 Loans. The Member may, but will not be obligated to, make loans to the Company to cover the Company's cash requirements, and those loans will bear interest at a rate determined by the Member.

SECTION 3. ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES; DISTRIBUTIONS

3.1 Allocations of Income and Loss. All items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit will be allocated 100% to the Member. For federal and state income tax purposes, all items of Company income, gain, loss, and deduction will be reported on the Member's individual tax returns.

3.2 Distributions. No distribution may be made to the Member if, after giving effect to the distribution, in the judgment of the Member, either (a) the Company would not be able to pay its debts as they become due in the ordinary course of business or (b) the fair value of the total assets of the Company would not at least equal its total liabilities. Subject to the foregoing limitation, the Company will make distributions to the Member in such amounts and at such times as the Manager determines.

SECTION 4. POWERS AND DUTIES OF MANAGER

4.1 Management of Company; Appointment and Removal. The Company is a manager-managed limited liability company. The management and control of the Company and its business and affairs will be vested in a single manager (the "Manager") who shall be appointed from time to time by the Member. The Manager may be removed at any time for any reason by the Member. The Manager will have all the rights and powers that may be possessed by a manager in a manager-managed limited liability company pursuant to the TBOC and the rights and powers that are otherwise conferred by law or are necessary, advisable, or convenient to the discharge of the Manager's duties under this Agreement and to the management of the business and affairs of the Company. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Manager will

have the following rights and powers (which the Manager may exercise at the cost, expense, and risk of the Company):

(a) To expend the funds of the Company in furtherance of the Company's business;

(b) To perform all acts necessary to manage and operate the business of the Company, including delegating authority to such persons as the Manager deems advisable to manage the Company;

(c) Subject to Section 4.6, to execute, deliver, and perform on behalf of and in the name of the Company any and all agreements and documents deemed necessary or desirable by the Manager to carry out the business of the Company, including any lease, deed, easement, bill of sale, mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, contract of sale, or other document conveying, leasing, or granting a security interest in the interest of the Company in any of its assets, or any part thereof, whether held in the Company's name, the name of the Member, or otherwise, and no other signature or signatures will be required; and

(d) To borrow or raise money on behalf of the Company in the Company's name or in the name of the Manager for the benefit of the Company and, from time to time, to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute, and issue promissory notes, drafts, checks, and other negotiable or nonnegotiable instruments and evidences of indebtedness, and to secure the payment of that indebtedness by mortgage, security agreement, pledge, or conveyance or assignment in trust of the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, including contract rights.

4.2 Action by Manager. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, the Company's Certificate of Formation or the TBOC, all decisions with respect to the management of the business and affairs of the Company shall be made by determination of the Manager at a meeting or evidenced by a written consent of the Manager.

4.3 Limitation on Liability of Member and Manager. To the maximum extent permitted under the TBOC, neither the Member nor the Manager will have any liability to the Company for any loss suffered by the Company that arises out of any action by or inaction of the Member or the Manager (as applicable) if the Member or the Manager (as applicable), in good faith, determined that the course of conduct was in the best interests of the Company.

4.4 Indemnification. To the fullest extent not prohibited by law, the Company shall indemnify and hold harmless the Member and the Manager, and each member, officer, equity holder, employee or agent thereof, from and against any and all losses, claims, demands, costs, damages, liabilities (joint and several), expenses of any nature (including attorneys' fees and disbursements), judgments, fines, settlements and other amounts (collectively, "Damages") arising from any and all claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which such person or entity may be involved, or threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, arising out of or incidental to any business of the Company transacted or occurring while such person or entity was the Member or the Manager, or a member, officer, equity holder, employee or agent thereof, as the case may be, regardless of whether such person or entity continues in such capacity at the time any such liability or expense is paid or incurred, except the foregoing shall not apply to any Damages to the extent that they shall ultimately be determined by final judicial decision from which there is no further right of

appeal to have resulted from fraud, willful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of such person or entity. The indemnification provided by this Section 4.4 shall be in addition to any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any agreement, as a matter of law or equity, or otherwise, and shall continue as to a person or entity who has ceased to serve in their capacity as such, and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the person or entity so indemnified. With respect to the satisfaction of any indemnification of the above-mentioned persons or entities, no Member or Manager shall have any personal liability therefor. Any indemnification required hereunder to be made by the Company shall be made promptly as the liability, loss, damage, cost or expense is incurred or suffered. The Manager may establish reasonable procedures for the submission of claims for indemnification pursuant to this Section 4.4, determination of the entitlement of any person or entity thereto, and review of any such determination.

4.5 Dealing with the Company. The Manager may deal with the Company by providing or receiving property and services to or from the Company, and may receive from others or from the Company normal profits, compensation, commissions, or other income incident to such dealings.

4.6 Limitations on Power and Authority of the Manager. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, without the consent of the Member, the Manager shall have no authority to do any of the following:

- (a) Any act in contravention of this Agreement;
- (b) Possess property owned by the Company (including real and/or personal property, and including intangible property) or assign the Company's rights in any specific property of the Company for other than Company purposes;
- (c) Any act in contravention of the TBOC;
- (d) Amend the Company's Certificate of Formation or this Agreement; or
- (e) Dissolve the Company, except as provided in this Agreement or required under the TBOC.

SECTION 5. COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

5.1 Company Expenses. The Manager will charge the Company for the Manager's actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the Company's business.

5.2 Compensation. The Manager will be paid such compensation by the Company as is specifically authorized by the Member.

SECTION 6. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT AND BANKING

6.1 Books of Account. The Company's books and records and this Agreement will be maintained at the principal office of the Company. The Manager will keep and maintain books and records of the operations of the Company that are appropriate and adequate for the Company's business and for carrying out this Agreement.

6.2 Banking. All funds of the Company are to be deposited in a separate bank account or in an account or accounts of a savings and loan association as determined by the Manager and/or designated agent. Those funds may be withdrawn from such account or accounts on the signature of the person or persons designated by the Manager and/or designated agent.

SECTION 7. DISSOLUTION AND WINDING UP OF THE COMPANY

7.1 Dissolution. The Company will be dissolved on the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) The express determination of the Member to dissolve the Company; or
- (b) By operation of law.

7.2 Winding Up. On the dissolution of the Company, the Member will take full account of the Company's assets and liabilities; the assets will be liquidated as promptly as is consistent with obtaining their fair value; and the proceeds, to the extent sufficient to pay the Company's obligations with respect to such liquidation, will be applied and distributed in the following order:

- (a) To payment and discharge of the expenses of liquidation and of all the Company's debts and liabilities, including debts and liabilities owed to the Member; and
- (b) To the Member.

SECTION 8. GENERAL PROVISIONS

8.1 Amendments. Any proposed amendment will be adopted and become effective as an amendment only on the written approval of the Member.

8.2 Governing Law. This Agreement and the rights of the parties under it will be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the state of Texas (without regard to principles of conflicts of law).

8.3 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application of that provision shall be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law.

8.4 Tax Matters Partner. The Member shall be the tax matters partner for purposes of Section 6231(a)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (and any corresponding provisions of applicable state or local law), with power to manage and represent the Company in any administrative or judicial proceeding involving the Internal Revenue Service or any state or local taxing authority.

8.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Member and the Company relating to the Company and supersedes all prior contracts or agreements with respect to the Company, whether oral or written.

The parties enter into this Agreement as of the date first written above.

Member

Qorvo Texas, LLC

Qorvo US, Inc.

By /s/ Robert A. Bruggeworth
Robert A. Bruggeworth, President

By James L. Klein
James L. Klein, Manager

[Amended and Restated Operating Agreement, as Amended]

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
TFR TECHNOLOGIES (OREGON), INC.**

The undersigned natural person of the age of eighteen years or more, acting as incorporator of a corporation under the Oregon Business Corporation Act, adopts the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE 1. NAME

The name of the corporation is TFR Technologies (Oregon), Inc.

ARTICLE 2. DURATION

The period of the corporation's duration shall be perpetual.

ARTICLE 3. PURPOSES AND POWERS

The purpose for which the corporation is organized is to engage in any business, trade or activity which may lawfully be conducted by a corporation organized under the Oregon Business Corporation Act.

The corporation shall have the authority to engage in any and all such activities as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the purposes of the corporation and to exercise any and all powers authorized or permitted under any laws that may be now or hereafter applicable or available to the corporation.

ARTICLE 4. SHARES

The corporation shall have authority to issue 10,000,000 shares of common stock, and all of such shares shall be without par value.

ARTICLE 5. REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT

The name of the initial registered agent of the corporation and the address of its registered office are as follows:

Lawco of Oregon, Inc.
111 S.W. Fifth Avenue, Suite 2500
Portland, Oregon 97204

ARTICLE 6. LIMITATION OF DIRECTOR LIABILITY

To the fullest extent that the Oregon Business Corporation Act, as it exists on the date hereof or may hereafter be amended, permits the limitation or elimination of the liability of directors, a director of the corporation shall not be liable to the corporation or its shareholders for any monetary damages for conduct as a director. Any amendment to or repeal of this Article 6 or amendment to the Oregon Business Corporation Act shall not adversely effect any right or protection of a director of the corporation for or with respect to any acts or omissions of such director occurring prior to such amendment or repeal.

ARTICLE 7. INDEMNIFICATION

To the fullest extent not prohibited by law, the corporation: (i) shall indemnify any person who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, investigative, or otherwise (including an action, suit or proceeding by or in the right of the corporation), by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director of the corporation, and (ii) may indemnify any person who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to an action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, investigative, or otherwise (including an action, suit or proceeding by or in the right of the corporation), by reason of the fact that the person is or was an officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or a fiduciary (within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974), with respect to any employee benefit plan of the corporation, or serves or served at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of, or as a fiduciary (as defined above) of an employee benefit plan of, another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise. This Article 7 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other provisions for the indemnification of directors, officers, employees, or agents that may be included in any statute, bylaw, agreement, resolution of shareholders or directors or otherwise, both as to action in any official capacity and action in any other capacity while holding office, or while an employee or agent of the corporation. For purposes of this Article 7, "corporation" shall mean the corporation incorporated hereunder and any successor corporation thereof.

ARTICLE 8. INCORPORATOR

The name and address of the incorporator are;

Stephen M. Going
Perkins Coie
111 S.W. Fifth Avenue
Suite 2500
Portland, OR 97204

ARTICLE 9. NOTICES

The address where the State of Oregon Corporation Division may mail notices to the corporation is:

c/o Lawco of Oregon
111 S.W. Fifth Avenue, Suite 2500
Portland, Oregon 97209

The undersigned incorporator has executed these Articles of Incorporation this 9th day of August, 1991.

/s/ Stephen M. Going
Stephen M. Going, Incorporator

The name and telephone number of the person to contact about this filing are:

Valerie L. Tadda
(503) 295-4400



Phone: (503)-986-2200
 Fax: (503) 373-4391

Articles of Amendment—Business/Professional/Nonprofit

Secretary of State
 Corporation Division
 255 Capitol St. NE, Suite 151
 Salem, OR 97310-1327
 FilingInOregon.com

Check the appropriate box below:
 BUSINESS/PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
 (Complete only 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7)
 NONPROFIT CORPORATION
 (Complete only 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7)

REGISTRY NUMBER: 258985-86

In accordance with Oregon Revised Statute 192.410-192.490, the information on this application is public record. We must release this information to all parties upon request and it will be posted on our website. For office use only

Please Type or Print Legibly in **Black Ink**.

- 1) Entity Name: TFR Technologies, Inc.
- 2) STATE THE ARTICLE NUMBER(S) AND SET FORTH THE ARTICLE(S) AS IT IS AMENDED TO READ. (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)
1. TFR Technologies, Inc. will be renamed TriQuint TFR, Inc.
- 3) THE AMENDMENT WAS ADOPTED ON: April 29, 2008
 (If more than one amendment was adopted, identify the date of adoption of each amendment.)

BUSINESS/PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION ONLY

NONPROFIT CORPORATION ONLY

- 4) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE STATEMENT
 Shareholder action was required to adopt the amendment(s). The vote was as follows:

Class or series of shares	Number of shares outstanding	Number of votes entitled to be cast	Number of votes cast FOR	Number of votes cast AGAINST

- Shareholder action was not required to adopt the amendment(s). The amendment(s) was adopted by the board of directors without shareholder action.
- The corporation has not issued any shares of stock. Shareholder action was not required to adopt the amendment(s). The amendment(s) was adopted by the Incorporators or by the board of directors.

- 5) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE STATEMENT
 Membership approval was required. The membership vote was as follows:
 Membership approval was not required. The amendment(s) was approved by a sufficient vote of the board of directors or incorporators.

Class(es) entitled to vote	Number of members entitled to vote	Number of votes entitled to be cast	Number of votes cast FOR	Number of votes cast AGAINST

- 6) EXECUTION

Signature	Printed Name	Title
/s/ Steven Buhaly	<u>Steven Buhaly</u>	<u>Secretary/CFO</u>

FEES
Required Processing Fee \$____ No Fee for Nonprofit Type Change Only. Confirmation Copy (Optional) \$____ Processing Fees are nonrefundable. Please make check payable to "Corporation Division." NOTE: Fees may be paid with VISA or MasterCard. The card number and expiration date should be submitted on a separate sheet for your protection.

**ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT
TO
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
TRIQUINT TFR, INC., AS AMENDED**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 60.447 of the Oregon Business Corporation Act, TriQuint TFR, Inc., an Oregon corporation (the "Corporation"), hereby adopts the following amendment to its Articles of Incorporation, as amended (the "Articles of Incorporation"):

1. Article 1 of the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation is hereby amended by deleting it in its entirety and including the following in replacement thereof:

"The name of the corporation is Qorvo Oregon, Inc. (the "Corporation")."

2. Shareholder action was required to adopt the above-described amendment, and the vote was as follows:

- a) Class or series of shares: Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share
- b) Number of shares outstanding: 100
- c) Number of votes entitled to be cast: 100
- d) Number of votes cast FOR: 100
- e) Number of votes cast AGAINST: 0

3. The foregoing amendment was adopted on March 30, 2016 and shall be effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 2, 2016.

[Signature Follows on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused these Articles of Amendment to be signed on 3/30, 2016.

TRIQUINT TFR, INC.

By: /s/ Steven J. Buhaly
Steven J. Buhaly, President

[Signature Page to TriQuint TFR, Inc. Articles of Amendment]

**BYLAWS
OF
QORVO OREGON, INC.**

**ARTICLE 1
OFFICES**

1.1 Principal Office. The principal office of the corporation shall be located in the State of Oregon. The corporation may have such other offices as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the corporation may from time to time require.

1.2 Registered Office. The registered office of the corporation required by the Oregon Business Corporation Act to be maintained in the State of Oregon may be, but need not be, identical with the principal office in the State of Oregon, and the address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors.

**ARTICLE 2
SHAREHOLDERS**

2.1 Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the shareholders shall be held during the month of December of each year, unless a different date is fixed by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting, beginning with the year 2005. The failure to hold an annual meeting at the time stated herein shall not affect the validity of any corporate action.

2.2 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the President or by the Board of Directors and shall be called by the President (or in the event of absence, incapacity or refusal of the President, by the Secretary or any other officer) at the request of the holders of not less than ten percent of all the outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote at the meeting, unless a lower or higher percentage be fixed in the corporation's articles of incorporation. The requesting shareholders shall sign, date, and deliver to the Secretary a written demand describing the purpose or purposes for holding the special meeting.

2.3 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the shareholders shall be held at the principal business office of the corporation or at such other place, within or without the State of Oregon, as may be determined by the Board of Directors.

2.4 Participation at Meetings. The shareholders may hold an annual or special meeting by, or permit the conduct of a meeting through, use of any means of communication by which all shareholders participating may simultaneously hear each other. A shareholder participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

2.5 Notice of Meetings. The corporation shall deliver to shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting written notice of the date, time, place and means of communication of each annual and special shareholders' meeting not earlier than sixty (60) days nor less than ten (10) days before the meeting date. Notice of a special meeting shall also include a description of the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called. Notice to a shareholder is effective:

(a) Upon deposit in the United States mail if it is mailed to each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting at the shareholder's address shown in the corporation's current record of shareholders, with postage thereon prepaid; or

(b) When electronically transmitted to the shareholder in a manner authorized in writing by the shareholder.

2.6 Waiver of Notice. A shareholder may at any time waive any notice required by law, the articles of incorporation or these bylaws. The waiver must be in writing, be signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice and be delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes for filing with the corporate records. A shareholder's attendance at a meeting waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting, unless the shareholder at the beginning of the meeting objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting. The shareholder's attendance also waives objection to consideration of a particular matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose or purposes described in the meeting notice, unless the shareholder objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

2.7 Record Date.

2.7.1 For the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of a shareholders' meeting, to demand a special meeting or to vote or to take any other action, the Board of Directors may fix a future date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders, such date in any case to be not more than seventy (70) days before the meeting or action requiring a determination of shareholders. The record date shall be the same for all voting groups.

2.7.2 A determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a shareholders' meeting is effective for any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date, which it must do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date fixed for the original meeting.

2.7.3 If a court orders a meeting adjourned to a date more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date fixed for the original meeting, it may provide that the original record date continue in effect or it may fix a new record date.

2.8 Shareholders' List for Meeting. After the record date for a shareholders' meeting is fixed by the Board of Directors, the Secretary of the corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all its shareholders entitled to notice of the shareholders' meeting. The list must be arranged by voting group and within each voting group by class or series of shares and show the address of and number of shares held by each shareholder. The shareholders' list must be available for inspection by any shareholder, beginning two business days after notice of the meeting is given for which the list was prepared and continuing through the meeting, at the corporation's principal office or at a place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. The corporation shall make the shareholders' list available at the meeting and any shareholder or the shareholder's agent or attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment. Refusal or failure to prepare or make available the shareholders' list does not affect the validity of action taken at the meeting.

2.9 Chairperson; Conduct of Meeting. At each shareholders' meeting, a chairperson must preside. The chairperson shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, the chairperson shall determine the order of business and shall have the authority to establish rules for the conduct of the meeting. Any rules adopted for, and the conduct of, the meeting shall be fair to shareholders. The chairperson of the meeting shall announce at the meeting when the polls close for each matter voted upon. If no announcement is made, the polls shall be considered to have closed upon the final adjournment of the meeting. After the polls close, no ballots, proxies or votes, or any revocations or changes thereto, may be accepted.

2.10 Quorum; Adjournment. Shares entitled to vote as a separate voting group may take action on a matter at a meeting only if a quorum of those shares exists with respect to that matter. A majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter by the voting group constitutes a quorum of that voting group for action in that matter. A majority of shares represented at the meeting, although less than a quorum, may adjourn the meeting from time to time to a different time and place without further notice to any shareholder of any adjournment. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum is present, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting originally held. Once a share is represented for any purpose at a meeting, it shall be deemed present for quorum purposes for the remainder of the meeting and for any adjournment of that meeting, unless a new record date is set for the adjourned meeting.

2.11 Voting Requirements; Action Without Meeting. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, each outstanding share entitled to vote shall be entitled to one vote upon each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders. If a quorum exists, action on a matter, other than the election of directors, is approved if the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless a greater number of affirmative votes is required by law or the articles of incorporation. If a quorum exists, directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation. No cumulative voting for directors shall be permitted unless the articles of incorporation so provide.

Action required or permitted by law to be taken at a shareholders' meeting may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all of the shareholders entitled to vote on the action. If permitted by the corporation's articles of incorporation, action required or permitted by law to be taken at a shareholders' meeting may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by shareholders having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take such action at a meeting at which all shareholders entitled to vote on the action were present and voted. The action taken without a meeting must be evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed either (i) by all the shareholders entitled to vote on the action, or (ii) if permitted by the corporation's articles of incorporation, by those shareholders having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take such action as the case may be, and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes for filing with the corporate records. Action taken by unanimous written consent of the shareholders is effective when the last shareholder signs the consent, unless the consent specifies an earlier or later effective date. Action taken by less than unanimous written consent is effective when the consent(s) bearing sufficient signatures are delivered to the corporation, unless the consent(s) specify an earlier or later effective date. An effective date specified in the written consent may not be earlier than the effective date of the provision permitting action.

The corporation must give written notice of an action taken by less than unanimous written consent promptly after the action is taken to shareholders who did not consent in writing to the action. The notice given must contain or be accompanied by the same material that, under the Oregon Business Corporation Act, would have been required to be sent to those shareholders in a notice of meeting at which the proposed action would have been submitted to those shareholders for action. If the law requires that notice of proposed action be given to nonvoting shareholders and the action is taken by less than unanimous written consent, the corporation must give its nonvoting shareholders written notice of the action promptly after the action is taken. If the law requires that notice of proposed action be given to nonvoting shareholders and the action is to be taken by unanimous written consent of the voting shareholders, the corporation must give its nonvoting shareholders written notice of the proposed action at least ten (10) days before the action is taken. In each case, the notice must contain or be accompanied by the same material that, under the Oregon Business Corporation Act, would have been required to be sent to nonvoting shareholders in a notice of meeting at which the proposed action would have been submitted to the shareholders for action. The fact that an action is taken by written consent without a meeting does not impair any rights a shareholder who does not consent to the action may have to dissent and obtain payment for the shareholder's shares under ORS 60.551 to 60.594. A shareholder who consents to the action in writing is not entitled to receive payment for the shareholder's shares under ORS 60.551 to 60.594.

2.12 Proxies.

2.12.1 A shareholder may vote shares in person or by proxy. A shareholder may authorize a proxy by any means authorized by law. An authorization of a proxy shall be effective when received by the Secretary or other officer of the corporation authorized to tabulate votes. An authorization is valid for eleven (11) months unless a longer period is provided in the authorization. An authorization is revocable by the shareholder unless the authorization conspicuously states that it is irrevocable and the authorization is coupled with an interest that has not been extinguished.

2.12.2 The death or incapacity of a shareholder authorizing a proxy shall not affect the right of the corporation to accept the proxy's authority unless notice of the death or incapacity is received by the Secretary or other officer authorized to tabulate votes before the proxy exercises the proxy's authority under the authorization.

2.13 Corporation's Acceptance of Votes.

2.13.1 If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment corresponds to the name of a shareholder, the corporation, if acting in good faith, is entitled to accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the shareholder.

2.13.2 If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment does not correspond to the name of a shareholder, the corporation, if acting in good faith, is nevertheless entitled to accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the shareholder if:

(a) The shareholder is an entity and the name signed purports to be that of an officer or agent of the entity;

(b) The name signed purports to be that of an administrator, executor, guardian or conservator representing the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the corporation has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment;

(c) The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the corporation has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment;

(d) The name signed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner or attorney-in-fact of the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence acceptable to the corporation of the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment; or

(e) Two or more persons are the shareholder as co-tenants or fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at least one of the co-owners and the person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all co-owners.

2.13.3 The corporation is entitled to reject a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment if the Secretary or other officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder.

2.13.4 The shares of the corporation are not entitled to vote if they are owned, directly or indirectly, by another corporation, and the corporation owns, directly or indirectly, a majority of the shares entitled to vote for directors of the other corporation; provided, however, the corporation may vote any shares, including the corporation's shares, held by it in a fiduciary capacity.

2.13.5 The corporation and its officer or agent who accepts or rejects a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment in good faith and in accordance with the standards of this provision shall not be liable in damages to the shareholder for the consequences of the acceptance or rejection. Corporate action based on the acceptance or rejection of a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment under this provision is valid unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines otherwise.

**ARTICLE 3
BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

3.1 Duties. All corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of the Board of Directors and the business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors.

3.2 Number, Election and Qualification. The number of directors of the corporation shall be a minimum of one (1) and a maximum of five (5), as determined from time to time by the Board of Directors. The shareholders or Board of Directors may change from time to time the number of directors. The directors shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified. Directors need not be residents of the State of Oregon or shareholders of the corporation. No decrease in the number of directors shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

3.3 Chairman of the Board of Directors. The directors may elect a director to serve as Chairman of the Board of Directors to preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and to fulfill any other responsibilities delegated by the Board of Directors.

3.4 Regular Meetings. A regular meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this Section 3.4 immediately after, and at the same place as, the annual meeting of shareholders. The Board of Directors may provide, by resolution, the time and place, either within or without the State of Oregon, for the holding of additional regular meetings without other notice than the resolution.

3.5 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the President or any director. The person or persons authorized to call special meetings of the Board of Directors may fix any place, either within or without the State of Oregon, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board of Directors called by them.

3.6 Notice. Notice shall be given to each director of the date, time and place of any special meeting of the Board of Directors. Such notice shall be given at least two (2) days prior to the meeting by any means provided by law, including communication in person, by mail or other method of delivery, by telephone or by voice mail, or other electronic transmission. If notice to the director is written notice, it is effective:

(a) Upon deposit in the United States mail addressed to the director at the director's business address, with postage thereon prepaid; or

(b) When electronically transmitted to the director in a manner authorized by the director. The attendance of a director at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a director attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

3.7 Waiver of Notice. A director may at any time waive any notice required by law, the articles of incorporation or these bylaws. Unless a director attends or participates in a meeting, a waiver must be in writing, must be signed by the director entitled to notice, must specify the meeting for which notice is waived and must be filed with the minutes or corporate records.

3.8 Quorum. A majority of the number of directors fixed from time to time by Section 3.2 shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors.

3.9 Manner of Acting.

3.9.1 The act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless a different number is provided by law, the articles of incorporation or these bylaws.

3.9.2 The Board of Directors may hold a board meeting by conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. Participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

3.9.3 Any action that is required or permitted to be taken by the directors at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing setting forth the action so taken shall be signed by all of the directors entitled to vote on the matter. The action shall be effective on the date when the last signature is placed on the consent or at such earlier or later time as is set forth therein. Such consent, which shall have the same effect as a unanimous vote of the directors, shall be filed with the minutes of the corporation.

3.10 Vacancies. Any vacancy, including a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of directors, occurring on the Board of Directors may be filled by the shareholders, the Board of Directors or the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors if less than a quorum of the Board of Directors, or by a sole remaining director. If the vacant office is filled by the shareholders and was held by a director elected by a voting group of shareholders, then only the holders of shares of that voting group are entitled to vote to fill the vacancy. Any directorship not so filled by the directors shall be filled by election at an annual meeting or at a special meeting of shareholders called for that purpose. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected to serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until a successor shall be duly elected and qualified. A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date, by reason of a resignation or otherwise, may be filled before the vacancy occurs, and the new director shall take office when the vacancy occurs.

3.11 Compensation. By resolution of the Board of Directors, the directors may be paid their expenses, if any, of attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors and may be paid a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors or a stated salary as director. No such payment shall preclude any director from serving the corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

3.12 Presumption of Assent. A director of the corporation who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board of Directors shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken (a) unless the director's dissent to the action is entered in the minutes of the meeting, (b) unless a written dissent to the action is filed with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or forwarded by certified or registered mail to the Secretary of the corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting, or (c) unless the director objects at the meeting to the holding of the meeting or transacting business at the meeting. The right to dissent shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of the action.

3.13 Director Conflict of Interest.

3.13.1 A transaction in which a director of the corporation has a direct or indirect interest shall be valid notwithstanding the director's interest in the transaction if the material facts of the transaction and the director's interest are disclosed or known to the Board of Directors or a committee thereof and it authorizes, approves or ratifies the transaction by a vote or consent sufficient for the purpose without counting the votes or consents of directors with a direct or indirect interest in the transaction; or the material facts of the transaction and the director's interest are disclosed or known to shareholders entitled to vote and they, voting as a single group, authorize, approve or ratify the transaction by a majority vote; or the transaction is fair to the corporation.

3.13.2 A conflict of interest transaction may be authorized, approved or ratified if it receives the affirmative vote of a majority of directors on the Board of Directors or a committee thereof who have no direct or indirect interest in the transaction. If a majority of such directors vote to authorize, approve or ratify the transaction, a quorum is present for the purpose of taking action.

3.13.3 A conflict of interest transaction may be authorized, approved or ratified by a majority vote of shareholders entitled to vote thereon. Shares owned by or voted under the control of a director or an entity controlled by a director who has a direct or indirect interest in the transaction are entitled to vote with respect to a conflict of interest transaction. A majority of the shares, whether or not present, that are entitled to be counted in a vote on the transaction constitutes a quorum for the purpose of authorizing, approving or ratifying the transactions.

3.13.4 A director has an indirect interest in a transaction if (i) another entity in which the director has a material financial interest or in which the director is a general partner is a party to the transaction or (ii) another entity of which the director is a director, officer or trustee is a party to the transaction and the transaction is or should be considered by the Board of Directors.

3.14 Removal. The shareholders may remove one or more directors with or without cause at a meeting called expressly for that purpose, unless the articles of incorporation provide for removal for cause only. If a director is elected by a voting group of shareholders, only those shareholders may participate in the vote to remove the director.

3.15 Resignation. Any director may resign by delivering written notice to the Board of Directors, its chairperson or the corporation. Such resignation shall be effective, unless the notice specifies a later effective date, (a) on receipt, (b) five (5) days after its deposit in the United States mails, if mailed postpaid and correctly addressed or (c) on the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and the receipt is signed by addressee. Once delivered, a notice of resignation is irrevocable unless revocation is permitted by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 4 COMMITTEES

4.1 Designation of Committees. Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, the Board of Directors may create one or more committees and may appoint one or more members of the Board of Directors to serve on each committee. The designation of a committee, and the delegation of authority to it, shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors or any member thereof of any responsibility imposed by law. No member of a committee shall continue to be a member thereof after ceasing to be a director of the corporation. The Board of Directors shall have the power at any time to increase or decrease the number of members of any committee, to fill vacancies thereon, to change any member thereof, and to change the functions or terminate the existence thereof. The creation of a committee and the appointment of members to it shall be approved by a majority of the directors in office when the action is taken, unless a greater number is required by the articles of incorporation or these bylaws.

4.2 Powers of Committees. During the interval between meetings of the Board of Directors, and subject to such limitations as may be imposed by resolution of the Board of Directors, a committee may have and may exercise all the powers of the Board of Directors in the management of the corporation, provided that the committee shall not have the authority of the Board of Directors with respect to the following matters: authorizing or approving distributions, except according to a formula or method, or within limits, prescribed by the Board of Directors; approving or proposing to the shareholders action that are required to be approved by the shareholders under the articles of incorporation or these bylaws or by law; filling vacancies on the Board of Directors or any committee thereof; adopting, amending or repealing bylaws.

4.3 Procedures; Meetings; Quorum.

4.3.1 The Board of Directors shall appoint a chairperson from among the members of each committee and shall appoint a secretary who may, but need not, be a member of the committee. The chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the committee and the secretary of the committee shall keep a record of its acts and proceedings, which shall be filed with the minutes of the corporation.

4.3.2 The provisions of Sections 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8 and 3.9 of these bylaws shall apply both to the committees of the Board of Directors and to the members of the committees.

4.3.3 The Board of Directors may appoint one or more directors as alternate members of any committee to replace any absent or disqualified member during the member's absence or disqualification. Unless the articles of incorporation, the bylaws, or the resolution creating the committee provide otherwise, in the event of the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting unanimously, may appoint a director to act in place of the absent or disqualified member.

4.3.4 The Board of Directors may approve a reasonable fee for the members of each committee as compensation for attendance at meetings of the committee.

ARTICLE 5 OFFICERS

5.1 Number. The officers of the corporation shall be a President and a Secretary. Such other officers and assistant officers as are deemed necessary or desirable may be appointed by the Board of Directors and shall have such powers and duties prescribed by the Board of Directors or the officer authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the duties of other officers. A duly appointed officer may appoint one or more officers or assistant officers if such appointment is authorized by the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

5.2 Appointment and Term of Office. The officers of the corporation shall be appointed annually by the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board of Directors held after the annual meeting of the shareholders. If the officers shall not be appointed at the meeting, a meeting shall be held as soon thereafter as is convenient for such appointment of officers. Each officer shall hold office until a successor shall have been duly appointed and qualified or until the officer's death, resignation or removal.

5.3 Qualification. An officer need not be a director or shareholder of the corporation or a resident of the State of Oregon.

5.4 Resignation and Removal. An officer may resign at any time by delivering notice of such, resignation to the corporation. A resignation is effective on receipt unless the notice specifies a later effective time. If the corporation accepts a specified later effective time, the Board of Directors or the appointing officer may fill the pending vacancy before the effective time, but the successor may not take office until the effective time. Once delivered, a notice of resignation is irrevocable unless revocation is permitted by the Board of Directors. An officer appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed at any time with or without cause. Appointment of an officer shall not of itself create contract rights. Removal or resignation of an officer shall not affect the contract rights, if any, of the corporation or the officer.

5.5 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

5.6 Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer, if appointed, shall be in general charge of its business and affairs, subject to the control of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings of shareholders and at all meetings of directors (unless there is an acting Chairman of the Board presiding at the meeting). The Chief Executive Officer may execute on behalf of the corporation all contracts, agreements, stock certificates, and other instruments. The Chief Executive Officer shall from time to time report to the Board of Directors all matters within the Chief Executive Officer's knowledge affecting the corporation that should be brought to the attention of the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer shall vote all shares of stock in other corporations owned by the corporation and is empowered to execute proxies, waivers of notice, consents, and other instruments in the name of the corporation with respect to such stock. The Chief Executive Officer shall perform other duties assigned by the Board of Directors.

5.7 President. The President shall be the chief operating officer, and in the absence of a Chief Executive Officer, shall also be the chief executive officer of the corporation. The President shall manage the ongoing business affairs of the corporation, including manufacturing, marketing and administrative activities. The President may execute on behalf of the corporation all contracts, agreements, stock certificates, and other instruments. The President shall from time to time report to the Board of Directors all matters within the President's knowledge affecting the corporation that should be brought to the attention of the Board of Directors. The President shall perform other duties assigned by the Board of Directors.

5.8 Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer, if appointed, shall oversee the financial and accounting matters of this corporation with respect to the receipt and deposit of funds. The Chief Financial Officer shall have such other powers and duties as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. The Chief Financial Officer may also be referred to as the "Treasurer" of this corporation.

5.9 Vice Presidents. In the absence of the President or in the event of the President's death or inability or refusal to act, the Vice President (or, in the event there be more than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated at the time of their election, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their election), if any, shall perform the duties of the President and, when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. Any Vice President shall perform other duties assigned by the President or by the Board of Directors.

5.10 Secretary. The Secretary shall prepare the minutes of all meetings of the directors and shareholders, shall have custody of the minute books and other records pertaining to the corporate business, and shall be responsible for authenticating the records of the corporation. The Secretary shall countersign all instruments requiring the seal of the corporation and shall perform other duties assigned by the Board of Directors. In the event no Vice President exists to succeed to the President under the circumstances set forth in Section 5.9 above, the Secretary shall make such succession.

5.11 Assistant Secretaries. The Assistant Secretaries may sign, with another officer of the corporation, certificates for shares of the corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors. The Assistant Secretaries shall, if required by

the Board of Directors, give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Assistant Secretaries shall, in general, perform such duties as shall be specifically assigned to them in writing by the President or the Board of Directors.

5.12 Salaries. The salaries of the officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary because the officer is also a director of the corporation.

ARTICLE 6 ISSUANCE OF SHARES

6.1 Certificates for Shares.

6.1.1 Certificates representing shares of the corporation shall be in a form determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed, either manually or in facsimile, by two officers of the corporation and may be sealed with the seal of the corporation or a facsimile thereof. All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified.

6.1.2 Every certificate for shares of stock that are subject to any restriction on transfer pursuant to the articles of incorporation, the bylaws, applicable securities laws, agreements among or between shareholders or any agreement to which the corporation is a party shall have conspicuously noted on the face or back of the certificate either (i) the full text of the restriction or (ii) a statement of the existence of such restriction and that the corporation retains a copy of the restriction. Every certificate issued when the corporation is authorized to issue more than one class or series of stock shall set forth on its face or back either (i) the full text of the designations, relative rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of each class and series authorized to be issued and the authority of the Board of Directors to determine variations for future series or (ii) a statement of the existence of such designations, relative rights, preferences and limitations and a statement that the corporation will furnish a copy thereof to the holder of such certificate upon written request and without charge.

6.1.3 The name and mailing address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the corporation. Each shareholder shall have the duty to notify the corporation of his or her mailing address. All certificates surrendered to the corporation for transfer shall be canceled, and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and canceled, except that in case of a lost, destroyed or mutilated certificate a new one may be issued therefor upon such terms and indemnity to the corporation as the Board of Directors prescribes.

6.2 Transfer of Shares. A transfer of shares of the corporation shall be made only on the stock transfer books of the corporation by the holder of record thereof or by the holder's legal representative, who shall furnish proper evidence of authority to transfer, or by the holder's attorney thereunto authorized by power of attorney duly executed and filed with the Secretary of the corporation. The person in whose name shares stand on the books of the corporation shall be deemed by the corporation to be the owner thereof for all purposes.

6.3 Transfer Agent and Registrar. The Board of Directors may from time to time appoint one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars for the shares of the corporation, with such powers and duties as the Board of Directors determines by resolution. The signatures of officers upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent or by a registrar other than the corporation itself or an employee of the corporation.

6.4 Officer Ceasing to Act. If the person who signed a share certificate, either manually or in facsimile, no longer holds office when the certificate is issued, the certificate is nevertheless valid.

ARTICLE 7 CONTRACTS, LOANS, CHECKS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

7.1 Contracts. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers and agent or agents to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

7.2 Loans. No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the corporation and no evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

7.3 Checks; Drafts. All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money and notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers and agent or agents of the corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

7.4 Deposits. All funds of the corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select.

ARTICLE 8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

8.1 Seal. The Board of Directors from time to time may provide for a seal of the corporation, which shall be circular in form and shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the state of incorporation and the words "Corporate Seal."

8.2 Severability. Any determination that any provision of these bylaws is for any reason inapplicable, invalid, illegal or otherwise ineffective shall not affect or invalidate any other provision of these bylaws.

ARTICLE 9
AMENDMENTS

These bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed and new bylaws may be adopted by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting, subject to repeal or change by action of the shareholders of the corporation.

ADOPTED: December 14, 2004 and last amended as of May 2, 2016

14 - BYLAWS

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the above bylaws of Qorvo Oregon, Inc., an Oregon corporation (the "Corporation"), are the true, complete and correct bylaws of the Corporation, reflecting all amendments as of May 2, 2016.

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland, Secretary

[WCSR Letterhead]

July 20, 2016

Qorvo, Inc.
7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, NC 27409

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-4

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and the subsidiaries of the Company listed on Exhibit A hereto (the "Guarantors") in connection with the preparation of the Company's registration statement on Form S-4 (the "Registration Statement") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), filed by the Company today with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). The Registration Statement relates to the proposed offer and sale by the Company of up to (i) \$450,000,000 principal amount of the Company's 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "Exchange 2023 Notes") and (ii) \$550,000,000 principal amount of the Company's 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Exchange 2025 Notes" and, together with the Exchange 2023 Notes, the "Exchange Notes") in exchange for a like principal amount of the Company's outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "Original 2023 Notes") and 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Original 2025 Notes" and, together with the Original 2023 Notes, the "Original Notes"; such offer and sale, as described more fully in the Registration Statement, the "Exchange Offering").

The Exchange Notes are to be issued pursuant to the Indenture dated as of November 19, 2015, among the Company, the Guarantors and MUFG Union Bank, N.A. as trustee (the "Indenture"). The Exchange Notes will be guaranteed pursuant to Article Ten of the Indenture on a joint and several basis by the Guarantors (the "Subsidiary Guarantees"), which are listed as co-registrants in the Registration Statement. This opinion is delivered to you pursuant to Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K of the Commission.

As the Company's counsel, we have examined originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction as being true and complete copies of the originals, of the Indenture, the form of the Exchange Notes, the Registration Statement and such other documents, corporate records, certificates of officers of the Company and the Guarantors and of public officials and other instruments and documents as we have deemed necessary or advisable to enable us to render the opinions express below.

In connection with such examination, we have assumed (i) the genuineness of all signatures and the legal capacity of all signatories; (ii) the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals and the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified or photostatic copies; (iii) that the Indenture constitutes the enforceable obligation of the Trustee; and (iv) the proper issuance and accuracy of certificates of public officials and representatives of the Company and the Guarantors.

Based on and subject to the foregoing assumptions and the other assumptions contained herein, and having regard for such legal considerations as we deem relevant, it is our opinion that (i) the Exchange Notes will, when duly executed, authenticated, issued and delivered in exchange for the Original Notes in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Indenture and the Exchange Offering, constitute valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, and (ii) the Subsidiary Guarantees will, when the Exchange Notes have been duly executed, authenticated, issued and delivered in exchange for the Original Notes in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Indenture and the Exchange Offering, constitute the valid and binding obligations of the Guarantors, enforceable against each Guarantor in accordance with their terms, subject in each case to (a) the effect of any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, arrangement or similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors' generally, including the effect of statutory or other laws regarding fraudulent transfers or preferential transfers, and (b) general principles of equity, including concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing and the possible unavailability of specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies regardless of whether enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law. We express no opinion regarding the effectiveness of any waiver of stay, extension or usury laws or of unknown future rights or provisions relating to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, to the extent such provisions may be held unenforceable as contrary to federal or state securities laws.

This opinion is limited to the laws of the States of California, Florida, New York and North Carolina, and to the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, in each case as currently in effect, and we are expressing no opinion as to the effect of the laws of any other jurisdiction. To the extent that our opinions above may be dependent upon such matters, we have assumed, without independent investigation, that: (i) each of the Guarantors incorporated or organized in a state other than the States of California, Florida and North Carolina (each, an "Assumed Guarantor") is validly existing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation or organization (as applicable); (ii) each Assumed Guarantor has all requisite corporate or limited liability company power (as applicable) to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Indenture, including with respect to its Subsidiary Guarantee; (iii) the execution and delivery of the Indenture by each Assumed Guarantor and the performance of its obligations thereunder, including with respect to its Subsidiary Guarantee, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or limited liability company (as applicable) or other action; and (iv) the Indenture has been duly executed and delivered by each Assumed Guarantor.

This opinion is rendered as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to advise you of any changes in applicable law or any other matters that may come to our attention after the date hereof.

This opinion is furnished to you in connection with the filing of the Registration Statement and is not to be used, circulated, quoted or relied upon for any other purpose except that purchasers of the Exchange Notes offered pursuant to the Registration Statement may rely on this opinion to the same extent as if it were addressed to them.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to any reference to the name of our firm in the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the 1933 Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP

EXHIBIT A

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS

Subsidiary Guarantor	State of Incorporation/Organization
Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.	Delaware
Premier Devices – A Sirenza Company	California
Qorvo California, Inc.	California
Qorvo Florida, Inc.	Florida
Qorvo International Holding, Inc.	North Carolina
Qorvo Oregon, Inc.	Oregon
Qorvo Texas, LLC	Texas
Qorvo US, Inc.	Delaware
RFMD, LLC	North Carolina

July 20, 2016

Qorvo, Inc.
7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, NC 27409

Re: Qorvo Texas, LLC Guarantee

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Texas counsel to Qorvo Texas, LLC, a Texas limited liability company (the "Company"), in connection with that certain registration statement on Form S-4 (the "Registration Statement") prepared and filed by Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Parent"), and certain subsidiaries of Parent, including the Company, with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, relating to the offering by Parent pursuant thereto of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 6.750% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes") and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 7.000% senior notes due 2025 (together with the 2023 Notes, the "Notes"), in exchange for up to \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Parent's outstanding 6.750% senior notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 7.000% senior notes due 2025 (the "Initial Notes"), respectively, and the guarantee by the Company and certain other subsidiaries of Parent (together with the Company, the "Guarantors") contained in the Indenture (as defined below; such guarantee by the Company, as set forth in the Indenture, the "Guarantee"). The Notes will be issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of November 19, 2015, by and among Parent, the Guarantors and MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as trustee (the "Indenture").

In our capacity as special Texas counsel to the Company, we have examined the Indenture and such other documents, records and instruments as we have deemed necessary for the purposes of this opinion letter. In such examination, we have assumed the following without investigation: (a) the authenticity of original documents and the genuineness of all signatures; (b) the conformity to the originals of all documents submitted to us as copies; and (c) the truth, accuracy and completeness of the information, representations and warranties contained in the records, documents, instruments and certificates we have reviewed.

Based on the foregoing and subject to the qualifications and exclusions stated below, we express the following opinions:

1. The Company is a limited liability company validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Texas.

2. The Company has the requisite power and authority to enter into the Indenture, including the Guarantee contained therein, and to perform its obligations thereunder, and the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

For purposes of expressing the opinions herein, we have examined the laws of the State of Texas, and our opinions are limited to such laws in their current form. We have not reviewed, nor are our opinions in any way predicated on an examination of, the laws of any other jurisdiction, and we expressly disclaim responsibility for advising you as to the effect, if any, that the laws of any other jurisdiction may have on the opinions set forth herein.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, to the incorporation by reference of this opinion into the Registration Statement and any amendments thereto, including any and all post-effective amendments, and to the reference to us under the heading "Legal Matters" in the prospectus contained in the Registration Statement. In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act, or related rules and regulations of the Commission issued thereunder. Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP may rely upon this opinion letter for the sole purpose of rendering its opinion letter to Parent, as filed with the Commission as Exhibit 5.1 to the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

/s/ PERKINS COIE LLP

July 20, 2016

Qorvo, Inc.
7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, NC 27409

Re: Qorvo Oregon, Inc. Guarantee

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Oregon counsel to Qorvo Oregon, Inc., an Oregon corporation (the "Company"), in connection with that certain registration statement on Form S-4 (the "Registration Statement") prepared and filed by Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Parent"), and certain subsidiaries of Parent, including the Company, with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, relating to the offering by Parent pursuant thereto of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 6.750% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes") and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 7.000% senior notes due 2025 (together with the 2023 Notes, the "Notes"), in exchange for up to \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Parent's outstanding 6.750% senior notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 7.000% senior notes due 2025 (the "Initial Notes"), respectively, and the guarantee by the Company and certain other subsidiaries of Parent (together with the Company, the "Guarantors") contained in the Indenture (as defined below; such guarantee by the Company, as set forth in the Indenture, the "Guarantee"). The Notes will be issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of November 19, 2015, by and among Parent, the Guarantors and MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as trustee (the "Indenture").

In our capacity as special Oregon counsel to the Company, we have examined the Indenture and such other documents, records and instruments as we have deemed necessary for the purposes of this opinion letter. In such examination, we have assumed the following without investigation: (a) the authenticity of original documents and the genuineness of all signatures; (b) the conformity to the originals of all documents submitted to us as copies; and (c) the truth, accuracy and completeness of the information, and factual representations and warranties, contained in the records, documents, instruments and certificates we have reviewed.

Based on the foregoing and subject to the qualifications and exclusions stated below, we express the following opinions:

1. The Company is a corporation validly existing under the laws of the State of Oregon.

2. The Company has the requisite power and authority to enter into the Indenture, including the Guarantee contained therein, and to perform its obligations thereunder, and the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

For purposes of expressing the opinions herein, we have examined the laws of the State of Oregon, and our opinions are limited to such laws in their current form. We have not reviewed, nor are our opinions in any way predicated on an examination of, the laws of any other jurisdiction, and we expressly disclaim responsibility for advising you as to the effect, if any, that the laws of any other jurisdiction may have on the opinions set forth herein.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, to the incorporation by reference of this opinion into the Registration Statement and any amendments thereto, including any and all post-effective amendments, and to the reference to us under the heading "Legal Matters" in the prospectus contained in the Registration Statement. In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act, or related rules and regulations of the Commission issued thereunder. Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP may rely upon this opinion letter for the sole purpose of rendering its opinion letter to Parent, as filed with the Commission as Exhibit 5.1 to the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

/s/ PERKINS COIE LLP

Qorvo, Inc.
Computation of Consolidated Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
(Unaudited)
(\$ in thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	April 2, 2016	March 28, 2015	March 29, 2014	March 30, 2013	March 31, 2012
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations *	\$ (2,862)	\$ 121,240	\$ 23,873	\$ (25,899)	\$ 15,628
(Income) loss from equity investee	—	—	(2,146)	4	(1,631)
Fixed charges	33,203	5,424	10,411	10,257	13,773
Capitalized interest	(5,210)	—	(899)	(389)	(345)
Amortization of capitalized interest	373	486	504	390	301
Total adjusted earnings available for fixed charges	<u>\$ 25,504</u>	<u>\$ 127,150</u>	<u>\$ 31,743</u>	<u>\$ (15,637)</u>	<u>\$ 27,726</u>
Fixed charges:					
Interest expense	\$ 22,687	\$ 837	\$ 390	\$ 739	\$ 1,621
Capitalized interest	5,210	—	899	389	345
Amortization of discount and debt issuance costs	629	584	5,593	5,793	9,376
Portion of rent expense representing interest **	4,677	4,003	3,529	3,336	2,431
Total fixed charges	<u>\$ 33,203</u>	<u>\$ 5,424</u>	<u>\$ 10,411</u>	<u>\$ 10,257</u>	<u>\$ 13,773</u>
Consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges	<i>N/A</i> ***	23.4x	3.0x	<i>N/A</i> ***	2.0x

* Information presented prior to January 1, 2015 does not include TriQuint's results of operations and as a result, the information may not be comparable.

** The portion of operating rental expense that management believes is representative of the interest component of rent expense is estimated to be one-third of rental expense.

*** Earnings for fiscal year ended April 2, 2016 and March 30, 2013 were inadequate to cover fixed charges by approximately \$6.2 million and \$26.0 million, respectively.

EXHIBIT 21

<u>Name</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
Qorvo, Inc.	Delaware
RFMD, LLC	North Carolina
RFMD Infrastructure Product Group, Inc.	North Carolina
Qorvo International Holding, Inc.	North Carolina
Qorvo UK Ltd.	United Kingdom
RFMD (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
Qorvo Netherlands Holding B.V.	The Netherlands
Qorvo Netherlands B.V.	The Netherlands
RF Micro Devices, Svenska AB	Sweden
Qorvo Denmark ApS	Denmark
Qorvo Finland Oy	Finland
Qorvo Korea Ltd.	Korea
Qorvo Beijing Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China
Qorvo Hong Kong Pvt. Limited	Hong Kong
Xemod Incorporated	California
Qorvo International Services, Inc.	Delaware
Premier Devices – A Sirenza Company	California
Qorvo Germany Holding GmbH	Germany
Qorvo Germany GmbH	Germany
Radio Frequency Micro Devices (India) Private Limited	India
Amalfi Semiconductor, Inc.	Delaware
Amalfi Semiconductor, Ltd.	Cayman Islands
Amalfi Semiconductor Pte, Ltd.	Singapore
Qorvo Cayman Islands, Ltd.	Cayman Islands
Qorvo Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Qorvo Dezhou Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China
Qorvo US, Inc.	Delaware
Qorvo Florida, Inc.	Florida
Qorvo Oregon, Inc.	Oregon
Qorvo Munich GmbH	Germany
Qorvo Costa Rica S.R.L	Costa Rica
Qorvo Asia, LLC	Delaware
Qorvo International Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Qorvo Malaysia SDN BHD	Malaysia
Qorvo Japan YK	Japan
Qorvo Shanghai Ltd.	China
Qorvo Texas, LLC	Texas
Qorvo Europe Holding Company	Delaware
TriQuint WJ, Inc.	Delaware
WJ Newco LLC	Delaware
Qorvo California, Inc.	California

All of the above listed entities are 100% directly or indirectly owned by Qorvo, Inc., and their results of operations are included in the consolidated financial statements.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors
Qorvo, Inc.:

We consent to the use of our reports dated May 31, 2016, except for Note 17 which is as of July 20, 2016, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Qorvo, Inc. as of April 2, 2016 and March 28, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended April 2, 2016, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016, incorporated herein by reference to the Form 8-K of Qorvo, Inc. dated July 20, 2016, and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the prospectus.

Our report dated May 31, 2016 on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016, expresses our opinion that Qorvo, Inc. did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of April 2, 2016 because of the effect of a material weakness on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria and contains an explanatory paragraph that states:

A material weakness related to insufficient complement of knowledgeable tax and accounting personnel; an ineffective risk assessment process to assess the changes in the regulatory environment, the organization and personnel impacting the Company's financial reporting of income taxes; and ineffective process level controls and monitoring activities over the completeness, existence, accuracy, valuation and presentation of the income tax provision, including deferred tax assets, valuation allowances, and tax uncertainties has been identified and included in management's assessment.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Greensboro, North Carolina
July 20, 2016

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption “Experts” in the Registration Statement (Form S-4) and related Prospectus of Qorvo, Inc. for the registration of \$450,000,000 of 6.750% Senior Notes of Qorvo, Inc. and \$550,000,000 of 7.000% Senior Notes of Qorvo, Inc. and to the incorporation by reference therein of our report dated May 21, 2014 (except for the effect of the reverse stock split described in Note 12 and the segment presentation in Note 15, as to which the date is May 27, 2015, and except for the consolidating financial information in Note 17, as to which the date is July 20, 2016), with respect to the consolidated financial statements of RF Micro Devices, Inc. and Subsidiaries included in Qorvo, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 20, 2016, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Charlotte, North Carolina

July 20, 2016

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM T-1

**STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY
UNDER THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939
OF A CORPORATION DESIGNATED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE**

Check if an Application to Determine Eligibility of a Trustee Pursuant to Section 305(b)(2)

MUFG UNION BANK, N.A.

(Exact name of Trustee as specified in its charter)

94-0304228

I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

400 California Street
San Francisco, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

94104
(Zip Code)

General Counsel
MUFG Union Bank, N.A.
400 California Street
Corporate Trust - 12th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94104
(415) 765-2945

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Qorvo, Inc.

(Exact name of obligor as specified in its charter)

SEE TABLE OF CO-OBLIGORS

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

46-5288992
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

7628 Thorndike Road
Greensboro, North Carolina
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

27409
(Zip Code)

6.750% Senior Notes due 2023
7.000% Senior Notes due 2025
Guarantees of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023
Guarantees of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025
(Title of the indenture securities)

TABLE OF CO-OBLIGORS

<u>Exact Name of Co-Obligors(1)</u>	<u>Primary Standard Industrial Classification Number</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Formation</u>	<u>I.R.S. Employer Identification Number</u>
AMALFI SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.	3674	Delaware	71-0934814
PREMIER DEVICES – A SIRENZA COMPANY	3674	California	20-4277712
QORVO INTERNATIONAL HOLDING, INC.	3674	North Carolina	56-2180598
RFMD, LLC	3674	North Carolina	56-2212186
QORVO FLORIDA, INC.(2)	3674	Florida	59-1864440
QORVO CALIFORNIA, INC.(3)	3674	California	46-3270097
QORVO US, INC.	3674	Delaware	95-3654013
QORVO TEXAS, LLC(4)	3674	Texas	75-2740940
QORVO OREGON, INC.(5)	3674	Oregon	93-1062846

Unless otherwise indicated in a footnote to this table, the address of each co-obligor’s principal executive office is 7628 Thorndike Road, Greensboro, NC 27409.

The address of Qorvo Florida, Inc. is 1818 S Hwy 441, Apopka, FL 32703.

The address of Qorvo California, Inc. is 950 Lawrence Drive, Thousand Oaks, CA 91320.

The address of Qorvo Texas, LLC is 500 Renner Road, Richardson, TX 75080.

The address of Qorvo Oregon, Inc. is 63140 Britta Street, C-106, Bend, OR 97701.

FORM T-1

Item 1. GENERAL INFORMATION. Furnish the following information as to the Trustee.

a) *Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.*

Comptroller of the Currency
Washington, D.C. 20219

b) *Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.*

Trustee is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.

Item 2. AFFILIATIONS WITH OBLIGOR. *If the obligor is an affiliate of the Trustee, describe each such affiliation.*

None.

Items 3-15. *Items 3-15 are not applicable.*

Item 16. LIST OF EXHIBITS: *List below all exhibits filed as a part of this statement of eligibility and qualification.*

1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Trustee now in effect. Attached as Exhibit 1.

2. A copy of the certificate of corporate existence of the Trustee. *

3. A copy of the certificate of corporate existence and fiduciary powers of the Trustee. *

4. A copy of the existing By-Laws of the Trustee, or instruments corresponding thereto. Attached as Exhibit 4.

5. A copy of each Indenture referred to in Item 4, if the obligor is in default. Not applicable.

6. The consent of the Trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Attached as Exhibit 6.

7. A copy of the latest report of condition of the Trustee published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority. Attached as Exhibit 7.

8. A copy of any order pursuant to which the foreign Trustee is authorized to act as sole Trustee under indentures qualified or to be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Not applicable.

9. Foreign trustees are required to file a consent to service process of Form F-X [§269.5 of this chapter]. Not applicable.

* Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same number to the Trustee's Form T-1 filed as Exhibit 25.1 to the Form S-3 dated July 30, 2013 of file number 333-190256.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the Trustee, MUFG Union Bank, N. A., a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility and qualification to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of New York, State of New York on the 11th day of July, 2016.

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

By: /s/ Marion Zinowski

Vice President

EXHIBIT 1

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
MUFG UNION BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
(Restated as of July 1, 2014)

FIRST. The name of this Association shall be “MUFG Union Bank, National Association.”

SECOND. The head office of this Association shall be in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California. The general business of the Association shall be conducted at its head office and its legally established branches.

THIRD. The board of directors of this Association shall consist of not less than five (5) nor more than twenty-five (25) individuals, the exact number of directors within such minimum and maximum limits to be fixed and determined from time to time by resolution of a majority of the full board of directors or by resolution of the shareholders at any annual or special meeting thereof. Unless otherwise provided by the laws of the United States, any vacancy in the board of directors for any reason, including an increase in the number thereof, may be filled by action of the board of directors, though less than a quorum.

FOURTH. The annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors and the transaction of whatever other business may be brought before said meeting shall be held at the head office or such other place as the board of directors may designate, on the date of each year specified therefor in the Bylaws, but if no election is held on that day, it may be held on any subsequent day according to the provisions of laws; and all elections shall be held according to such lawful regulations as may be prescribed by the board of directors.

Nominations for election to the board of directors may be made by the board of directors or by any shareholder of any outstanding class of capital stock of the Association entitled to vote for election of directors.

FIFTH. The amount of authorized capital stock of this Association shall be \$675,000,000, consisting of 45,000,000 shares of common stock of the par value of \$15 each, but said capital stock may be increased or decreased from time to time, in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the United States.

SIXTH. The board of directors shall appoint one of its members president of this Association, who shall be chairman of the board, unless the board appoints another director to be chairman. The board of directors shall have the power to appoint one or more vice presidents, and to appoint a cashier and such other officers and employees as may be required to transact the business of this Association.

The board of directors shall have the power to define the duties of the officers and employees of the Association; to fix the compensation to be paid to them; to dismiss them; to require bonds from them and to fix the penalty thereof; to regulate the manner in which any increase of the capital of the Association shall be made; to manage and administer the business and affairs of the Association; to make all Bylaws that it may be lawful for them to make; and generally to do and perform all acts that it may be legal for a board of directors to do and perform.

SEVENTH. The board of directors shall have the power to change the location of the head office to any other place within the limits of the City of San Francisco, without the approval of the shareholders but subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency; and shall have the power to establish or change the location of any branch or branches of the Association to any other location, without the approval of the shareholders but subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency.

EIGHTH. The corporate existence of this Association shall continue until terminated in accordance with the laws of the United States.

NINTH. Special meetings of the shareholders of this Association may be called for any purpose at any time by the board of directors, the chairman of the board, the deputy chairman of the board, the president or by the majority shareholder. Unless otherwise provided by the laws of the United States, a notice of the time, place and purpose of every annual and special meeting of the shareholders shall be given by first-class mail, postage prepaid, mailed at least ten (10) days prior to the date of such meeting to each shareholder of record at his address as shown upon the books of this Association, provided that said notice may be waived by a majority shareholder.

TENTH. These Articles of Association may be amended at any regular or special meeting of the shareholders by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the stock of this Association, unless the vote of the holders of a greater amount of stock is required by law, and in that case by the vote of the holders of such greater amount, voting in person or by proxy.

ELEVENTH. (a) This Association may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Association) by reason of the fact that he is or was an officer, employee or agent of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as an officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees and expenses), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Association and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Association, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

(b) This Association may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Association to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was an officer, employee or agent of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as an officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees and expenses) actually or reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Association and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Association unless and only to the extent that the Superior Court of the State of California or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the court shall deem proper.

(c) To the extent that an officer, employee or agent of the Association has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in subsections (a) and (b), or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees and expenses) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection therewith.

(d) Any indemnification under subsections (a) and (b) (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Association only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in subsections (a) and (b). Such determination shall be made (1) by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, or (2) if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (3) by the shareholders of the Association.

(e) Expenses incurred by an officer in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Association in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such officer to repay such amounts if it shall ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by the Association as authorized in this article. Such expenses incurred by other employees and agents may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the board of directors deems appropriate.

(f) The Association shall indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law as then in effect, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a member of the board of directors of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as a member of the board of directors or any committee thereof of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise (any such person, for the purposes of this subsection (f), a "director"), against expenses (including attorneys' fees and expenses), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with such action, suit or proceeding; provided, however, that the Association is not authorized to provide indemnification of any director for any acts or omissions or transactions from which a director may not be relieved of liability as set forth in Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"). The Association shall advance expenses incurred or to be incurred in defending any such proceeding to any such director.

(1) The following procedures shall apply with respect to advancement of expenses and the right to indemnification under this subsection (f):

(i) **Advancement of Expenses.** All reasonable expenses incurred by or on behalf of a director in connection with any proceeding shall be advanced to the director by the Association within twenty days after the receipt by the Association of a statement or statements from the director requesting such advance or advances from time to time, whether prior to or after final disposition of such proceeding. Such statement or statements shall reasonably evidence the expenses incurred or to be incurred by the director and, if required by law at the time of such advance, shall include or be accompanied by an undertaking by or on behalf of the director to repay the amounts advanced if it should ultimately be determined that the director is not entitled to be indemnified against such expenses.

(ii) **Written Request for Indemnification.** To obtain indemnification under this subsection (f), a director shall submit to the Secretary of the Association a written request, including such documentation and information as is reasonably available to the director and reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent the director is entitled to indemnification (the "Supporting Documentation"). Any claim for indemnification under this Article Eleventh shall be paid in full within thirty days after receipt by the Association of the written request for

indemnification together with the Supporting Documentation unless independent legal counsel to the Association, acting at the request of the Board of Directors of the Association (or a committee of the Board designated by the Board for such purpose), shall have determined, in a written legal opinion to the Association without material qualification, that the director is not entitled to indemnification by reason of any of the circumstances specified in the proviso to the first sentence of this subsection (f) or in subsection (k) of this Article Eleventh. The Secretary of the Association shall, promptly upon receipt of such a request for indemnification, advise the board of directors in writing that the director has requested indemnification and shall promptly, upon receipt of any such opinion, advise the Board in writing that such determination has been made.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Association shall not be required to advance such expenses to a director who is a party to an action, suit or proceeding brought by the Association and approved by a majority of the board of directors which alleges willful misappropriation of corporate assets by such director, a transaction in which the director derived an improper personal benefit or any other willful and deliberate breach in bad faith of such director's duty to the Association or its shareholders.

(2) The rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses conferred in this subsection (f) shall be contract rights. If a claim under this subsection (f) is not paid in full by the Association within thirty days after a written claim has been received by the Association, except in the case of a claim for an advancement of expenses, in which case the applicable period shall be twenty days, the director may at any time thereafter bring suit against the Association to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. If successful in whole or in part in any such suit, or in a suit brought by the Association to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the director shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting or defending such suit. In (i) any suit brought by a director to enforce a right to indemnification hereunder (but not in a suit brought by the director to enforce a right to an advancement of expenses) it shall be a defense that, and (ii) in any suit by the Association to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking the Association shall be entitled to recover such expenses upon a final adjudication that, the director has not met any applicable standard for indemnification under the applicable law then in effect. Neither the failure of the Association to have made payment in full of the claim for indemnification prior to the commencement of such suit, nor an actual determination by independent legal counsel to the Association that the director is not entitled to such indemnification, shall create a presumption that the director has not met the applicable standard of conduct or, in the case of such a suit brought by the director, be a defense to such suit. In any suit brought by the director to enforce a right to indemnification or to an advancement of expenses hereunder, or by the Association to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the burden of proving that the director is not entitled to be indemnified, or to such advancement of expenses, under this subsection (f) or otherwise shall be on the Association.

(g) The indemnification provided by this article shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in this official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

(h) This Association may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the Association would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of this article.

(i) For purposes of this article, references to “the Association” shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, and employees or agents, so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under the provisions of this article with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as he would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

(j) For purposes of this article, references to “other enterprises” shall include employee benefit plans; references to “fines” shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to “serving at the request of the Association” shall include any service as a director, officer, employee or agent of the Association which imposes duties on, or involves services by, such director, officer, employee or agent with respect to an employee benefit plan, its participants or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner “not opposed to the best interests of the Association” as referred to in this article.

(k) Notwithstanding anything in this article to the contrary, the Association shall not indemnify any director, officer or employee nor purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any director, officer or employee in circumstances not permitted by 12 C.F.R. Part 359.

(l) If any provision or provisions of this article shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (1) the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions (including, without limitation, each portion of this article containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby; and (2) to the fullest extent possible, shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested by the provision held invalid, illegal or unenforceable.”

TWELFTH. To the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended, a director of the Association shall not be personally liable to the Association, its shareholders or otherwise for monetary damage for breach of his or her duty as a director. Any repeal or modification of this article shall be prospective only and shall not adversely affect any limitation on the personal liability of a director of the Association existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

EXHIBIT 4

BYLAWS
of
MUFG UNION BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
(Restated as of July 1, 2014)

ARTICLE I
Meetings of Shareholders

Section 1.1. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the shareholders shall be held each year on the date and at the time specified by the Board of Directors. At each annual meeting the shareholders shall elect directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

Notice of such meeting shall be mailed, postage prepaid, at least ten days and no more than 60 days prior to the date thereof by first class mail addressed to each shareholder at his address appearing on the books of the Association; provided, however, that the shareholders may waive notice of the annual meeting.

If for any cause an election of directors is not made on said day, the board of directors shall order the election to be held on some subsequent day, as soon thereafter as practicable, according to the provisions of law; and notice thereof shall be given in the manner herein provided for the annual meeting.

Section 1.2. Special Meetings. Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, special meetings of the shareholders of this Association may be called for any purpose at any time by the board of directors, the chairman of the board, the deputy chairman of the board, the president or by the majority shareholder of this Association. Every such special meeting unless otherwise provided by law shall be called by mailing, first-class postage prepaid, not less than ten days prior to the date fixed for such meeting to each shareholder at his address appearing on the books of this Association, a notice stating the purpose of the meeting, provided that said notice may be waived by a majority shareholder.

Section 1.3. Nomination for Director. Nominations for election to the board of directors may be made by the board of directors or by any shareholder of any outstanding capital stock of the Association entitled to vote for the election of directors.

Section 1.4. Proxies. Shareholders may vote at any meeting of the shareholders by proxies duly authorized in writing, but no officer or employee of this Association shall act as proxy.

Section 1.5. Quorum. The presence in person or by proxy of persons entitled to vote a majority of the issued and outstanding stock of this Association shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any annual or special meeting of the shareholders, unless otherwise provided by law; but less than a quorum may adjourn any meeting from time to time and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice. A majority of the votes cast shall decide every question or matter submitted to the shareholders at any meeting unless otherwise provided by law of by the Articles of Association.

Section 1.6. Action by Shareholders. Except as provided by law, any action required to be taken at any annual or special meetings of the shareholders of this Association, or any action which may be taken at any annual or special meetings of the shareholders may be taken without a meeting and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the actions so taken, shall be signed by holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at the meeting at which all shareholders entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.

ARTICLE II

Directors

Section 2.1. Board of Directors. The board of directors (henceforth referred to as the board) shall have the power to manage and administer the business and affairs of the Association. Except as specifically limited by law, all corporate powers of the Association shall be vested in and may be exercised by said board.

Section 2.2. Number. The board shall consist of not less than five nor more than twenty-five individuals, the exact number within such minimum and maximum limits to be fixed and determined from time to time by resolution of a majority of the full board or by resolution of the shareholders at any meeting thereof; provided, however, that a majority of the full board may not increase the number of directors to a number which; (i) exceeds by more than two the number of directors last elected by shareholders where such number was fifteen or less; or (ii) to a number that exceeds by more than four the number of directors last elected by shareholders where such number was sixteen or more, but in no event shall the number of directors exceed twenty-five.

Section 2.3. Organizational Meeting. There shall be a meeting of the board immediately following the election of the board at the annual meeting of shareholders which meeting shall be held for the purpose of organization; no notice of such meeting need be given. If at the time fixed for such meeting there shall not be a quorum present, the directors present may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum is obtained.

At such meeting, the board shall elect a chairman of the board, a president, a deputy chairman of the board and one or more vice chairmen of the board. The chairman shall preside at all directors' meetings and in his absence, the president and, then, in his absence, the deputy chairman and, in his absence, a vice chairman of the board shall preside at such meetings. In the absence of the chairman of the board, the president, the deputy chairman and the vice chairmen of the board, the board may appoint a chairman pro-tempore.

Section 2.4. Place, Date and Time of Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such places within or without the State of California and on such dates and at such times as the Board may from time to time determine by resolution or written consent.

Section 2.5. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the board may be called by the chairman, the president, the deputy chairman or by a majority of the board, of which notice shall be given to each director personally by telephone or facsimile, electronic mail or other electronic means or by leaving a written or printed notice at, or by mailing such notice to, the Director's residence or place of business at least 24 hours before the time appointed for such meeting, provided that said notice may be waived by a written consent by all the directors entitled to vote at such meeting.

Section 2.6. Quorum. A majority of the board then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting except when otherwise provided by law; but a less number may adjourn any meeting, from time to time, and the meeting may be held, as adjourned, without further notice.

Section 2.7. Participation by Communications Equipment. Members of the Board may participate in a meeting through use of conference telephone, electronic video screen communication or other communications equipment, so long as all members participating in such meetings can communicate with all of the other members concurrently and are provided the means of participating in all matters before the Board, and the Association confirms that the person communicating by telephone, electronic video screen or other communications equipment is a director entitled to participate in the Board meeting and that all statements, actions and votes were made by such director. Such participation constitutes presence in person at such meeting.

Section 2.8. Action Without A Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the board may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the board eligible to vote shall individually or collectively consent in writing or by electronic transmission to the action. The written consent or consents or a written copy of the electronic transmission or transmissions shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the board of directors. Such action by written consent or electronic transmission shall have the same effect as a unanimous vote of directors.

Section 2.9. Vacancies. The directors shall hold office for one year or until their successors are elected and have qualified. Any vacancies occurring in the membership of the board shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term by the remaining members of the board, though less than a quorum, in accordance with the laws of the United States.

ARTICLE III

Committees of the Board

Section 3.1. Committees of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the authorized number of directors, designate one or more committees from time to time, each consisting of two or more directors to serve at the pleasure of the Board. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not the member or members present constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any such absent or disqualified member. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors shall have all the authority of the Board, except powers to amend the Articles of Association, to adopt an agreement of merger or consolidation, to recommend to the shareholders the sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of the Association's property and assets, to recommend to the shareholders a dissolution of the Association or a revocation of a dissolution, to amend the bylaws of the Association, to declare a dividend, to authorize the issuance of stock, or to adopt a certificate of ownership and merger.

ARTICLE IV

Officers

Section 4.1. Officers. The officers of this Association shall be a Chairman of the Board, a President and Chief Executive Officer, a Chief Financial Officer and a Corporate Secretary, and may include a Deputy Chief Executive Officer, a Deputy Chairman, one or more Vice Chairmen of the Board, a Chief Credit Officer, a Chief Risk Officer, a Chief Auditor, a Chief Credit Examiner, a Chief Compliance Officer, one or more Policy Making Officers, one or more Deputy Corporate Secretaries, one or more Assistant Secretaries, one or more Managing Directors, one or more Directors, one or more Vice Presidents, one or more Assistant Vice Presidents, one or more Associates, one or more Analysts, one or more Trust Officers, one or more Managers for each of the branches of this Association, and such other officers as may be

required from time to time for the prompt and orderly transaction of its business, to be elected or appointed by the Board; provided, however, that the Board may delegate by resolution the authority to appoint, define duties, reassign and dismiss such officers as it shall from time to time determine. Such officers shall respectively exercise such powers and perform such duties as pertain to their several offices, or as may be conferred upon, or designated to, them by the Board or other officers to whom such authority has been delegated and assigned.

Section 4.2. Certain Officers to be Directors. The chairman of the board, the president, the deputy chairman of the board and the vice chairmen of the board of the Association shall be members of the board.

Section 4.3. Chairman, President, Deputy Chairman and Vice Chairmen. The chairman of the board shall preside at all shareholders' meetings and all meetings of the board unless he delegates this duty to the President or Deputy Chairman. In the absence or disability of the chairman of the board, the following shall perform the duties and have the powers of the chairman of the board in the order set forth:

President and Chief Executive Officer

Deputy Chairman

Vice Chairmen in the order designated by the Board.

Section 4.4. President and Chief Executive Officer. The president shall have general and active management of the business of the Association, and shall have and may exercise any and all other powers and duties pertaining by law, regulation, or practice, to the office of president or prescribed by these bylaws. The president shall be the chief executive officer.

Section 4.5. Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall be the principal financial officer of the Association and shall perform the duties imposed upon him by these Bylaws or the Board of Directors.

Section 4.6. Tenure. The chairman of the board, the president, the deputy chairman of the board and the vice chairmen of the board shall hold their offices for the current year for which the board, of which they are members, was elected and qualified, unless they shall resign, become disqualified or be removed. Any vacancy occurring in any of such offices shall be filled by appointment by the remaining members of the board, though not a quorum. All other officers shall be elected to hold their offices respectively during the pleasure of the board; provided, however, that the board may assign by resolution the dismissing of such officers as it shall from time to time determine.

Section 4.7. Corporate Secretary. The Corporate Secretary shall keep a record of all votes, meetings and proceedings of the board and of the shareholders and of all other matters required to be placed in the minute book, shall enter all bylaws and all amendments thereto and note all changes or repeals thereof in the book of bylaws, shall have charge of the corporate seal of this Association and affix the same to all certificates of stock and as directed by the board, and shall care for and preserve all papers, documents and books placed in his custody. The secretary shall have the power to take any action and execute any document required by law to be taken or executed by a cashier. Duplicates of the corporate seal of this Association shall be placed in the charge of such managers and assistant managers of branches of this Association as are designated by the Corporate Secretary; and any one of the Deputy Corporate Secretary or Assistant Secretaries so designated may affix the corporate seal to documents or papers requiring the same. The Deputy Corporate Secretary and Assistant Secretaries shall have all the powers, and, in the absence of the Corporate Secretary, duties of the secretary.

ARTICLE V

Emergency Provisions

Section 5.1. Emergency Defined. “Emergency” as used in this Article VI means disorder, disturbance or damage caused by disaster, war, enemy attack or other warlike acts which prevent conduct and management of the affairs and business of the Association by the Board of Directors and officers. The powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Article and any resolutions adopted pursuant hereto shall be effective only during an emergency. This Article may be implemented from time to time by resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors before or during an emergency, or during an emergency by the Nominating & Governance Committee of the Board of Directors constituted and then acting pursuant thereto. During an emergency, the provisions of this Article and any implementing resolutions shall supercede any conflicting provision of any Article of these Bylaws or resolutions adopted pursuant thereto.

Section 5.2. Alternate Locations. During an emergency, the business ordinarily conducted at the principal executive office of the Association shall, if so permitted by applicable statutes or regulations, be relocated elsewhere in suitable quarters, as may be designated by the board of directors or by the Nominating & Governance Committee of the Board of Directors or by such persons as are then, in accordance with these bylaws or resolutions adopted from time to time by the board of directors, dealing with the exercise of authority in a time of such emergency, conducting the affairs of this Association. Any temporarily relocated place of business of this Association shall be returned to its legally authorized location as soon as practicable and such temporary place of business shall then be discontinued.

Section 5.3. Alternate Management.

(a) In the event of a state of disaster of sufficient severity to prevent the conduct and management of the affairs of business of this Association by its directors and officers as contemplated by these bylaws, any available members of the then incumbent Nominating & Governance Committee of the Board shall constitute an Interim Nominating & Governance Committee for the full conduct and management of the affairs and business of the Association.

(b) If as a result of a state of disaster as described under 5.3(a) above, the chief executive officer is unable or unavailable to act, then until such chief executive officer becomes able and available to act or a new chief executive officer is appointed or elected, the senior surviving officer who is able and available to act shall act as the chief executive officer of this Association. If a person in good faith assumes the powers of the chief executive officer pursuant to these provisions in the belief he is the senior surviving officer and the office of the chief executive officer is vacant, the acts of such a person shall be valid and binding although it may subsequently develop that he was not in fact the senior surviving officer or that the office was not in fact vacant.

(c) No officer, director or employee acting in accordance with these Emergency Provisions shall be liable except for willful misconduct.

Section 5.4. Chairman of Nominating & Governance Committee. For the purposes of all actions by the Nominating & Governance Committee pursuant to this Article V, the Chairman of the Nominating & Governance Committee shall be (1) the Chief Executive Officer, or if the Chief Executive Officer is not available, then (2) the Lead Director, or if the Lead Director is not available, then (3) the then incumbent Chairman of the Nominating & Governance Committee.

ARTICLE VI

Certificates and Transfer of Stock

Section 6.1. Stock Certificates. Certificates of stock in the form adopted by the board shall be issued to the shareholders of this Association according to the number of shares belonging to each respectively. Such certificates shall be transferable by endorsement and delivery thereof, but the transfer shall not be complete and binding on this Association until recorded upon the books of the Association, or its transfer agent, if any.

All certificates of stock shall bear the corporate seal of this Association which may be in the form of a facsimile of such seal imprinted or otherwise reproduced thereon and shall be signed by the chairman of the board or the deputy chairman of the board and the secretary, or an assistant secretary, provided that such signatures upon the certificates may be but need not be facsimiles of the signatures of said officers imprinted or otherwise reproduced upon the certificates.

All certificates of stock which have been transferred as aforesaid shall be properly canceled and preserved.

Section 6.2. Transfer of Stock. No new certificate shall be issued in lieu of an old one unless the latter is surrendered and canceled at the same time. If, however, a certificate be lost or destroyed the board may order a new certificate issued upon such terms, conditions and guaranties as the board may see fit to impose.

Section 6.3. Fractional Shares. The Association shall not be obliged to issue any certificates of stock evidencing, either singly or with other shares, any fractional part of a share, or any undivided interests in shares, but it may do so if the board shall so resolve.

Section 6.4. Ownership. The person, firm or corporation in whose name shares of stock stand on the books of the Association, whether individually or as trustee, pledgee or otherwise, may be recognized and treated by the Association as the absolute owner of the shares, and the Association shall in no event be obligated to deal with or to recognize the rights or interests of other persons in such shares, or in any part thereof.

Section 6.5. Fixing Record Date. The board may by resolution fix a record date for determining the shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at any meeting of shareholders, which date shall be in reasonable proximity to the date of giving notice to the shareholders of such meeting.

ARTICLE VII

Records

Section 7.1. The organization papers of this Association, the proceedings of all regular and special meetings of the board and of the shareholders and reports of the committees of directors shall be recorded in the minute book; and the minutes of each meeting shall be signed by the secretary and attested by the presiding officer.

Section 7.2. Books and records of account and minutes of the proceedings of the shareholders, Board and committees of the Board and a record of the shareholders, giving the names and address of all shareholders and the number of shares held by each, shall be kept at the Head Office or at the office of the Association's transfer agent and shall be open to inspection upon the written demand on the Association of any shareholder at any reasonable time during usual business hours, for a purpose reasonably related to such holder's interests as a shareholder.

Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect and copy all books, records and documents of every kind and to inspect the physical properties of the Association and its subsidiary corporations, domestic or foreign. Such inspection by a director may be made in person or by agent or attorney and includes the right to copy and make extracts.

ARTICLE VIII

Corporate Seal

Section 8.1. The Association shall have a corporate seal upon which shall be inscribed:

MUFG UNION BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

Incorporated 1864

ARTICLE IX

Bylaws

Section 9.1. Bylaw Amendments. These Bylaws may be amended, changed, or repealed by a majority of the directors acting at any meeting of the board regularly called and held.

ARTICLE X

Governance

Section 10.1. Governance. To the extent not inconsistent with applicable Federal banking statutes or regulations, or bank safety and soundness, this Association will follow the corporate governance procedures of the Delaware General Corporation Law, Del. Code Ann. tit.8 (1991, as amended 1994, and as amended thereafter).

EXHIBIT 6

CONSENT OF THE TRUSTEE
REQUIRED BY SECTION 321(b) OF THE ACT

July 11, 2016

Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In connection with the qualification of the indenture between Qorvo, Inc. (the "Issuer") and MUFG Union Bank, N.A. (the "Trustee"), the undersigned, in accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, hereby consents that reports of examinations of the undersigned by federal, state, territorial, or district authorities authorized to make such examinations may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request therefor.

Sincerely,

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

By: /s/ Marion Zinowski

Vice President

EXHIBIT 7

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF CONDITION OF

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

of Los Angeles in the State of California, at the close of business March 31, 2016 published in response to call made by the Comptroller of the Currency, under Title 12, United States Code, Section 161. Charter 21541

Dollar Amounts
in Thousands

BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS

Cash and balances due from depository institutions:

Non-interest-bearing balances and currency and coin	\$ 1,609,668
Interest-bearing balances	\$ 6,685,644

Securities:

Held-to-maturity securities	\$ 10,604,889
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 12,931,414

Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell:

Federal funds sold in domestic offices	\$ —
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$ 28,601

Loans and lease financing receivables:

Loans and leases held for sale	\$ 140,606
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	\$ 78,968,159
LESS: Allowance for loan and lease losses	\$ 850,586
Loans and leases, net of unearned income and allowance	\$ 78,117,573

Trading assets

\$ 1,370,086

Premises and fixed assets

\$ 632,059

Other real estate owned

\$ 30,097

Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies

\$ 217,568

Direct and indirect investments in real estate ventures

\$ —

Intangible assets:

Goodwill	\$ 3,224,671
Other intangible assets	\$ 195,186

Other assets

\$ 4,245,028

Total assets

\$120,033,090

LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
In domestic offices		\$ 89,871,957
	Noninterest-bearing	\$ 38,590,770
	Interest-bearing	\$ 51,281,187
In foreign offices, Edge and Agreement subsidiaries and IBFs		\$ 220,415
	Noninterest-bearing	\$ —
	Interest-bearing	\$ 220,415
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase:		
	Federal funds purchased in domestic offices	\$ 12,500
	Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 1,930
Trading liabilities		\$ 747,311
Other borrowed money		\$ 9,852,602
Subordinated notes and debentures		\$ 1,450,746
Other liabilities		\$ 2,136,111
Total liabilities		<u>\$104,293,572</u>
EQUITY CAPITAL		
Perpetual preferred stock and related surplus		\$ —
Common stock		\$ 604,577
Surplus		\$ 9,877,911
Retained earnings		\$ 5,561,104
Accumulated other comprehensive income		\$ (514,404)
Other equity capital components		\$ —
Total bank equity capital		\$ 15,529,188
Noncontrolling (minority) interests in consolidated subsidiaries		\$ 210,330
Total equity capital		\$ 15,739,518
Total liabilities and equity capital		<u>\$120,033,090</u>

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

QORVO, INC.

Exchange Offer:

Offer to Exchange
New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
and Guarantees
that have been registered under the
Securities Act of 1933
for
\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
and Guarantees

Offer to Exchange
New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
and Guarantees
that have been registered under the
Securities Act of 1933
for
\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
and Guarantees

Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated , 2016

THE EXCHANGE OFFER AND WITHDRAWAL RIGHTS WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2016, OR SUCH LATER DATE AND TIME TO WHICH THE EXCHANGE OFFER MAY BE EXTENDED (THE "EXPIRATION TIME"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME.

Each holder of Old Notes (as defined below) wishing to participate in the Exchange Offer (as defined below), except holders of Old Notes executing their tenders through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("**DTC**") or according to the electronic procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, should complete, sign, date and submit this Letter of Transmittal, with all required documentation, to the exchange agent, MUFG Union Bank, N.A., before the Expiration Time.

The Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer is:
 MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

By Mail or In Person:
 MUFG Union Bank, N.A.
 Attention: Linh Duong / Raymond Leonor
 120 S. San Pedro Street, Suite 410
 Los Angeles, CA 90012

By Email or Facsimile Transmission (for Eligible Institutions Only):
 Email: linh.duong@unionbank.com
raymond.leonor@unionbank.com

Fax: (213) 972-5695

For Information and to Confirm by Telephone:
 (213) 972-5681/5679

DELIVERY OF THIS INSTRUMENT TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, OR TRANSMISSION OF THIS INSTRUMENT VIA EMAIL OR FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY OF THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

The undersigned acknowledges that he or she has received the Prospectus, dated _____, 2016 (the "**Prospectus**"), of Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("**we**" or the "**Issuer**"), and this Letter of Transmittal (this "**Letter of Transmittal**"), which together constitute the Issuer's offer to exchange (the "**Exchange Offer**"):

- \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of newly issued 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "**New 2023 Notes**") that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), and the related guarantees, for a like principal amount of outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "**Old 2023 Notes**"), and the related guarantees, from the holders thereof; and
- \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of newly issued 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "**New 2025 Notes**" and, together with the New 2023 Notes, the "**New Notes**") that have been registered under the Securities Act, and the related guarantees, for a like principal amount of outstanding 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "**Old 2025 Notes**" and, together with the Old 2023 Notes, the "**Old Notes**"), and the related guarantees, from the holders thereof.

For each Old Note accepted for exchange, the holder will receive a New Note of the corresponding series registered under the Securities Act having a principal amount equal to, and in the denomination of, that of the surrendered Old Note. Interest on each New Note will accrue from the last interest payment date on which interest was paid on the Old Note in exchange therefor. Accordingly, registered holders of New Notes on the relevant record date for the first interest payment date following the consummation of the Exchange Offer will receive interest accruing from the most recent date to which interest has been paid on the corresponding series of Old Notes. Old Notes that we accept for exchange will cease to accrue interest from and after the date of consummation of the Exchange Offer, and holders whose Old Notes are exchanged for the corresponding series of New Notes will not receive a payment in respect of interest accrued on such Old Notes otherwise payable on any interest payment date the record date for which occurs on or after consummation of the Exchange Offer. Under the registration rights agreement we entered into with the initial purchasers of the Old Notes, we may be required to make additional payments in the form of additional interest to the holders of the Old Notes relating to the timing of the Exchange Offer and certain other limited circumstances, as discussed in the Prospectus under "The Exchange Offer—Additional Interest on Old Notes."

The terms of each series of New Notes are substantially identical to the terms of the corresponding series of Old Notes, except that each series of New Notes will be registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions, registration rights and related additional interest provisions applicable to the corresponding series of Old Notes will not apply to the applicable series of New Notes.

Each broker-dealer that receives New Notes for its own account pursuant to the Exchange Offer must acknowledge that it may be a statutory underwriter and that it will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes. The Prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of New Notes received in exchange for Old Notes where such Old Notes were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities.

The Issuer will not receive any proceeds from any sale of the New Notes by broker-dealers. New Notes received by broker-dealers for their own account pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions in the over the counter market, in negotiated transactions, through the writing of options on the New Notes or a combination of such methods of resale, at market prices prevailing at the time of resale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices or negotiated prices. Any such resale may be made directly to purchasers or to or through brokers or dealers who may receive compensation in the form of commissions or concessions from any such broker-dealer and/or the purchasers of any such New Notes. Any broker-dealer that resells New Notes that were received by it for its own account pursuant to the Exchange Offer and any broker or dealer that participates in a distribution of such New Notes may be deemed to be an

“underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act and any profit on any such resale of New Notes and any commissions or concessions received by any such persons may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act.

For a period ending on the earlier of (i) 20 business days from the date on which the exchange offer registration statement is declared effective and (ii) the date on which a broker-dealer is no longer required to deliver a prospectus in connection with market-making or other trading activities, we will provide sufficient copies of the latest version of the Prospectus to broker-dealers upon request. The Issuer has agreed to pay all expenses incident to the Exchange Offer, other than commissions or concessions of any brokers or dealers and will indemnify the holders of the notes (including any broker-dealers) against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

This Letter of Transmittal is to be completed by a holder of Old Notes if certificates for physically tendered Old Notes are to be delivered or a tender is to be made by book-entry transfer to the account maintained by MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer (the “**Exchange Agent**”), at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility (as defined below) pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Prospectus under “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers” and an Agent’s Message is not delivered. Tenders by book-entry transfer may also be made by delivering an Agent’s Message in lieu of this Letter of Transmittal. The term “**Agent’s Message**” means a message, transmitted by the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to and received by the Exchange Agent and forming a part of a book-entry transfer, referred to as a “**Book-Entry Confirmation**,” which states that the Book-Entry Transfer Facility has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant, which acknowledgment states that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by this Letter of Transmittal and that the Issuer may enforce this Letter of Transmittal against such participant.

YOUR BANK OR BROKER CAN ASSIST YOU IN COMPLETING THIS FORM. THE INSTRUCTIONS INCLUDED WITH THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL MUST BE FOLLOWED. QUESTIONS AND REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE OR FOR ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THE PROSPECTUS AND THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL MAY BE DIRECTED TO THE EXCHANGE AGENT.

Delivery of documents to the Book-Entry Transfer Facility does not constitute delivery to the Exchange Agent.

Unless you intend to tender your Old Notes through the facilities of DTC, you should complete, execute and deliver this Letter of Transmittal.

The undersigned has completed the appropriate boxes below and signed this Letter of Transmittal to indicate the action the undersigned desires to take with respect to the Exchange Offer.

List below the Old Notes to which this Letter of Transmittal relates. If the space provided below is inadequate, the certificate numbers and principal amount of Old Notes should be listed on a separate signed schedule affixed hereto.

If tendering Old Notes:

DESCRIPTION OF OLD NOTES					
	1	2	3	4	5
Name(s) and Address(es) of Registered Holder(s) (Please fill in, if blank)	Certificate Number(s)*	Series of Old Notes	Aggregate Principal Amount of Old Note(s)	Principal Amount Tendered**	Name of DTC Participant and Participant's Account Number in Which Old Notes are Held***
	Totals:				

* Need not be completed if Old Notes are being tendered by book-entry transfer.

** Unless otherwise indicated in this column, a holder will be deemed to have tendered ALL of the Old Notes represented by the Old Notes indicated in column 3. See Instruction 2. Old Notes tendered hereby must be in minimum denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. See Instruction 1.

*** Complete if book-entry with DTC is to be used.

If a holder of Old Notes desires to tender Old Notes in the Exchange Offer and the holder's Old Notes are not immediately available, or time will not permit such holder's Old Notes or other required documents to reach the Exchange Agent at or prior to the Expiration Time, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, such holder may effect a tender of its Old Notes for exchange pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth in the Prospectus under "The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures."

Unless the context otherwise requires, the term "holder" for purposes of this Letter of Transmittal means any person in whose name Old Notes are registered or any other person who has obtained a properly completed bond power from the registered holder or any person whose Old Notes are held of record by DTC (the "**Book-Entry Transfer Facility**").

CHECK HERE IF TENDERED OLD NOTES ARE ENCLOSED HEREWITH.

CHECK HERE IF TENDERED OLD NOTES ARE BEING DELIVERED BY BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER MADE TO THE ACCOUNT MAINTAINED BY THE EXCHANGE AGENT WITH THE BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER FACILITY AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Name(s) of Tendering Institution _____

Account Number _____ Transaction Code Number _____

By crediting the Old Notes to the Exchange Agent's account at the facilities of DTC and by complying with applicable DTC procedures with respect to the Exchange Offer, including transmitting to the Exchange Agent a computer-generated Agent's Message in which the holder of the Old Notes acknowledges and agrees to be bound by the terms of, and makes the representations and warranties contained in, the Letter of Transmittal, the participant in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility confirms on behalf of itself and the beneficial owners of such Old Notes all provisions of this Letter of Transmittal (including all representations and warranties) applicable to it and such beneficial owner as fully as if it had completed the information required herein and executed and transmitted this Letter of Transmittal to the Exchange Agent.

CHECK HERE IF TENDERED OLD NOTES ARE BEING DELIVERED PURSUANT TO A NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY PREVIOUSLY SENT TO THE EXCHANGE AGENT AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Name(s) of Registered Holder(s) _____

Window Ticket Number (if any) _____

Date of Execution of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery _____

Name of Institution Which Guaranteed Delivery _____

If Delivered by Book-Entry Transfer, Complete the Following:

Account Number _____ Transaction Code Number _____

CHECK HERE IF YOU ARE A BROKER-DEALER AND WISH TO RECEIVE ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THE PROSPECTUS AND ADDITIONAL COPIES OF ANY AMENDMENTS OR SUPPLEMENTS THERETO.

Name _____

Address _____

PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Exchange Offer, the undersigned hereby tenders to the Issuer the aggregate principal amount of the applicable Old Notes indicated above. Subject to, and effective upon, the acceptance for exchange of all or any portion of such Old Notes tendered herewith in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer (including, if the Exchange Offer is extended or amended, the terms and conditions of any such extension or amendment), the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers to, or upon the order of, the Issuer all right, title and interest in and to such Old Notes as are being tendered hereby.

The undersigned hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints the Exchange Agent as the undersigned's true and lawful agent and attorney-in-fact of the undersigned (with full knowledge that the Exchange Agent also acts as the agent of the Issuer, in connection with the Exchange Offer) to cause the Old Notes to be assigned, transferred and exchanged. The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to tender, sell, assign and transfer the Old Notes, and to acquire New Notes of the corresponding series issuable upon the exchange of such tendered Old Notes, and that, when the same are accepted for exchange, the Issuer will acquire good and unencumbered title thereto, free and clear of all liens, restrictions, charges and encumbrances and not subject to any adverse claim.

The undersigned also acknowledges that the Exchange Offer is being made by the Issuer in reliance on interpretations by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "**SEC**"), as set forth in no-action letters issued to third parties. The Issuer believes that New Notes may be offered for resale, resold and otherwise transferred by holders thereof (other than any such holder that is an "affiliate" of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act or that tenders Old Notes for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the New Notes), without compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery provisions of the Securities Act, provided that such New Notes are acquired in the ordinary course of such holder's business, and such holders have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes. However, the Issuer does not intend to request that the SEC consider, and the SEC has not considered, the Exchange Offer in the context of a no-action letter and therefore the Issuer cannot guarantee that the staff of the SEC would make a similar determination with respect to the Exchange Offer. The undersigned acknowledges that if the interpretation of the Issuer of the above mentioned no-action letters is incorrect, such holder may be held liable for any offers, resales or transfers by the undersigned of the New Notes that are in violation of the Securities Act. The undersigned further acknowledges that neither the Issuer nor the Exchange Agent will indemnify any holder for any such liability under the Securities Act. See "The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Exchanging Old Notes" in the Prospectus.

By tendering Old Notes, the undersigned and any beneficial owner of the Old Notes tendered hereby further represent and warrant that:

- such holder is not an "affiliate," as defined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act, of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes;
- the New Notes acquired in the Exchange Offer will be obtained in the ordinary course of such holder's business;
- neither such holder nor, to the actual knowledge of such holder, any other person receiving New Notes from such holder, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes;
- if such holder is not a broker-dealer, such holder is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of the New Notes and has no arrangements or understandings with any person to participate in a distribution of the New Notes; and

- if such holder is a broker-dealer, such holder will receive New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, the Old Notes to be exchanged by such holder for New Notes of the applicable series were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (and not directly from the Issuer), and such holder will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus in connection with the resale of the New Notes, such holder will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and such holder will comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act with respect to resale of any New Notes.

Any holder of Old Notes who is an affiliate of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes who tenders Old Notes in the Exchange Offer for the purposes of participating in a distribution of the New Notes:

- may not rely on the position of the staff of the SEC enunciated in the series of interpretative no-action letters with respect to exchange offers discussed above; and
- must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any secondary resale transaction and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus.

For purposes of the Exchange Offer, the Issuer shall be deemed to have accepted validly tendered Old Notes when, as and if the Issuer has given oral or written notice to the Exchange Agent, with written confirmation of any oral notice to be given promptly thereafter.

The undersigned and each beneficial owner will, upon request, execute and deliver any additional documents deemed by the Issuer to be necessary or desirable to complete the sale, assignment and transfer of the Old Notes tendered hereby. All authority conferred or agreed to be conferred in this Letter of Transmittal and every obligation of the undersigned hereunder shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, trustees in bankruptcy and legal representatives of the undersigned and shall not be affected by, and shall survive, the death or incapacity of the undersigned. The undersigned understands that tenders of Old Notes pursuant to the procedures described under “The Exchange Offer—Exchange Offer Procedures” in the Prospectus and in the instructions hereto will constitute a binding agreement between the undersigned and the Issuer upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Exchange Offer, subject only to withdrawal of such tenders on the terms set forth in the Prospectus under “The Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights.” The undersigned agrees to all of the terms of the Exchange Offer, as described in the Prospectus and in this Letter of Transmittal. The undersigned recognizes that, under certain circumstances set forth in the Prospectus, the Issuer may not be required to accept for exchange any of the Old Notes tendered hereby.

For the book-entry delivery of Old Notes, please credit the account(s) indicated above in the boxes entitled “Description of Old Notes” maintained at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BY COMPLETING THE BOX OR BOXES ABOVE FOR EACH APPLICABLE SERIES OF OLD NOTES AND SIGNING THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL, WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE TENDERED THE APPLICABLE OLD NOTES AS SET FORTH IN SUCH BOX ABOVE.

SPECIAL ISSUANCE INSTRUCTIONS

(See Instructions 3, 4 and 6)

To be completed ONLY if (i) certificates for Old Notes not exchanged for New Notes, or certificates for Old Notes not tendered for exchange are to be issued in the name of someone other than the undersigned; (ii) Old Notes tendered by book-entry transfer that are not exchanged are to be returned by credit to an account maintained at DTC other than the account indicated above; or (iii) book-entry transfer of New Notes are to be credited to an account maintained by DTC other than the account indicated above.

Credit New Notes and unexchanged Old Notes delivered by book-entry transfer to the Book-Entry Transfer Facility account set forth below:

New Notes, to:

Old Notes, to:

Name(s) _____

Address _____

Telephone
Number: _____

(Tax Identification or Social Security Number, if applicable)
(Complete IRS Form W-9 or applicable IRS Form W-8)

Book-Entry
Transfer Facility
Account Number: _____

**(Complete IRS Form W-9 or
applicable IRS Form W-8)**

SPECIAL DELIVERY INSTRUCTIONS
(See Instructions 3, 4 and 6)

To be completed ONLY if certificates for Old Notes not exchanged for New Notes, or certificates for Old Notes not tendered for exchange are to be sent to someone other than the undersigned or to the undersigned at an address other than that shown above.

Old Notes to:

Name(s) _____

Address _____

Telephone _____

Number: _____

(Tax Identification or Social Security Number, if applicable)
(Complete IRS Form W-9 or applicable IRS Form W-8)

**PLEASE READ THIS ENTIRE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING ANY BOX ABOVE.**

**(TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL TENDERING HOLDERS)
(Complete Accompanying IRS Form W-9 or applicable IRS Form W-8)**

Dated: _____, 2016

_____, 2016
 _____, 2016
Signature(s) of Owner **Date**

Area Code and Telephone Number: _____

This Letter of Transmittal must be signed by the registered holder(s) exactly as the name appears on certificates (s) representing Old Notes, in whose name Old Notes are registered on the books of the Book-Entry Transfer Facility or one of its participants, or by any person(s) authorized to become registered holder(s) by endorsements and documents transmitted herewith. If signature is by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, officer of a corporation or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, please set forth the full title of such person. See Instruction 3.

Name: _____

Capacity: _____
_____ **(Please Print)**

Address: _____

(Including Zip Code)

**IMPORTANT: THIS LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL OR A FACSIMILE HEREOF OR AN AGENT'S MESSAGE IN LIEU THEREOF
(TOGETHER WITH A BOOK-ENTRY CONFIRMATION AND ALL OTHER REQUIRED DOCUMENTS OR THE NOTICE OF
GUARANTEED DELIVERY) MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE EXCHANGE AGENT AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME.**

**SIGNATURE GUARANTEE
(If required by Instruction 3)**

Signature(s)
Guaranteed by
Eligible Institution: _____

Name: _____
(Please Print)

Capacity (full title): _____

Address: _____
(Including Zip Code)

Name of Firm: _____

Area Code and Telephone No: _____

Tax Identification or Social Security No.: _____
(Complete IRS Form W-9 or applicable IRS Form W-8)

Dated: _____, 2016

INSTRUCTIONS

**FORMING PART OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF
THE EXCHANGE OFFER FOR**

**New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
and Guarantees
that have been registered under the
Securities Act of 1933
for
\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
and Guarantees**

**New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
and Guarantees
that have been registered under the
Securities Act of 1933
for
\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
and Guarantees**

Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated , 2016

1. Delivery of This Letter of Transmittal and Old Notes; Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.

This Letter of Transmittal is to be completed by tendering holders of Old Notes if certificates for physically tendered Old Notes are to be delivered or tenders are to be made pursuant to the procedures for delivery by book-entry transfer set forth in the Prospectus under “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers” and an Agent’s Message is not delivered. Tenders by book-entry transfer may also be made by delivering an Agent’s Message in lieu of this Letter of Transmittal. The term “Agent’s Message” means a message, transmitted by the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to and received by the Exchange Agent and forming a part of a Book-Entry Confirmation, which states that the Book-Entry Transfer Facility has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant, which acknowledgment states that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by the Letter of Transmittal and that the Issuer may enforce the Letter of Transmittal against such participant. Certificates for Old Notes or a Book-Entry Confirmation, as well as a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or, in the case of a Book-Entry Confirmation, a manually signed facsimile hereof or Agent’s Message in lieu thereof) and any other documents required by this Letter of Transmittal, must be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth herein at or prior to the Expiration Time, or the tendering holder must comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth below. Old Notes tendered hereby must be in minimum denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

Holders who tender their Old Notes through DTC’s procedures shall be bound by, but need not complete, this Letter of Transmittal; thus, a Letter of Transmittal need not accompany tenders effected through the facilities of DTC.

Any financial institution that is a participant in DTC may electronically transmit its acceptance of the Exchange Offer by causing DTC to transfer Old Notes in accordance with DTC’s procedures for such transfer at or prior to the Expiration Time.

Delivery of a Letter of Transmittal to DTC will not constitute valid delivery to the Exchange Agent. No Letter of Transmittal should be sent to the Issuer or DTC.

If a holder of Old Notes desires to tender Old Notes in the Exchange Offer and the holder’s Old Notes are not immediately available, or time will not permit such holder’s Old Notes or other required documents to reach the Exchange Agent at or prior to the Expiration Time, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, such holder may effect a tender of its Old Notes for exchange pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth in the Prospectus under “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.” Pursuant to such procedures, (i) such tender must be made by or through an Eligible Institution (as defined below); (ii) at or prior to the Expiration Time, the Exchange Agent must receive from such Eligible Institution a properly completed and duly executed Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, substantially in the form

provided by the Issuer (by email or facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery, as applicable), setting forth the name and address of the holder of the Old Notes being tendered and the principal amount of Old Notes tendered, and stating that the tender of such Old Notes is being made thereby and guaranteeing that within three (3) business days after the date of execution of the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, the certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or facsimile thereof or, in the case of a Book-Entry Confirmation, an Agent's Message in lieu thereof) with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by this Letter of Transmittal, will be deposited by the Eligible Institution with the Exchange Agent; and (iii) all certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or facsimile thereof or, in the case of a Book-Entry Confirmation, an Agent's Message in lieu thereof) with any required signature guarantees and all other documents required by this Letter of Transmittal, are received by the Exchange Agent within three (3) business days after the date of execution of the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. An "**Eligible Institution**" is a firm which is a member of a registered national securities exchange or a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States or an "eligible guarantor institution" within the meaning of Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

The method of delivery of this Letter of Transmittal, the Old Notes and all other required documents is at the election and risk of the tendering holders, but the delivery will be deemed made only when actually received or confirmed by the Exchange Agent. If Old Notes are sent by mail, it is suggested that the mailing be registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested, made sufficiently in advance of the Expiration Time to permit delivery to the Exchange Agent at or prior to the Expiration Time. No Letters of Transmittal or Old Notes should be sent directly to the Issuer.

See "The Exchange Offer" in the Prospectus.

2. Delivery of the New Notes.

New Notes to be issued according to the terms of the Exchange Offer, if completed, will be delivered in book-entry form. The appropriate DTC participant name and number (along with any other required account information) needed to permit such delivery must be provided in the boxes above entitled "Description of Old Notes." Failure to do so will render a tender of the Old Notes defective.

All of the Old Notes delivered to the Exchange Agent will be deemed to have been tendered unless otherwise indicated in the boxes above entitled "Description of Old Notes." If a holder submits Old Notes for a greater principal amount than the holder desires to exchange, we will return to such holder the non-exchanged Old Notes or have them credited to DTC as promptly as practicable after the Expiration Time.

3. Signatures on This Letter of Transmittal; Note Powers and Endorsements; Guarantee of Signatures.

If this Letter of Transmittal is signed by the registered holder(s) of the Old Notes tendered hereby, the signature must correspond exactly with the name as written on the face of the certificate(s) or on the Book-Entry Transfer Facility's security position listing as the holder of such Old Notes without alteration, enlargement or any change whatsoever.

If any tendered Old Notes are owned of record by two or more joint owners, all of such owners must sign this Letter of Transmittal.

When this Letter of Transmittal is signed by the registered holder or holders of the Old Notes specified herein and tendered hereby, no endorsements of certificates or separate written instrument or instruments of transfer or exchange are required, unless certificates for Old Notes not tendered or not accepted for exchange are

to be issued or returned in the name of a person other than the holder thereof. If, however, the Old Notes are registered in the name of a person other than a signer of the Letter of Transmittal, the Old Notes surrendered for exchange must be endorsed by, or the Letter of Transmittal must be accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer or exchange, in satisfactory form as determined by the Issuer in its sole discretion, duly executed by the registered holder with the signature thereon guaranteed by an Eligible Institution.

If this Letter of Transmittal is signed by a person or persons other than the registered holder or holders of Old Notes tendered for exchange, the tendered Old Notes must be endorsed or the Letter of Transmittal must be accompanied by appropriate powers of attorney, in either case signed exactly as the name or names of the registered holder or holders that appear on the Old Notes.

If this Letter of Transmittal or any other required documents or powers of attorneys are signed by trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such persons should so indicate when signing, and, unless waived by the Issuer, proper evidence satisfactory to the Issuer of their authority to so act must be submitted with the Letter of Transmittal.

Signatures on powers of attorneys required by this Instruction 3 must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution.

Signatures on this Letter of Transmittal must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution unless the Old Notes surrendered for exchange are tendered: (i) by a registered holder of Old Notes (which term, for purposes of the Exchange Offer, includes any participant in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility system whose name appears on a security position listing as the holder of such Old Notes) who has not completed the box entitled "Special Issuance Instructions" or "Special Delivery Instructions" on this Letter of Transmittal or (ii) for the account of an Eligible Institution.

4. Special Issuance or Delivery Instructions.

If the New Notes are to be issued or if any Old Notes not tendered or not accepted for exchange are to be issued or sent to a person other than the person signing this Letter of Transmittal or to an address other than that shown above, the appropriate boxes on this Letter of Transmittal should be completed. Holders tendering Old Notes by book-entry transfer may request that Old Notes not exchanged be credited to such account maintained at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility as such holder may designate hereon.

5. Taxpayer Identification Number.

Federal income tax law generally requires that a holder who is a U.S. person for United States federal income tax purposes (including a U.S. resident alien) and who tenders an Old Note and receives a New Note in exchange provide the Exchange Agent with such holder's correct Taxpayer Identification Number ("**TIN**") on the enclosed IRS Form W-9 and certify, under penalties of perjury, that such TIN is correct, that the holder is not subject to backup withholding and that the holder is a U.S. person. If a holder is subject to backup withholding, the holder must cross out item (2) of the Certification in Part II of the IRS Form W-9. The holder is required to give the Exchange Agent the TIN (i.e., the social security number or the employer identification number) of the record holder of the Old Notes and New Notes. If the Old Notes or New Notes are held in more than one name or are not in the name of the actual owner, consult the enclosed Instructions for the IRS Form W-9 for additional guidance on which number to report. If such holder does not have a TIN, such holder should consult the W-9 Instructions for instructions on applying for a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space provided for the TIN in Part I of the IRS Form W-9, and sign and date the form. Writing "Applied For" on the form means that such holder has already applied for a TIN or that such holder intends to apply for one in the near future.

Certain holders are exempt from backup withholding. Exempt holders who are U.S. persons for federal income tax purposes should indicate their exempt status by checking the "Exempt payee" box on the IRS Form

W-9. Exempt holders who are not "U.S. persons" for federal income tax purposes should indicate their exempt status by submitting to the Exchange Agent a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN, Form W-8BEN-E, Form W-8ECI, or Form W-8IMY, as applicable (instead of an IRS Form W-9), signed under penalties of perjury, attesting to that holder's exempt status. A Form W-8BEN, Form W-8BEN-E, Form W-8ECI or Form W-8IMY, as applicable, can be obtained from the Exchange Agent or online at www.irs.gov. See the Instructions for the applicable Form W-8 for more instructions.

If backup withholding applies, the Exchange Agent is required to withhold tax at the current statutory rate of 28% on all reportable payments made to the holder. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of the backup withholding can be credited against the federal income tax liability of the person subject to the backup withholding, provided that the required information is timely given to the IRS. If backup withholding results in an overpayment of tax, a refund can be obtained by the Holder upon timely filing an income tax return.

Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors to determine whether they are exempt from these backup withholding and reporting requirements.

The Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer is:

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

The information requested above should be directed to the Exchange Agent at the following address:

By Mail or In Person:

MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

Attention: Linh Duong / Raymond Leonor

120 S. San Pedro Street, Suite 410

Los Angeles, CA 90012

By Email or Facsimile Transmission (for Eligible Institutions Only):

Email: linh.duong@unionbank.com

raymond.leonor@unionbank.com

Fax: (213) 972-5695

For Information and to Confirm by Telephone:

(213) 972-5681/5679

6. Transfer Taxes.

Holders who tender their Old Notes for exchange will not be obligated to pay any transfer taxes in connection therewith. If, however, New Notes of the corresponding series issued in the Exchange Offer are to be delivered to, or are to be issued in the name of, any person other than the registered holder of the applicable Old Notes tendered, or if a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than on the exchange of Old Notes in connection with the Exchange Offer, then the amount of any such transfer taxes (whether imposed on the registered holder or any other persons) will be payable by the tendering holder. If satisfactory evidence of payment of such taxes or exemption therefrom is not submitted with this Letter of Transmittal, the amount of such transfer taxes will be billed directly to such tendering holder.

Except as provided in this Instruction 6, it will not be necessary for transfer tax stamps to be affixed to the Old Notes specified in this Letter of Transmittal.

7. Waiver of Conditions.

The Issuer reserves the absolute right to waive, in whole or in part, any defects or irregularities or conditions of the Exchange Offer either before or after the Expiration Time (including the right to waive the ineligibility of any holder who seeks to tender Old Notes in the Exchange Offer).

8. No Conditional Tenders.

No alternative, conditional, irregular or contingent tenders will be accepted. All tendering holders of Old Notes, by execution of this Letter of Transmittal or an Agent's Message in lieu thereof, shall waive any right to receive notice of the acceptance of their Old Notes for exchange.

Neither the Issuer, the Exchange Agent nor any other person shall be obligated to give notice of any defect or irregularity with respect to any tender of Old Notes.

9. Withdrawal Rights.

Tenders of Old Notes may be withdrawn at any time prior to the Expiration Time.

For a withdrawal to be effective, a written notice of withdrawal must be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth above prior to the Expiration Time. Any such notice of withdrawal must: (i) specify the name of the person having tendered the Old Notes to be withdrawn; (ii) identify the Old Notes to be withdrawn (including the principal amount of such Old Notes); and (iii) if certificates for such Old Notes have been transmitted, specify the name in which the Old Notes are registered, if different from that of the withdrawing holder. If certificates for withdrawn Old Notes have been delivered or otherwise identified to the Exchange Agent, then, prior to the release of such certificates, the withdrawing holder must also submit the serial numbers of the particular certificates to be withdrawn and a signed notice of withdrawal with signatures guaranteed by an Eligible Institution unless such holder is an Eligible Institution. If Old Notes have been tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer set forth in the Prospectus under "The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers," any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to be credited with the withdrawn Old Notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of such facility. All questions as to the validity, form and eligibility (including time of receipt) of such notices will be determined by the Issuer, whose determination shall be final and binding on all parties. Any tendered Old Notes so withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the Exchange Offer. Any Old Notes that have been tendered for exchange but which are not exchanged for any reason will be returned to the holder of those Old Notes without cost to the holder. In the case of Old Notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the Exchange Agent's applicable account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility, the withdrawn Old Notes will be credited to an account maintained with the Book-Entry Transfer Facility for the Old Notes, pursuant to the book-entry transfer procedures set forth in the Prospectus under "The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers," as soon as practicable after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the Exchange Offer. Properly withdrawn Old Notes may be retendered by following the procedures described above at any time prior to the Expiration Time.

10. Requests for Assistance or Additional Copies.

Questions relating to the procedure for tendering, as well as requests for additional copies of the Prospectus and this Letter of Transmittal, and requests for Notices of Guaranteed Delivery and other related documents may be directed to the Exchange Agent at the address and telephone number set forth above.

NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY

QORVO, INC.

Exchange Offer:

Offer to Exchange
 New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
 and Guarantees
 that have been registered under the
 Securities Act of 1933
 for
 \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
 and Guarantees

Offer to Exchange
 New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
 and Guarantees
 that have been registered under the
 Securities Act of 1933
 for
 \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
 and Guarantees

Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated _____, 2016

(Not to be used for signature guarantees)

THE EXCHANGE OFFER AND WITHDRAWAL RIGHTS WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON _____, 2016, UNLESS EXTENDED (SUCH TIME AND DATE, AS THE SAME MAY BE EXTENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, THE "EXPIRATION TIME"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME.

Registered holders of (i) outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "*Old 2023 Notes*") who wish to tender their Old 2023 Notes for a like principal amount of newly issued 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "*New 2023 Notes*") that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*"), or (ii) outstanding 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "*Old 2025 Notes*" and, together with the Old 2025 Notes, the "*Old Notes*") who wish to tender their Old 2025 Notes for a like principal amount of newly issued 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "*New 2025 Notes*" and, together with the New 2023 Notes, the "*New Notes*") that have been registered under the Securities Act, in each case, who cannot deliver their Letter of Transmittal (and any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal) to MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as exchange agent (the "*Exchange Agent*"), or who cannot complete the procedures for book-entry transfer on a timely basis at or prior to the Expiration Time, may use this Notice of Guaranteed Delivery or one substantially equivalent hereto. This Notice of Guaranteed Delivery may be delivered by hand or sent by email or facsimile transmission (receipt confirmed by telephone and an original delivered by guaranteed overnight courier to the Exchange Agent) or mail, as applicable, to the Exchange Agent. See "The Exchange Offer—Exchange Offer Procedures" in the Prospectus dated _____, 2016 (the "*Prospectus*") of Qorvo, Inc. (the "*Issuer*"). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings given to them in the Prospectus.

The Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer is:
 MUFG Union Bank, N.A.

By Mail or In Person:
 MUFG Union Bank, N.A.
 Attention: Linh Duong / Raymond Leonor
 120 S. San Pedro Street, Suite 410
 Los Angeles, CA 90012

By Email or Facsimile Transmission (for Eligible Institutions Only):

Email: linh.duong@unionbank.com

raymond.leonor@unionbank.com

Fax: (213) 972-5695

For Information and to Confirm by Telephone:

(213) 972-5681/5679

DELIVERY OF THIS INSTRUMENT TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, OR TRANSMISSION OF THIS INSTRUMENT VIA EMAIL OR FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY.

THIS NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY IS NOT TO BE USED TO GUARANTEE SIGNATURES. IF A SIGNATURE ON A LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL IS REQUIRED TO BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION (AS DEFINED IN THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL) UNDER THE INSTRUCTIONS THERETO, SUCH SIGNATURE GUARANTEE MUST APPEAR IN THE APPLICABLE SPACE PROVIDED IN THE SIGNATURE BOX ON THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus, the undersigned hereby tenders to the Issuer the principal amount of the Old Notes set forth below pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth in the Prospectus under “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.”

The undersigned understands and acknowledges that the Issuer’s exchange offer for Old Notes (the “**Exchange Offer**”) will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2016, unless extended by the Issuer. With respect to the Exchange Offer, “**Expiration Time**” means such time and date, or if the Exchange Offer is extended, the latest time and date to which the Exchange Offer is so extended by the Issuer.

Principal Amount of Old 2023 Notes Tendered (must be in minimum denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof):

\$ _____

Principal Amount of Old 2025 Notes Tendered (must be in minimum denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof):

\$ _____

Provide the account number for delivery of Old Notes by book-entry transfer to The Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”).

Account Number _____

All authority herein conferred or agreed to be conferred by this Notice of Guaranteed Delivery shall survive the death or incapacity of the undersigned and every obligation of the undersigned under this Notice of Guaranteed Delivery shall be binding upon the heirs, personal representatives, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, trustees in bankruptcy and other legal representatives of the undersigned.

[Signature page follows]

PLEASE SIGN HERE

Signature(s) of Owner

Date

Area Code and Telephone Number _____

Must be signed by the holder(s) of Old Notes as their names(s) appear(s) on a security position listing of the Old Notes, or by person(s) authorized to become registered holder(s) by endorsement and documents transmitted with this Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. If signature is by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, officer or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such person must set forth his or her full title below.

Please print name(s) and address(es)

Name(s)

Capacity

Address(es)

GUARANTEE
(Not to be used for signature guarantee)

The undersigned, an Eligible Institution (including most banks, savings and loan associations and brokerage houses) which is a member of a registered national securities exchange or a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States or an "eligible guarantor institution" within the meaning of Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, hereby guarantees that the certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, together with a properly completed and duly executed Letter of Transmittal (or facsimile thereof or, in the case of a Book-Entry Confirmation, an Agent's Message in lieu thereof) with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal, will be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth above, within three (3) business days after the date of execution of this Notice of Guaranteed Delivery.

The undersigned acknowledges that it must deliver the Letter of Transmittal and the Old Notes tendered hereby to the Exchange Agent within the time period set forth above and that failure to do so could result in a financial loss to the undersigned.

Name of Firm

Address

Zip Code

Area Code and Telephone Number

Authorized Signature

Title

(Please Type or Print)

**LETTER TO BROKERS, DEALERS, COMMERCIAL BANKS,
TRUST COMPANIES, AND OTHER NOMINEES**

\$1,000,000,000

QORVO, INC.

Exchange Offer:

**New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023 and Guarantees
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933**

for

**\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023 and Guarantees
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AA9 and U7471Q AA2)**

and

**New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025 and Guarantees
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933**

for

**\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025 and Guarantees
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AC5 and U7471Q AB0)**

Pursuant to the Prospectus dated , 2016

THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2016, UNLESS EXTENDED (SUCH TIME AND DATE, AS THE SAME MAY BE EXTENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, THE “EXPIRATION TIME”). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME.

To Brokers, Dealers, Commercial Banks, Trust Companies, and other Nominees:

Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“*we*” or the “*Issuer*”) is offering to exchange, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the prospectus dated , 2016 (the “*Prospectus*”), and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal (the “*Letter of Transmittal*”), up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new senior notes and the related guarantees consisting of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the “*New Notes*”) that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “*Securities Act*”), for a like principal amount of the applicable series of outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the “*Old Notes*”) (the “*Exchange Offer*”). The Exchange Offer is being made pursuant to the registration rights agreement that we entered into with the initial purchasers in connection with the issuance of the Old Notes. As set forth in the Prospectus, the terms of the New Notes are substantially identical to the Old Notes, except that the New Notes will be registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions, registration rights and related additional interest provisions applicable to the corresponding series of Old Notes will not apply to the applicable series of New Notes. The Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal more fully describe the Exchange Offer. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings given to them in the Prospectus.

We are requesting that you contact your clients for whom you hold Old Notes regarding the Exchange Offer. For your information and for forwarding to your clients for whom you hold Old Notes registered in your name or in the name of your nominee, we are enclosing the following documents:

1. Prospectus dated , 2016;
2. The Letter of Transmittal for your use and for the information of your clients;

3. A form of letter that may be sent to your clients for whose account you hold Old Notes registered in your name or the name of your nominee, with space provided for obtaining such clients' instructions with regard to the Exchange Offer;
4. Substitute Form W-9 and Guidelines for Certification of Taxpayer identification number on Substitute Form W-9; and
5. A Notice of Guaranteed Delivery to be used to accept the Exchange Offer if, at or prior to the Expiration Time, certificates for Old Notes are not available, if time will not permit all required documents to reach the Exchange Agent or if the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed.

Your prompt action is required. The Exchange Offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2016, unless extended. Old Notes tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn at any time at or prior to the Expiration Time.

To participate in the Exchange Offer, a duly executed and properly completed Letter of Transmittal (or facsimile thereof or Agent's Message in lieu thereof), with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents, must be sent to the Exchange Agent and certificates representing the Old Notes must be delivered to the Exchange Agent (or book-entry transfer of the Old Notes must be made into the Exchange Agent's account at DTC), all in accordance with the instructions set forth in the Letter of Transmittal and the Prospectus.

The Issuer will, upon request, reimburse brokers, dealers, commercial banks and trust companies for reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in forwarding the Prospectus and the related documents to the beneficial owners of Old Notes held by such brokers, dealers, commercial banks, and trust companies as nominee or in a fiduciary capacity. The Issuer will pay or cause to be paid all transfer taxes applicable to the exchange of Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, except as set forth in Instruction 6 of the Letter of Transmittal.

Any inquiries you may have regarding the procedure for tendering Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, or requests for additional copies of the enclosed materials, should be directed to MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as the Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer, at its address and telephone number set forth on the front of the Letter of Transmittal.

Very truly yours,

Qorvo, Inc.

NOTHING HEREIN OR IN THE ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS CONSTITUTES YOU OR ANY OTHER PERSON AS AN AGENT OF THE ISSUER, ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES, OR THE EXCHANGE AGENT, OR AUTHORIZES YOU OR ANY OTHER PERSON TO USE ANY DOCUMENT OR MAKE ANY STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF ANY OF THEM WITH RESPECT TO THE EXCHANGE OFFER, EXCEPT FOR STATEMENTS EXPRESSLY MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS OR THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

LETTER TO CLIENTS

\$1,000,000,000

QORVO, INC.

Exchange Offer:

New \$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023 and Guarantees
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933

for

\$450,000,000 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023 and Guarantees
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AA9 and U7471Q AA2)

and

New \$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025 and Guarantees
that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933

for

\$550,000,000 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025 and Guarantees
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AC5 and U7471Q AB0)

Pursuant to the Prospectus dated , 2016

THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2016, UNLESS EXTENDED (SUCH TIME AND DATE, AS THE SAME MAY BE EXTENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, THE "EXPIRATION TIME"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME AT OR PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION TIME.

To our Clients:

Enclosed for your consideration is the Prospectus dated , 2016 (the "**Prospectus**"), and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal (the "**Letter of Transmittal**") that together constitute the offer (the "**Exchange Offer**") of Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Issuer**") to exchange up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new senior notes and related guarantees consisting of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the "**New Notes**") that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), for a like principal amount of the applicable series of outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the "**Old Notes**"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal. The Exchange Offer is being made pursuant to the registration rights agreement that the Issuer entered into with the initial purchasers in connection with the issuance of the Old Notes. As set forth in the Prospectus, the terms of the New Notes are substantially identical to the Old Notes, except that the New Notes will be registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions, registration rights and related additional interest provisions applicable to the corresponding series of Old Notes will not apply to the applicable series of New Notes. The Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal more fully describe the Exchange Offer. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings given to them in the Prospectus.

This material is being forwarded to you as the beneficial owner of the Old Notes carried by us in your account, but not registered in your name. **A tender of such Old Notes can be made only by us as the registered holder for your account and pursuant to your instructions. The enclosed Letter of Transmittal is furnished to you for your information only and cannot be used to tender Old Notes.**

Accordingly, we request instructions as to whether you wish us to tender on your behalf the Old Notes held by us for your account, pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the enclosed Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal.

The Exchange Offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2016, unless extended by the Issuer. If you desire to exchange your Old Notes in the Exchange Offer, your instructions should be forwarded to us as promptly as possible in order to permit us to tender the Old Notes on your behalf at or prior to the Expiration Time in accordance with the provisions of the Exchange Offer. Any Old Notes tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn at any time at or prior to the Expiration Time.

Your attention is directed to the following:

1. The Exchange Offer is described in and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal.
2. The Exchange Offer is for any and all Old Notes.
3. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer, the Issuer will accept for exchange promptly following the Expiration Time all Old Notes validly tendered and will issue New Notes of the applicable series promptly after such acceptance.
4. Any transfer taxes incident to the transfer of Old Notes from the holder to the Issuer will be paid by the Issuer, except as otherwise provided in Instruction 6 of the Letter of Transmittal.
5. The Exchange Offer expires at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2016, unless extended by the Issuer. If you desire to tender any Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, we must receive your instructions in ample time to permit us to effect a tender of the Old Notes on your behalf at or prior to the Expiration Time.

Pursuant to the Letter of Transmittal, each holder of Old Notes must represent to the Issuer that:

- the holder is not an “affiliate,” as defined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act, of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes;
- the New Notes issued in the Exchange Offer are being acquired in the ordinary course of business of the holder;
- neither the holder nor, to the actual knowledge of such holder, any other person receiving New Notes from such holder, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes;
- if the holder is not a broker-dealer, the holder is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of the New Notes and has no arrangements or understandings with any person to participate in a distribution of the New Notes;
- if the holder is a broker-dealer, the holder will receive New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, the Old Notes to be exchanged by the holder for New Notes of the applicable series were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (and not directly from the Issuer), and the holder will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus in connection with the resale of the New Notes, the holder will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and such holder will comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act with respect to resale of any New Notes.

Any person who is an affiliate of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes, or is participating in the Exchange Offer for the purpose of distributing the New Notes, must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with a resale transaction of the New Notes acquired by such person and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus, and such person cannot rely on the position of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission enunciated in its series of interpretative no-action letters with respect to exchange offers.

The enclosed “Instructions to Registered Holder from Beneficial Owner” form contains an authorization by you, as the beneficial owner of Old Notes, for us to make, among other things, the foregoing representations on your behalf.

We urge you to read the enclosed Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal in conjunction with the Exchange Offer carefully before instructing us to tender your Old Notes. If you wish to tender any or all of the Old Notes held by us for your account, please so instruct us by completing, executing, detaching, and returning to us the instruction form attached hereto.

None of the Old Notes held by us for your account will be tendered unless we receive written instructions from you to do so. Unless a specific contrary instruction is given, your signature on the attached “Instructions to Registered Holder from Beneficial Holder” constitutes an instruction to us to tender ALL of the Old Notes held by us for your account.

QORVO, INC.

**Instructions to Registered Holder
from Beneficial Owner
of**

**6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AA9 and U7471Q AA2)**

and/or

**7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025
(CUSIP Nos. 74736K AC5 and U7471Q AB0)**

The undersigned acknowledges receipt of the prospectus dated _____, 2016 (the "**Prospectus**") of Qorvo, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Issuer**"), and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal (the "**Letter of Transmittal**"), that together constitute the offer (the "**Exchange Offer**") to exchange up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new Senior Notes and related guarantees consisting of \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the "**New Notes**") that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), for a like principal amount of the applicable series of outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 and 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (collectively, the "**Old Notes**"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal.

This will instruct you, the registered holder, as to the action to be taken by you relating to the Exchange Offer with respect to the Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned, on the terms and subject to the conditions in the Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal.

The aggregate face amount of the applicable series of Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned is (fill in the amount):

\$ _____ of the 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023

\$ _____ of the 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025

With respect to the Exchange Offer, the undersigned instructs you (check appropriate box):

To TENDER the following Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned (insert principal amount of the applicable series of Old Notes to be tendered, if less than all):

\$ _____ of the 6.750% Senior Notes Due 2023

\$ _____ of the 7.000% Senior Notes Due 2025

NOT to TENDER any Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned.

If the undersigned is instructing you to tender any Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned, the undersigned agrees and acknowledges that you are authorized:

- to make, on behalf of the undersigned (and the undersigned, by its signature below, makes to you), the representations and warranties contained in the Letter of Transmittal that are to be made with respect to the undersigned as a beneficial owner of the Old Notes, including but not limited to the representations that:
 - the undersigned is not an "affiliate" of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes as defined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act;

- the undersigned is acquiring New Notes of the applicable series to be issued in the Exchange Offer in the ordinary course of business of the undersigned;
 - neither the undersigned nor, to the actual knowledge of the undersigned, any other persons receiving New Notes from the undersigned, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes;
 - if the undersigned is not a broker-dealer, the undersigned is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of the New Notes and has no arrangements or understandings with any person to participate in a distribution of the New Notes;
 - if the undersigned is a broker-dealer, the undersigned will receive New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, the Old Notes to be exchanged by the undersigned for the New Notes of the applicable series were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (and not directly from the Issuer), and the undersigned will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, the undersigned will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and such holder will comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act with respect to resale of any New Notes; and
 - the undersigned acknowledges that any person who is an affiliate of the Issuer or any guarantor of the Old Notes or is participating in the Exchange Offer for the purpose of distributing the New Notes must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with a resale transaction of the New Notes acquired by such person and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus, and such person cannot rely on the position of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission enunciated in its series of interpretative no-action letters with respect to exchange offers;
- to agree, on behalf of the undersigned, as set forth in the Letter of Transmittal; and
 - to take such other action as necessary under the Prospectus or the Letter of Transmittal to effect the valid tender of Old Notes.

SIGN HERE

Name of Beneficial Owner: _____

Signature: _____

Capacity (full title)(1) _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Taxpayer Identification Number or Social Security Number: _____

CHECK HERE IF YOU ARE A BROKER DEALER

Date: _____, 2016

(1) Please provide if signature is by an attorney-in-fact, executor, administrator, trustee, guardian, officer of a corporation, or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity.

July 20, 2016

VIA EDGAR

Securities and Exchange Commission
Division of Corporation Finance
100 F Street, NE
Washington, D.C. 20549

Re: *Qorvo, Inc.*
Registration Statement on Form S-4

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter is sent on behalf of Qorvo, Inc. (the "Company") in connection with a Registration Statement on Form S-4 (the "Registration Statement") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") by the Company and the other co-registrants named therein (the "Guarantors") pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), relating to the Company's proposed offer to exchange (the "Exchange Offer") (i) up to \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of newly issued 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "New 2023 Notes"), and the related guarantees, for a like principal amount of outstanding 6.750% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "Old 2023 Notes"), and the related guarantees; and (ii) up to \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of newly issued 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "New 2025 Notes" and, together with the New 2023 Notes, the "New Notes"), and the related guarantees, for a like principal amount of outstanding 7.000% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Old 2025 Notes" and, together with the Old 2023 Notes, the "Old Notes"), and the related guarantees.

The Company is registering the Exchange Offer pursuant to the Registration Statement in reliance on the position enunciated by the staff of the Commission (the "Staff") in *Exxon Capital Holdings Corp.*, SEC No-action letter (May 13, 1988), *Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.*, SEC No-action letter (June 5, 1991), and *Shearman & Sterling*, SEC No-action letter (July 2, 1993). Neither the Company nor any Guarantor has entered into any arrangement or understanding with any person to distribute the New Notes to be received in the Exchange Offer and, to the best of the Company's and each Guarantor's information and belief, each holder of Old Notes participating in the Exchange Offer will be acquiring the New Notes in the ordinary course of business and has no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes. In this regard, the Company will make each holder of Old Notes participating in the Exchange Offer aware (through the Exchange Offer prospectus or otherwise) that if such person is participating in the Exchange Offer for the purpose of distributing the New Notes to be acquired in the Exchange Offer, such person (1) cannot rely on the Staff's position enunciated in the *Exxon Capital* SEC No-action letter or similar letters of the Staff and (2) must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the New Notes, and be identified as an underwriter in the applicable prospectus. The Company acknowledges that any resale of the New Notes by a holder of Old Notes participating in the Exchange Offer for the purpose of distributing the New Notes should be covered by an effective registration statement containing the selling security holder information required by Item 507 of Regulation S-K.

The Company will require each participant in the Exchange Offer to furnish the following representation in the letter of transmittal:

If such holder is a broker-dealer, such holder will receive New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, the Old Notes to be exchanged by such holder for New Notes of the applicable series were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (and not directly from the Company), and such holder will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus in connection with the resale of the New Notes, such holder will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and such holder will comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act with respect to resale of any New Notes.

The Company will also require that each participant in the Exchange Offer furnish a representation in the letter of transmittal or similar documentation that neither such participant nor, to the actual knowledge of such participant, any other person receiving New Notes from such participant, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of such New Notes.

The Company will make each person participating in the Exchange Offer aware (through the Exchange Offer prospectus or otherwise) that any broker-dealer who holds Old Notes acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, and who receives New Notes in exchange for such Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, may be a statutory underwriter and must deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes.

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Please do not hesitate to contact me or at (336) 678-7119 or Sudhir N. Shenoy of Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP, our legal counsel, at (704) 331-4970 with any questions or comments concerning this letter.

Kind regards,

/s/ Jeffrey C. Howland

Jeffrey C. Howland

Corporate Vice President and General Counsel

cc: Sudhir N. Shenoy
Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice, LLP